# Most - Often - Needed 1955

Volume 15

# RADIO DIAGRAMS

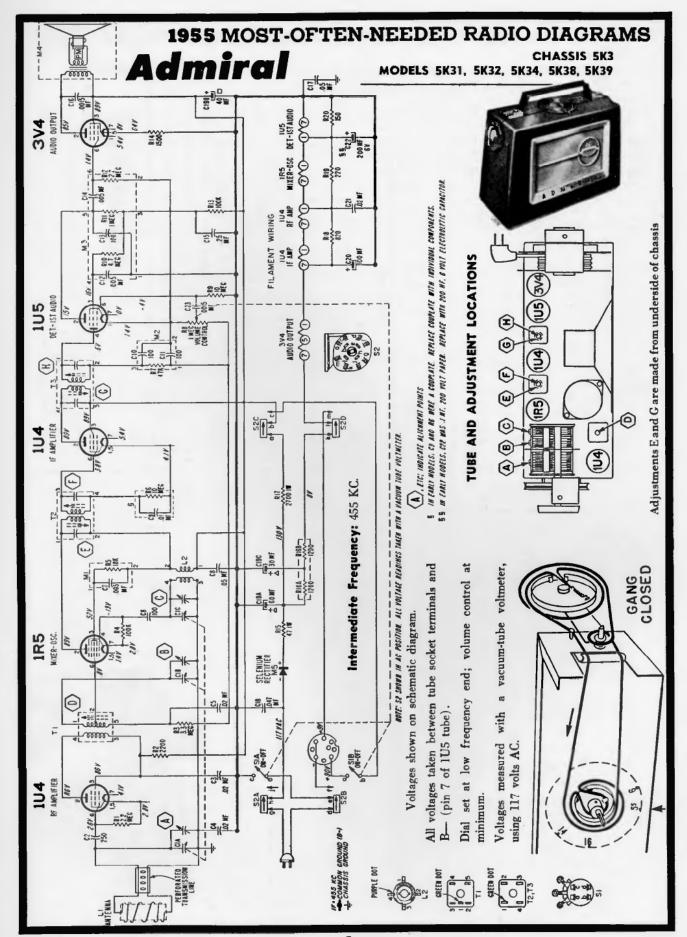
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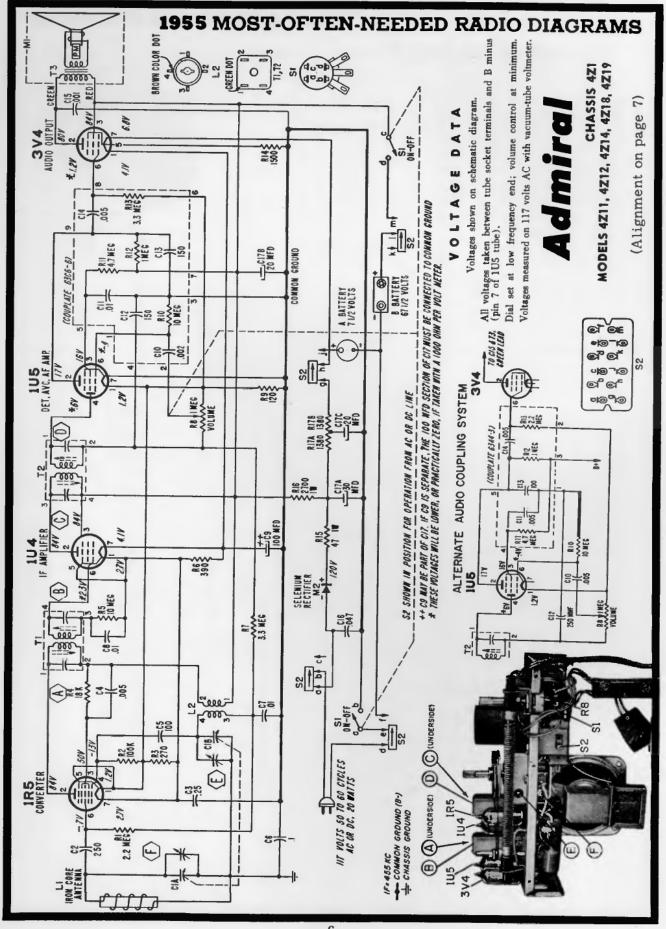


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# **Admiral**

(Continued from page 6)

CHASSIS 4Z1 MODELS 4Z11, 4Z12, 4Z14, 4Z18, 4Z19

### ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

- Battery power is preferable for alignment; use FRESH batteries. If this set is to be aligned while operating on an AC power line, an isolation transformer should be used. If an isolation transformer is not available, connect a .1 mfd. capacitor in series with the signal generator low side to B minus (pin 7 of 1U5 tube.)
- The chassis cover must be removed to align adjustments A and C.
- Set Volume control full on.
- Connect output meter across speaker voice coil.
- Use lowest setting of signal generator capable of producing adequate indication on lowest scale of output meter.
- Use a non-metallic alignment tool for IF transformers.
- Repeat adjustments to insure good results.

Step	Dummy Antenna In Series with Signal Generator	Connection of Signal Generator (High Side)	Signal Generator Frequency	Receiver Gang Setting	Adjustment Description	Adjustment Designation	Type ef Adjustment
1	.l mfd. capacitor	Stator of antenna tuning capacitor	455 KC	Gang fully open	2nd IF 1st IF	A, B* C, D*	Maximum output
2	.1 mfd. capacitor	Stator of antenna tuning capacitor	1620 KC	Gang fully open	Oscillator (on gang)	E	Maximum output
	Inst	all the metal chassis cov	er removed du	ring IF Align	ment.		
3	Loop of several turns of wire, or place genera- tor lead close to re- ceiver for adequate sig- nal pickup.	No actual connection (signal by radiation)	1400 KC	Tune in generator signal	Antenna (on gang)	F	Maximum output

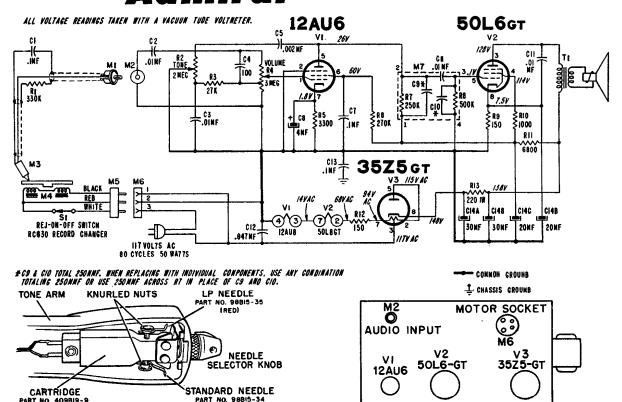
\*Adjustments B and D are made from underside of chassis. To avoid splitting the slotted head of powdered iron tuning slug in IF transformers, use an alignment tool with a blade 3/32" wide.

# Admiral

Bottom View of Cartridge and Needles.

Chassis 361 Model 3G18

Side View of Chassis.



# Admiral

5R3 Chassis Models 5R32 • 5R33 • 5R35 • 5R36 • 5R37 • 5R38

5S3 Radio Chassis Models 5S32 • 5S33 • 5S34 • 5S35 • 5S38

5T3 Radio Chassis Models 5T31 • 5T32 • 5T33 • 5T34 • 5T38

This material applies to all models listed above. The circuit on page 9 is exact for Chassis 5R3 and 5T3. Chassis 5S3 circuit is exactly the same except for clock and associated switch. Alignment information and additional service data on page 10.

#### GENERAL

This receiver employs the latest radio circuitry and a "printed" circuit wiring technique. The "printed" circuit wiring used in this receiver replaces the hookup wire used in earlier receivers; see figure 1. The "printed" circuit wiring is permanently bonded to the underside of the plastic chassis base. This results in uniformity of chassis wiring, fewer wiring troubles and simplified circuit tracing and trouble shooting. All circuit components are of standard size and design and are mounted on the top side of the chassis; see figure 2. Audio circuit components are contained in a couplate.

Trouble shooting and parts replacement will, in general, be the same as for receivers wired with hookup wire. However, when servicing, it is important to read the service information given in this manual with respect to the technique of servicing printed circuit receivers.

### SERVICING THE SET

Servicing "printed" circuit sets is, in general, much the same as servicing ordinary receivers. However, certain tools and techniques are well suited for this type of work. The following items are especially useful:

- 1. Good pair of long-nose pliers.
- 2. Sharp wire cutters.
- 3. Small stiff glue brush (for solder removal).
- Pencil type soldering iron with a small tip (35 watts or less).

WARNING: Excessive heat may damage the "printed" circuit during component replacement if a soldering pencil, iron or gun of higher wattage rating is used.

60-40 low temperature rosin core solder (should be used for all soldering).

- 6. Tinned jumper wires.
- 7. Metal pick (soldering aid).

#### COMPONENT REPLACEMENT

All components used in this receiver are of standard size and design and are mounted on the top side of the chassis; see figure 2.

Resistors and capacitors should be replaced by clipping out the defective part and neatly soldering the new part to the connecting leads remaining from the original part.

If a unit, such as the oscillator coil or IF transformer is to be removed, heat the mounting lugs with a pencil type soldering iron and straighten them with a long nose pliers or metal pick. Continue heating the lugs and brush away the molten solder with a small stiff glue brush. Remove the defective unit by lifting it off the chassis. Before inserting the new unit, be certain that the lug holes are open and free from solder. Forcing a lug against a solder filled lug hole may break the bond between the chassis base and the "printed" wiring. It is, therefore, necessary to exercise care when replacing units.

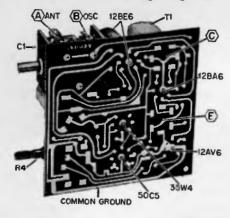


Figure 1. Bottom View of Chassis.

### MANUAL OF 1955 MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED RADIO DIAGRAMS Chassis 5R3, 5S3, and 5T3 (Continued) Admiral Corp. 용 Ξ F=455KC ₩ 25. 7. 50C5 ABNO BATPUT • Dial turned to low frequency end; volume control at All readings made between tube socket terminals and 35W4 **≈**2 All voltages measured with vacuum-tube voltmeter. Voltages shown on schematic diagram. all readings taken nith a vacuum tude voltneter .085 MF VOLTAGE DATA 32 V AC క్ర INDVOUAL COMPONENTS USE ANY COMBINATIONS TOTALING 250 MMF ON US 250 MMF ACROSS RG IN PLACE OF CTANO CB. Measured on 117 Volts AC line. common ground; see figure 1. C74 C8 TOTAL 250 MM. ₹ (C) 128E6 R63 20 V AC 12846 **(** 12AV6 DET. AVC 1 AF. AMP. minimum. 10.6VAC (A) VOCUME 2AV6 VOLUME CONTROL MOUNTING BRACKET بَقَقَقَ SWITCH SWITCH SI R3 2.2 MEG INTERLOCK COMMECTORS NZ AND N3 NOT USED IN SETS WITH WODEL NUMBERS ENDING NITH "N" side of the power line. To avoid possibility of damage to test equipment or to printed circuit wiring, do not place the chassis directly on a metal service bench, tools or When taking voltage readings or making resistance measurements, use test leads with needle point prods to avoid possibility of short circuit between sections of the The chassis of this receiver is connected directly to one 2 E 12BA6 2월 일달 .S.S. ₹ VOLTAGE PRECAUTION CYCLES, AC OR DC 30 WATTS =<u>×</u> printed circuit wiring. other metal objects. 12BE6 conventer 2 GREEN CODED | 10 | 0 | 41 LOOP ANTENNA

lacksquare

# Admiral

Chassis 5R3, 5S3, and 5T3 (Continued)

Service Data and Alignment Information

Frequency Range: Standard broadcast band, 535 to 1620 KC.

Power Consumption: 30 watts.

Intermediate Frequency: 455 KC.

Antenna: Built-in loop antenna.

**Power Supply:** Power line of 117 volts, 50 to 60 cycles AC or DC.

Speaker: 6" PM. with Alnico V magnet. Voice coil impedance, 3.2 ohms.

### ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

- Use an isolation transformer if available; otherwise, connect a .1 mfd. capacitor in series with low side of signal generator and connect to chassis.
   Caution: Do not connect a ground wire directly to chassis.
- Use lowest setting of signal generator capable of producing adequate indication on lowest scale of output meter.
   Use a non-metallic alignment tool with a blade 3/32" wide for

e Set volume control full on.

- aligning IF transformers.
- e Connect output meter across speaker voice coil.
- e Repeat adjustments to insure good results.

STEP	CONNECTION OF SIGNAL GENERATOR	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	RECEIVER GANG SETTING	ADJUSTMENT
1	Through a .1 mf capacitor to pin 7 of the 12BE6 (Converter) tube	455 KC	Gang fully open	*"E", "F", *"C" and "D" for maximum output
2	Same as "STEP 1"	1620 KC	Gang fully open	"B" for maximum output
3	Radiated Signal.  Loop of several turns of wire, or place generator lead close to receiver loop for adequate sig- nal pickup.	1400 KC	Tune in generator signal	"A" for maximum output

<sup>\*</sup>Adjustments "C" and "E" made from underside of chassis; see figure 1.

An open or damaged section of "printed" circuit wiring can be replaced by soldering a short jumper wire across the points to be connected. Pigtail trimmings from capacitors and resistors are ideal for this purpose.

To avoid need for complete tube socket replacement, defective tube socket pin clips may be replaced individually. Tube socket pin clips are available under part number 87A35-2.

Note: If sockets must be replaced, the tubular shield (center connection) at the bottom of each tube socket must be securely soldered to the "printed" circuit wiring, otherwise hum or oscillation will result.

### TO REMOVE CHASSIS FROM CABINET

To remove the chassis from the cabinet, proceed as follows:

Remove the line cord plug from the AC outlet, the knobs from the front of the cabinet, and the three hex head screws and the two snap buttons in the corners of the cabinet back. Remove the screw under the **Tuning** knob,

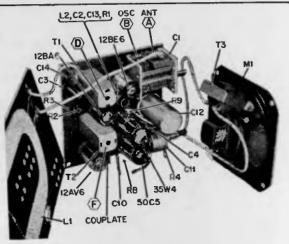
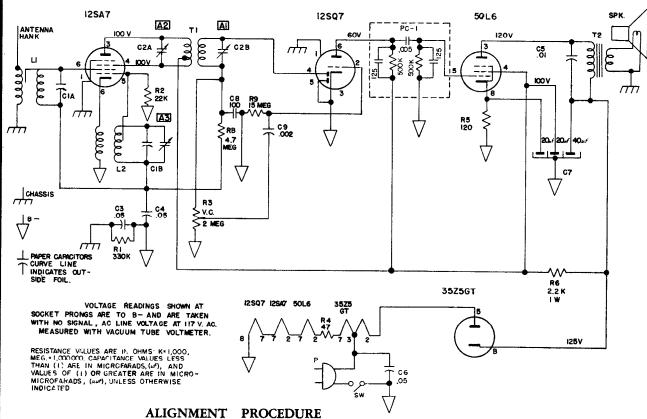


Figure 2. Top View of Chassis. Location of components and alignment points shown.

the screw that holds the **Volume** control bracket to the cabinet and the screw that holds the line cord retainer or interlock to the cabinet. Slide the chassis out of its mounting rack after disconnecting the output transformer leads.



RE 278-1

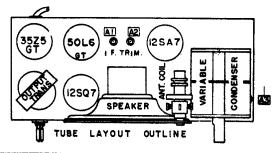


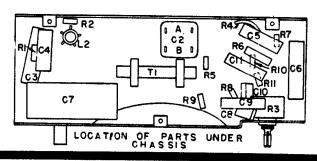
Position of Variable	Frequency of Generator	Dummy Antenna	Generator Output Connection	Trimmers Adj. in order shown for Maximum Output	Function of Trimmer
Open	455 Kc.	. 05 μք	Pin 8 12SA7	A1, A2	I. F.
1400 Kc.	1400 Kc.	50 μμf	Antenna Lug with Hank re-	** A3	Oscillator

\*\* Since the antenna section of the variable capacitor has no trimmer, the rotor of the variable should be rocked back and forth on both sides of 1400 Kc while adjusting the oscillator trimmer for maximum output.

Check sensitivity at 600 Kc. If weak, adjust antenna section plates for maximum output at 600 Kc. Tracking of the capacitor at points other than 1400 Kc is accomplished by bending the outside plates on the variable capacitor rotor, which are cut for this purpose.

The alignment procedure should be repeated stage by stage in the original order for greatest accuracy. Always keep the output from the test oscillator at its lowest possible value to make the AVC action of the receiver ineffective.





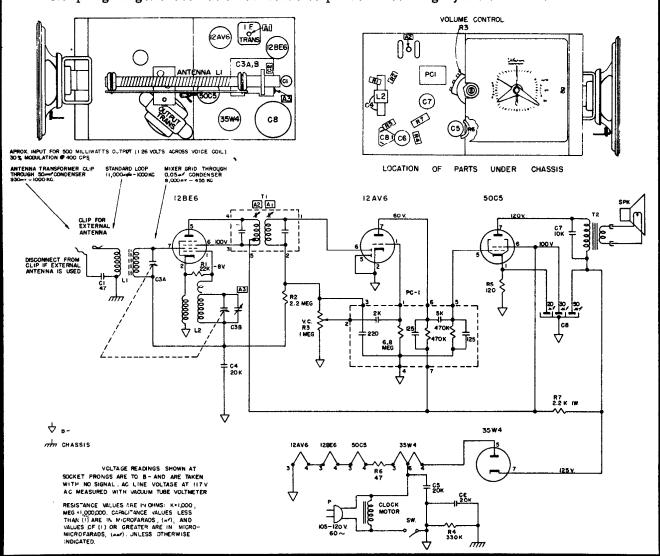
Arvin industries, inc., MODEL 848T - 849T RE 369

### ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Output meter connection	Speaker voice coil
Output meter reading to indicate .5 watt output	1.26 Volts
Connection of generator ground lead	Floating ground
Position of volume control	Fully clockwise

Position of Variable	Frequency of Generator	Dummy Antenna	Generator Output Connection	Trimmer Adjustment for Maximum Output	Function of Trimmer
Open 1400 Kc	455 Kc 1400 Kc	. 05 μf 50 μμf	Pin 7 12BE6 Antenna Clip	A1, A2 A3	I.F.
		• •	(Blue wire disconnected)	Rock Variable while making this adj. to track antenna	Oscillator
600 <b>K</b> c	600 <b>K</b> c	50 μμf	Antenna Clip (Blue wire disconnected)	Antenna Sections plates	Check point

Keep signal generator at a low value to prevent detuning by AVC action.



ARVIN Industries

### **MODEL 850T -853T**

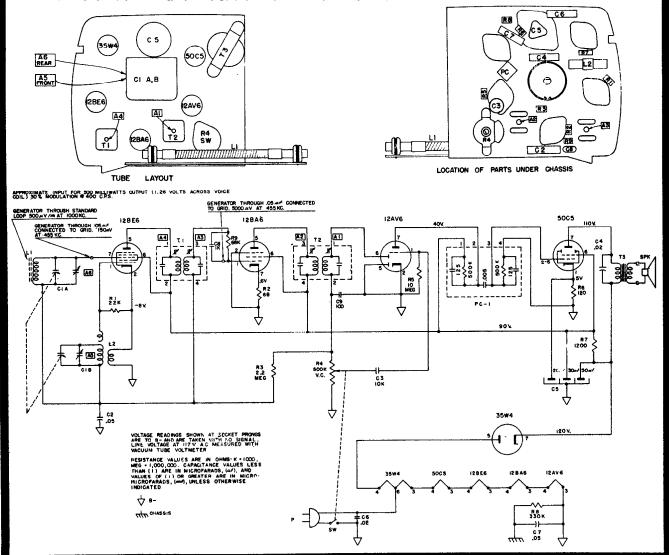
**RE 375** 

#### ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Position of Variable	Frequency of Generator	Dummy Antenna	Generator Output Connection	Trimmers Adjusted in Order Shown for Maximum Output	Function of Trimmer
Open Open 1400 600	455 1650 1400 600	. 05µf	Pin 7 12BE6  * Test Loop  * Test Loop  * Test Loop	A1, A2, A3, A4 A5 A6 Check Point	I.F. Oscillator Antenna

\* Standard Hazeltine Test Loop Model 1150 or 3 turns of wire about 6" in diameter placed about one foot from the set loop.

The alignment procedure should be repeated in the original order for greatest accuracy. Always keep the output from the signal generator at its lowest possible value to make the AVC action of the receiver ineffective.



ARVIN Industries

### MODEL 851T - 855T

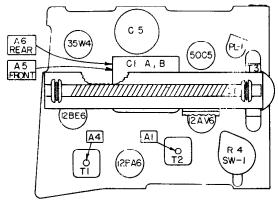
**RE 377** 

### ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

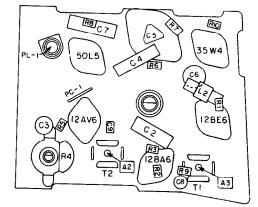
Output meter connection . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Across speaker voice coil Output meter reading to indicate 500 milliwatts (standard output)...1.26 volts Connection of generator ground lead...... Floating ground Generator modulation ...... 30% 400 cycles Position of volume control..... Fully clockwise

Position of Variable	Frequency of Generator	Dummy Antenna	Generator Output Connection	Trimmers Adjusted in Order Shown for Maximum Output	Functions of Trimmer
Open Open 1400 600	455 1650 1400 600	. 05 μf	Pin 7 12BE6  * Test Loop  * Test Loop  * Test Loop	A1, A2, A3, A4 A5 A6 Check Point	I.F. Oscillator Antenna

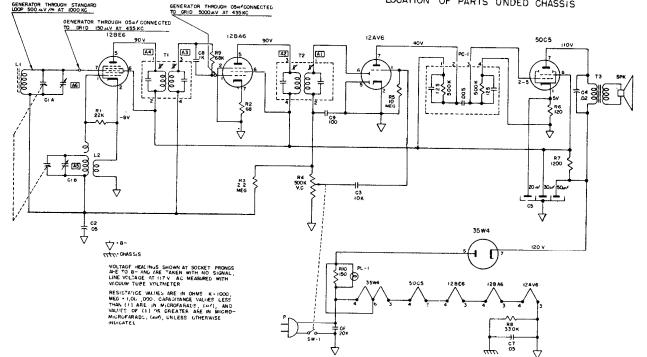
\* Standard Hazeltine Test Loop Model 1150 or 3 turns of wire about 6" in diameter placed about one foot from the set loop.



APPROXIMATE INPUT FOR 500 MILLIWATTS OUTPUT (1.26 VOLTS ACROSS VOICE COIL) 30 % MODULATION @ 400 CPS



LOCATION OF PARTS UNDED CHASSIS



ARVIN Industries

## MODEL 852P - 854P

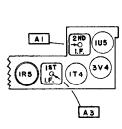
### RE 381 RE 372

### ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

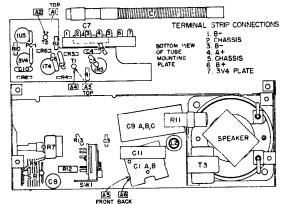
Output meter reading to indicate .05 watt across voice coil 0.4V	٠
Generator ground lead connected	Ĺ
Generator modulation	j
Position of Volume Control fully on	

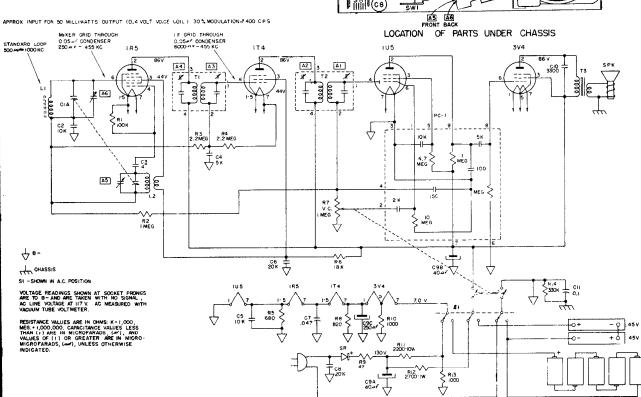
Position of Variable	Generator Frequency	Dummy Antenna	Generator Connections	Adjust Trimmers (In order shown)	Function of Trimmer
Open Open 1400 Kc 600 Kc	455 Kc 1650 Kc 1400 Kc 600 Kc	. 05 µ̂f	Mixer Grid  * Test Loop  * Test Loop  * Test Loop	A1, A2, A3, A4 A5 A6 Check Point	I.F. Oscillator Antenna

\* Standard Hazeltine Test Loop Model 1150 or 3 turns of wire about 6" in diameter placed about one foot from the set loop.



TUBE LAYOUT





# MANUAL OF 1955 MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED RADIO DIAGRAMS ARVIN Industries MODEL 8587 - 8597 RE374

Model 857T, Chassis RE 378, is electrically similar to sets described on this page. If differs in physical respects and has a phono jack.

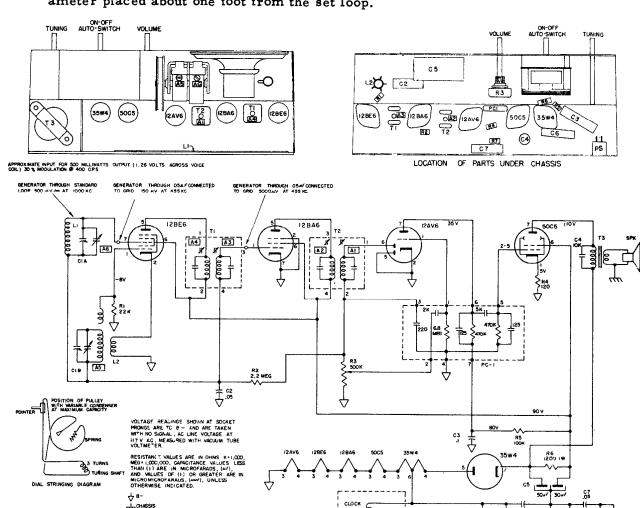
### ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Output meter connection
Output meter reading to indicate 500 milliwatts (standard output)
Connection of generator ground lead
Generator modulation
Position of volume control

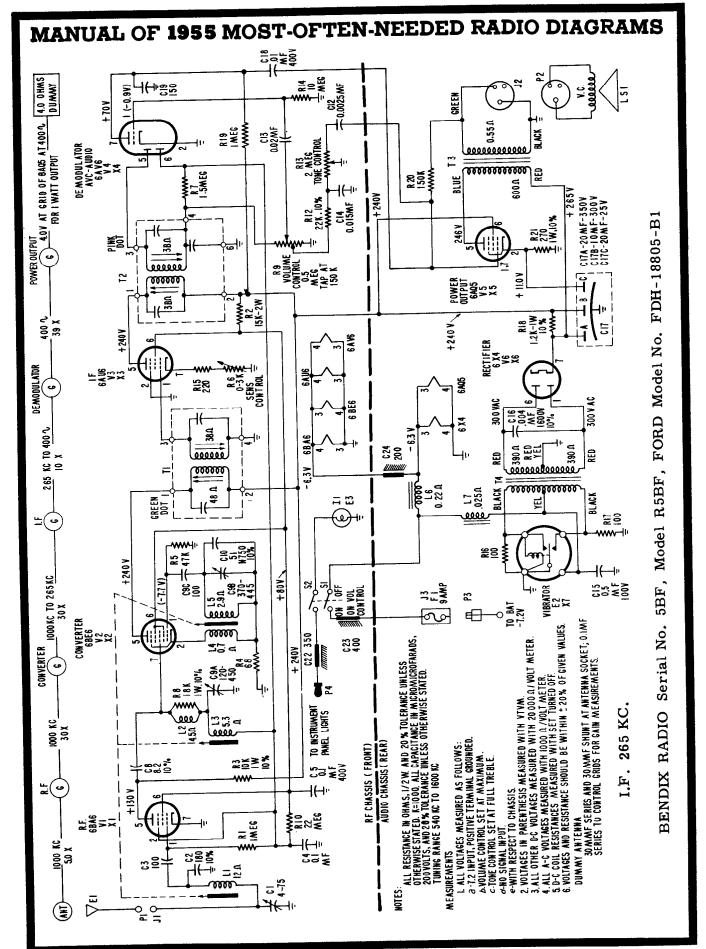
Across speaker voice coil
I. 26 volts
Floating ground
30% 400 cycles
Fully clockwise

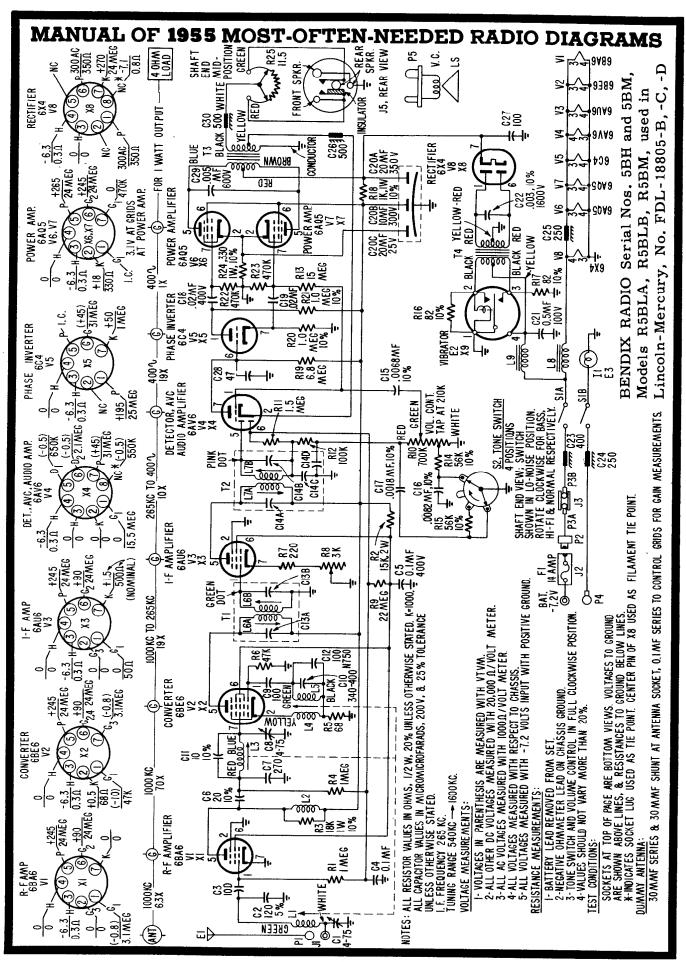
Position of Variable	Frequency of Generator	Dummy Antenna	Generator Output Connection	Trimmers Adjusted in order Shown for Maximum Output	Function of Trimmer
Open Open 1400 600	455 1650 1400 600	. 05 μf	Pin 7 12BE6 * Test Loop * Test Loop * Test Loop	Al, A2, A3, A4 A5 A6 on Check Point	I.F. Oscillator Antenna

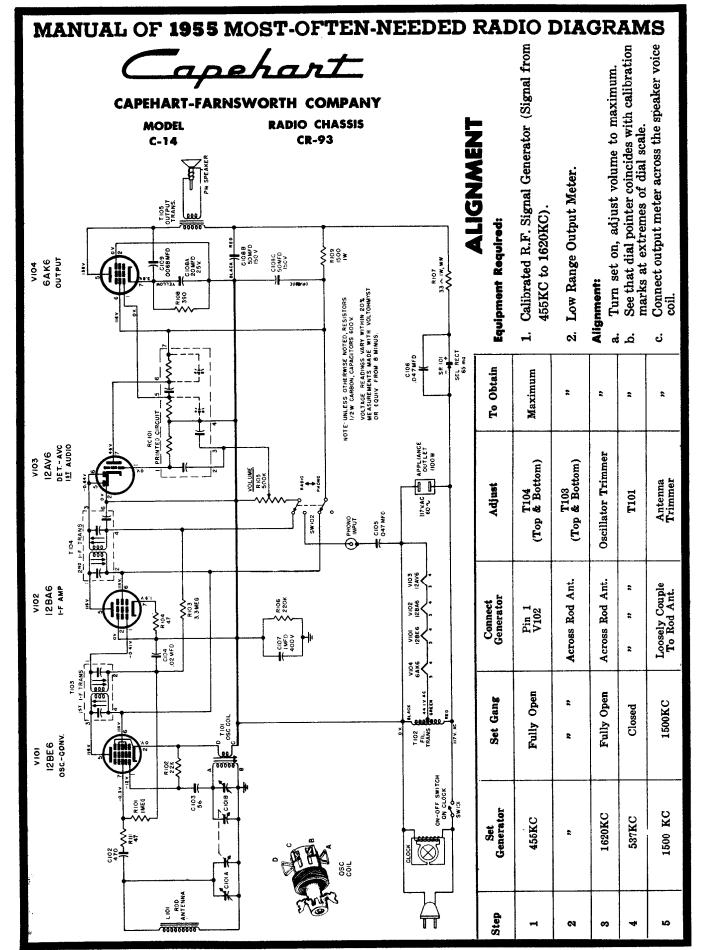
\* Standard Hazeltine Test Loop Model 1150 or 3 turns of wire about 6" in diameter placed about one foot from the set loop.

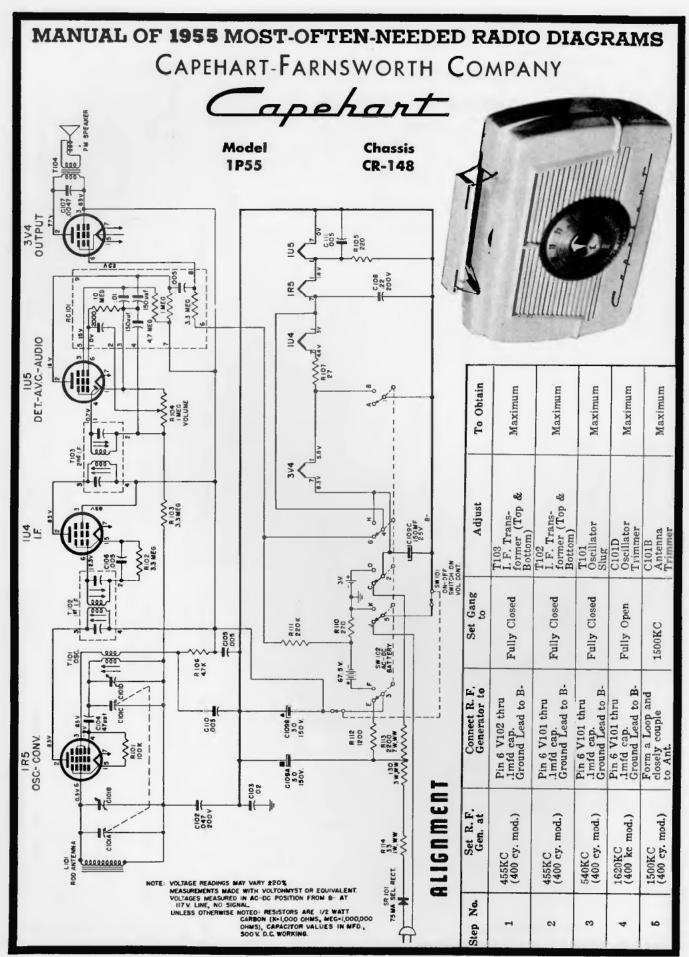


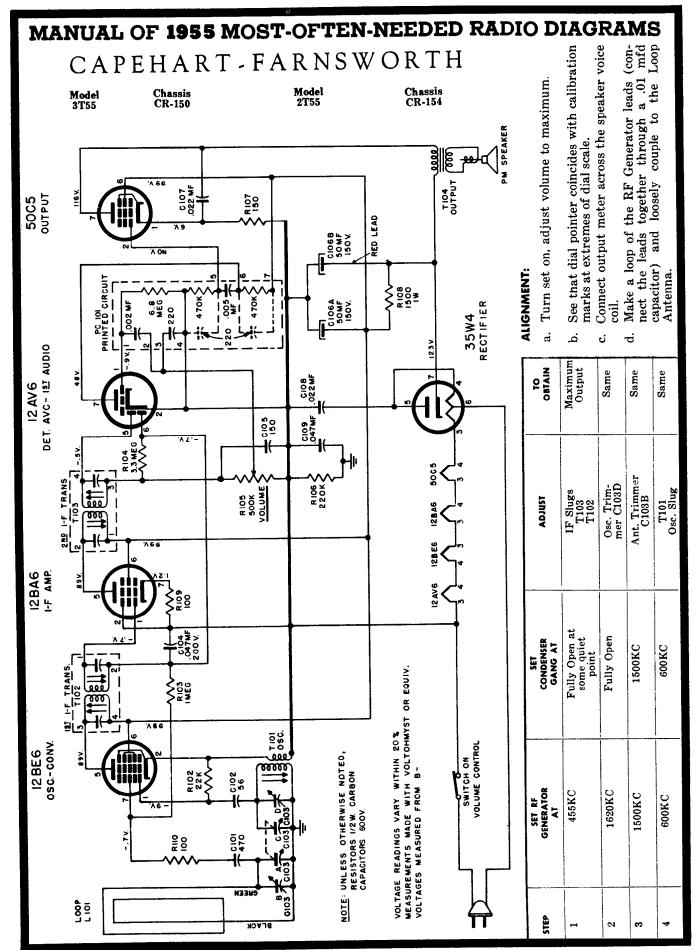
P - AC PLUG

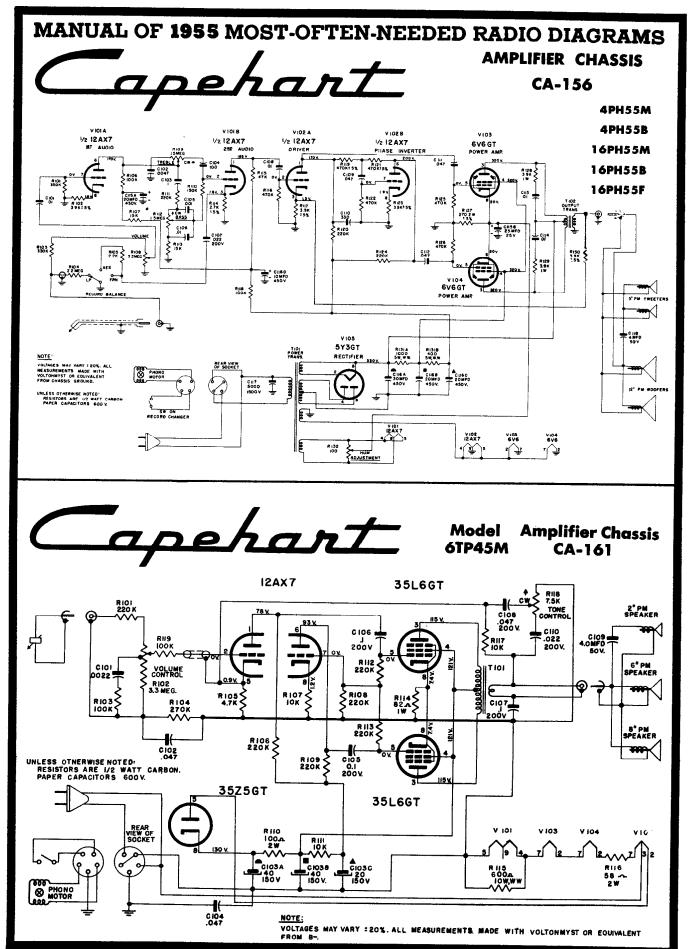




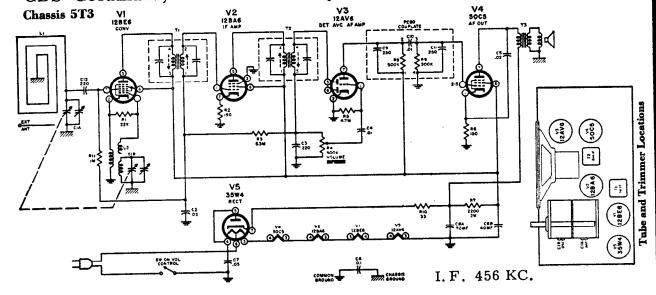








CBS-Columbia, MODELS: 5155-Ebony; 5156-Ivory; 5156-Maroon; 5156-Sand



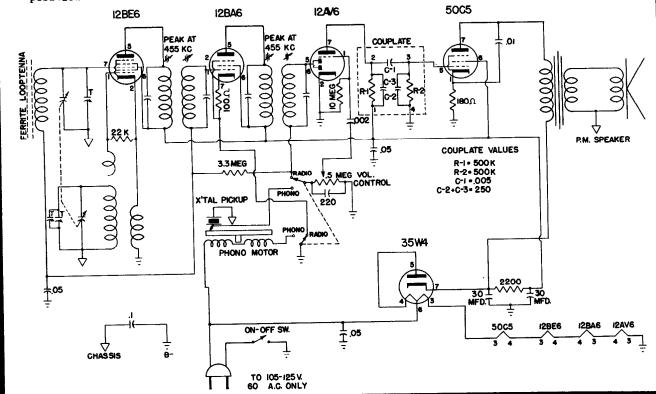
## DeWALD Radio-Phonograph Models J-540 and J-541

(The circuit below is exact for J-540. Model J-541 is the same except for a jack in the voice coil circuit.)

TO PLAY PHONOGRAPH; -Turn volume control-power switch "ON". Move Radio-Phonograph switch lever to Phonograph position. Allow approximately one minute for the tubes to heat up. Select desired speed by moving speed lever over number marked on cabinet. Pull needle guard off, but do not discard. Replace needle guard when phonograph is not in use.

Set motor lever to proper speed of record.

When phonograph or radio is turned off, it is advisable to place this lever in the off position.



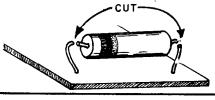
### MANUAL OF 1955 MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED RADIO DIAGRAMS MODEL 810B CHASSIS 120222-B Model 808B, Chassis 120189B, electrically is identical to Model 810B, Chassis 120222B, 3.8 meg 120 PIN 7 470K with the exception of a "Jack" for connecting "personal listening attachments." 0000000 1500 1500 100 100 to Pin 7 of Rectifier 35W4 (B+), V-4 5005 500K 470K 120 500 RESISTANCE READINGS All measurements taken from pin to B acutral unless otherwise indicated. Resistance measurements taken with: a) Power line cord disconnected from outlet. b) Volume control set for maximum volume. 500 F PIN V-5 35W4 ٥ V-3 12AV6 0R 12AT6 measured 88 12 PIR \*Indicates resistances PIN 2 ON-OFF 22K 3.8 meg 6.8 me PIN 1 22 V-2 12BA6 REFERS TO TERMINAL NUMBER ON THE COUPLATE. INDICATES COMPONENTS ARE PART OF COUPLATE | PART NO. 923026) ğ TUBE 12BE6 12BA6 12AV6 12AT6 50C5 35W4 PEAKEO AT 455 KC V-1 12BE6 Θ cord stringing. Dial

#### MANUAL OF 1955 MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED RADIO DIAGRAMS Model 811B, Chassis 120228B, *nerson* Model 812B, Chassis 120229B, Model 813B, Chassis 120230B, Model 822B, Chassis 120232B. The circuit printed on this page is exact for Model 812B, Chassis 120229B. Model 813B, Chassis 120230B, is electrically identical except that it uses but a single speaker. Model 811B, Chassis 120228B, also uses one speaker and T-1 grid return terminal #3 goes directly to B Neutral. Model 822B, Chassis 120232B, is like 811B with the addition of a "Jack" for attachments. mm Adjust for maximum 5005 Adjust for maximum Adjust for maximum 35W4 0 Trimmer C-3 (Osc.) Trimmer C-2 (Ant.) ADJUST T2, T1 (A3, A4, A1, A2) C-12 Across voice coil. Across voice coil. Across voice coil. OUTPUT METER VOLUME Variable condenser fully open. SETTING 12BA6 RADIO Tune for maximum output. DIAL () REFERS TO TERMINAL NUMBER COUPLATE. **( 83.5** 820 ¥ PEAKED AT 455KC GENERATOR FREQUENCY SIGNAL 1400 KC 1620 KC Ä , <u>o</u> ALIGNMENT INSTRUCTIONS Form loop of several turns and radiate signal into High side to grid (pin 7) of VI (12BE6). Low side to B-neutral (See Alignment 12BE6 GENERATOR COUPLING SIGNAL Note) PT. NO. 923028 3十器 ANTENNA DUMMY .005 mfd. - 8분 Ξ `8°

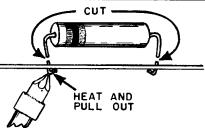
### EMERSON RADIO

Information on Printed Circuit Repairs

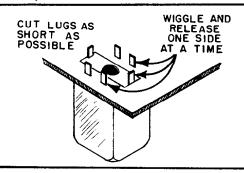
The equipment needed for servicing printed circuit chassis are the usual standard shop tools, plus a low wattage soldering iron (approximately 25 watts) with a fine tip, low temperature rosin core solder and a small stiff bristled brush to clean away the melted solder from around the connections.



Cut resistor or capacitor leads as close to the component as possible, then connect the replacement part to the remaining section of the original leads and carefully solder.



Cut resistor or capacitor leads as close to the chassis as possible. Heat connections just long enough to melt solder and remove leads from bottom one at a time. Clean area around the mounting holes and insert leads from replacement part through holes provided. Clip off excess lead, leaving a small piece to bend over and solder.

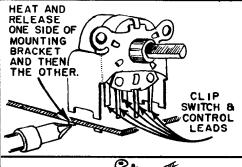


Cut transformer lugs (including spring clips) as close to chassis as possible. Heat connections (on one side) long enough for solder to melt, then wiggle loose first one side and then the other. Clean area around mounting holes and insert replacement part through same holes. Carefully resolder connections.

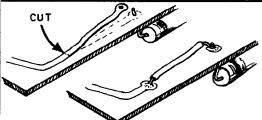




Melt and brush excess solder from socket pins and straighten out bent pins (one at a time). Remove solder from center ground lug of socket and remove socket (it may be necessary to reheat some of the lugs). Clean the area around mounting holes and insert new socket (with tube in it) in same holes. Bend socket lugs over and then carefully solder.



Cut the volume control and a.c. switch leads close to top of chassis. Heat these clipped leads from under the chassis and pull out with long nose pliers. Melt solder around mounting bracket lugs and straighten out these lugs if bent. Clip these lugs off as close to chassis as possible. Heat and remove one side of mounting bracket and then the other. Clean area around mounting holes and insert new part, bend lugs over slightly and carefully salder all connections.



Cut off the section of the printed wiring strip that has lifted from the chassis and replace this section with a small piece of regular insulated wire. Bare wire may be used to replace shart sections.

# **Emerson**

CHASSIS - 120231-B

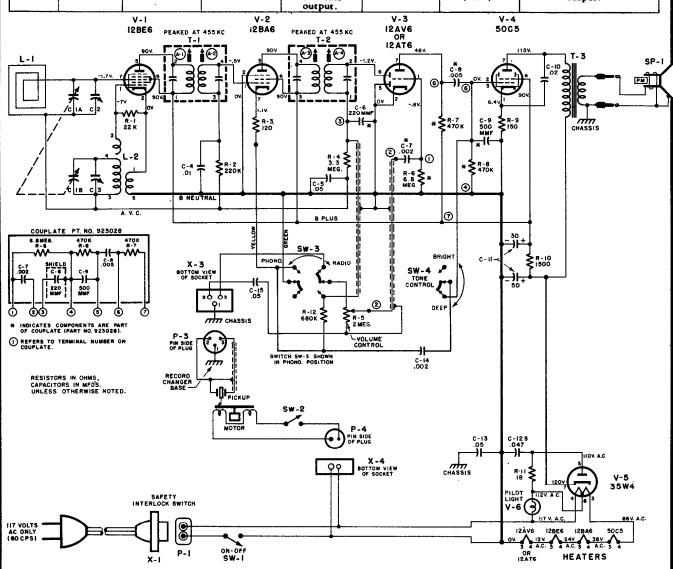
MODEL - 814B

ALTERNATE CIRCUIT USED ON SOME 120231-B CHASSIS.

# 

### **ALIGNMENT INSTRUCTIONS**

DUMMY ANTENNA	SIGNAL GENERATOR COUPLING	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY	RADIO DIAL SETTING	OUTPUT METER	ADJUST	REMARKS
.005 mfd.	High side to grid (pin 7) of V1 (12BE6). Low side to B-neutral	455 KC	Variable condenser fully open.	Across voice coil.	T2, T1 (A3, A4, A1, A2)	Adjust for maximum output.
,	Form loop of several lurns and radiate signal into receiver	1620 KC	•	Across voice coil.	Trimmer C-3 (Osc.)	Adjust for maximum output.
		1400 KC	Tune for maximum output.	Across voice coil.	Trimmer C-2 (Ant.)	Adjust for maximum output.
	ANTENNA	DUMMY ANTENNA GENERATOR COUPLING  .005 mfd. High side to grid (pin 7) of V1 (12BE6). Low side to B-neutral Form loop of several turns and radiate signal into receiver	DUMMY ANTENNA GENERATOR COUPLING FREQUENCY  .005 mfd. High side to grid (pin 7) of V1 (12BE6). Low side to B-neutral  Form loop of several turns and radiate signal into receiver  1400 KC	DUMMY ANTENNA  GENERATOR GENERATOR FREQUENCY  JOS mfd.  High side to grid (pin 7) of V1 (12BE6). Low side to B-neutral  Form loop of several turns and radiate signal into receiver  The side to grid (pin 7) of V1 (12BE6). The side to grid (pin 7)	DUMMY ANTENNA  GENERATOR COUPLING FREQUENCY  Bigh side to grid (pin 7) of V1 (12BE6). Low side to B-neutral  Form loop of several turns and radiate signal into receiver  The side to grid (pin 7) of V2 (12BE6). The side to B-neutral  Form loop of several turns and radiate signal into receiver  The side to generator SETTING OUTPUT METER  Variable condenser fully open.  Across voice coil.	DUMMY ANTENNA  GENERATOR COUPLING FREQUENCY  Bigh side to grid (pin 7) of V1 (12BE6). Low side to B-neutral  Form loop of several turns and radiate signal into receiver  Table 1400 KC  DIAL SETTING  OUTPUT METER  ADJUST  Across voice coil.  Across voice coil.  Trimmer C-3 (Osc.)



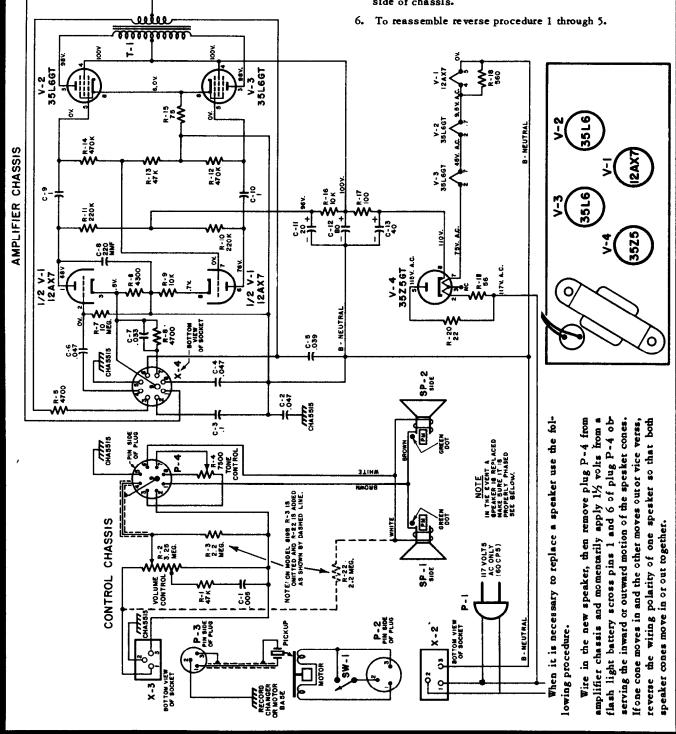
# **Emerson Radio**

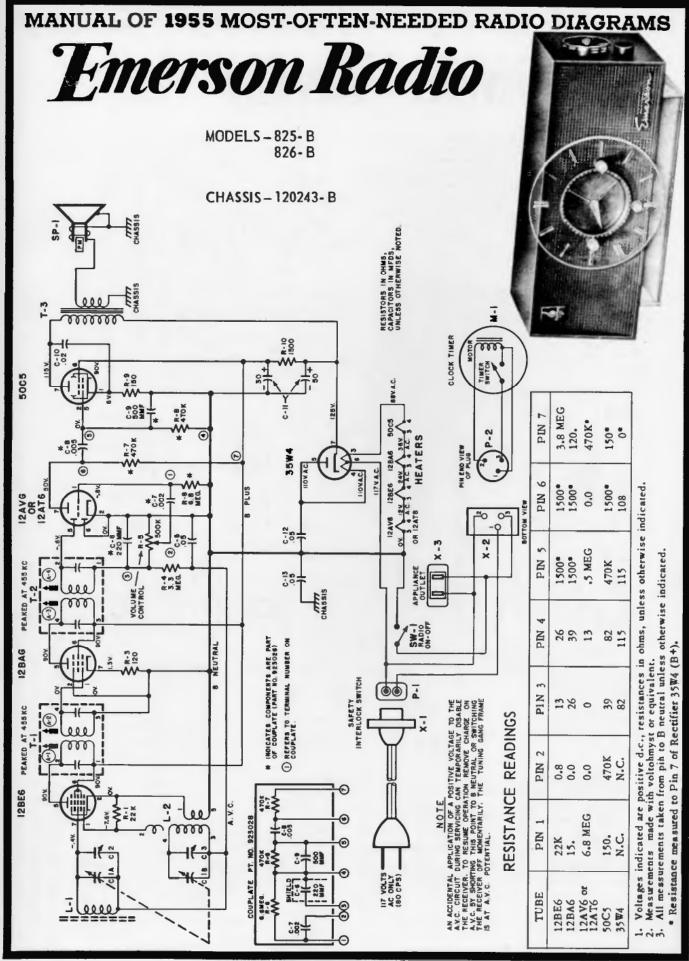
MODELS - 819B, 820B

CHASSIS - 120240-B

### **DISASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS**

- Remove four screws securing changer mounting board to cabinet. Lift mounting board with changer and desconnect plug P-3 from the control chassis.
- Remove five screws securing inside perforated panel to cabinet and lift out panel. Disconnect plug P-2 from amplifier chassis and remove the changer.
- Remove perforated back cover and remove screw securing chassis and shield assembly to rear of cabinet.
- Remove two nuts and washers from threaded studs securing chassis and shield assembly to bottom of cabinet. Lift this assembly to clear studs, tilt forward and slide out.
- Remove five screws securing chassis to shield assembly and remove shield so as to have access to underside of chassis.





# MANUAL OF 1955 MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED RADIO DIAGRAMS Emerson Radio MODEL - 830B CHASSIS - 120252-B TYPE OF TUBES: V-1-1R5, converter V-2-1U4, i-f amplifier V-3-1U5, detector, a.v.c., a-f amp RESISTANCES IN DHMS, CAPACITORS IN MFDS, UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED. V-4-3V4, power output V-5-Rectifier, selenium INDICATES COMPONENTS ARE PART COUPLATE (PART NO. 928034). G CAPACITOR AS DENOTES 6 NEUTRA **@** \* \$25 **BATTERY 67.5** V. ⊚ AN ACCIDENTAL A VOLTAGE TO THE SERVICING CAN T RECEIVER. TO RECHARGE ON A.V.C. CHARGE ON A.V.C. OFF MOMENTAL OF FRAME IS AT A.V. SW-!(B) FRONT OF WAFER VIEWED FROM FRONT AND SHOWN IN AC OPERATED POBITION VOLUME CONTROL • ത്ത C-10 measurements taken between points and common B neutral (black lead TRANSFER SWITCH SW-2(ABB) ACTUATED BY LINE PLUG P-1 Measurements made with voltohmyst or equivalent. 뜽 4.23 쭚 L-2 electrolytic filter condenser). ععد 00000 CURRENT DRAIN: "A" Battery - .058 amp. "B" Battery - .0085 amp.

**VOLTAGE RATING:** 

"A" Battery - 7.5 volts
"B" Battery - 67.5 volts

117 volts a.c. - .130 amp.

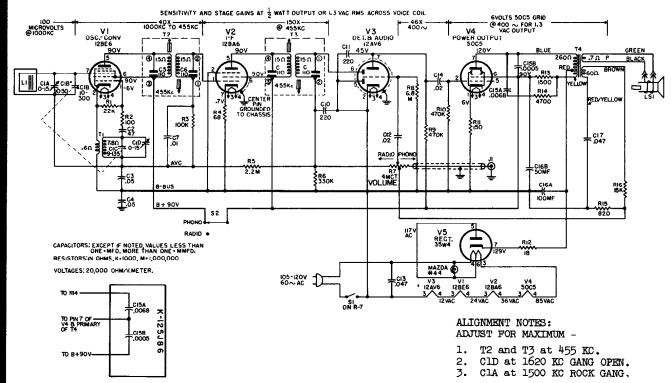
Line operation - 105-125 volts, a.c. or d.c.

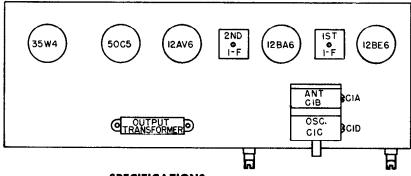
. . .

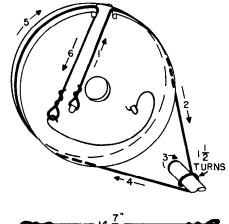
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# GENERAL ELECTRIC

### MODELS 446, 447 AND 448





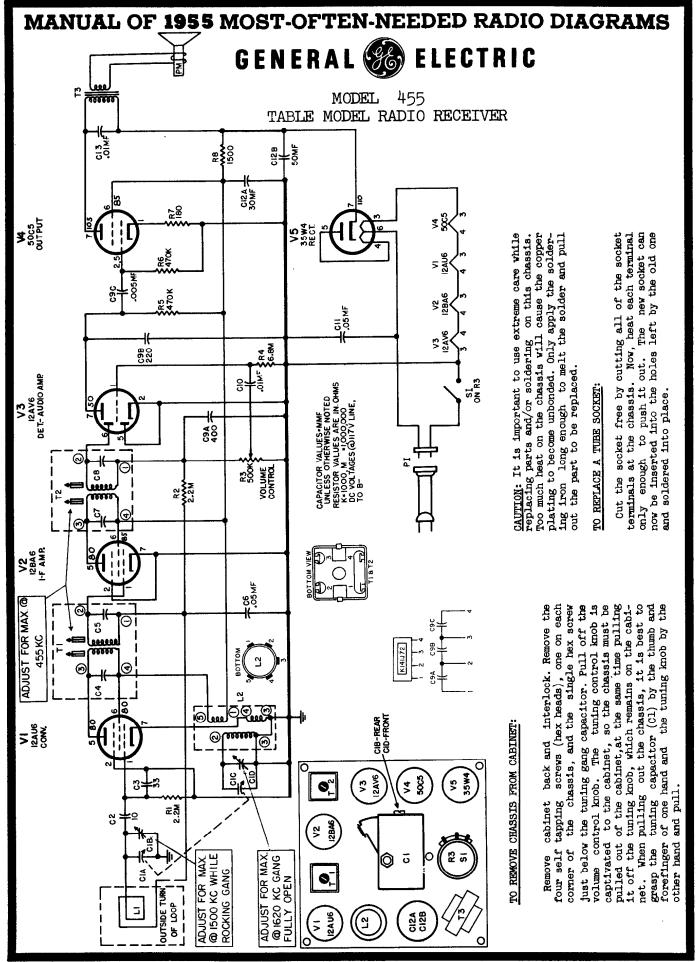


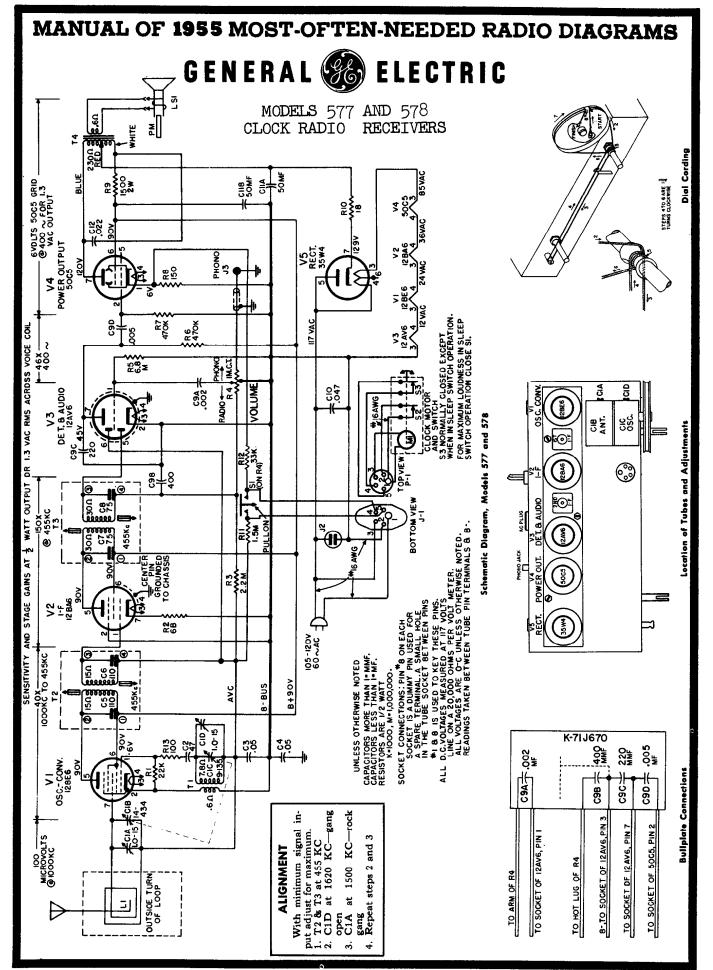
SPECIFICATION:	TIONS
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CABINETS:	446—Mahogany, 447—Ivory, 448—Red
DIMENSIONS:	12 7/8 x 6 x 6 inches
ELECTRICAL RATING:	105-120 volts 50-60 cycles
OUTPUT:	Undistorted 1 watt Maximum 1.75 watts
PHONO:	Input jack provided
LOUDSPEAKER:	5½ in., PM; Voice Coil Impedance 3.2 ohms @ 400 cycles
TUBE COMPLEMENT:	V1         Oscillator Converter         12BE6           V2         I-F Amplifier         12BA6           V3         Detector-Audio         12AV6           V4         Audio Power Amplifier         50C5           V5         Rectifier         35W4           I1         Dial light         G-E Mazda No. 44

The "radio silencer" switch is used only on the rare occasions when located in an unusually strong signal area, where some background from radio signal reception may be audible when playing records. Normally this interference may be removed by simply detuning the radio away from the interfering frequency.

The newest type off-on switch is used on these models. It is combined with the phonograph and radio volume control and allows the receiver to be turned off or on at any desired volume setting.



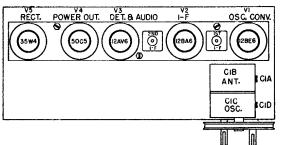


# GENERAL ELECTRIC

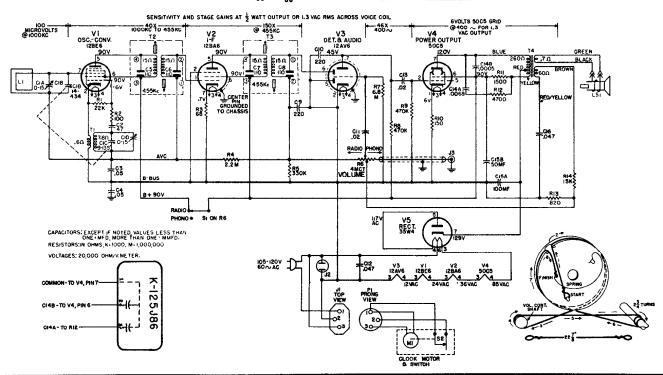
MODELS 580, 581 AND 582 CLOCK RADIO RECEIVERS

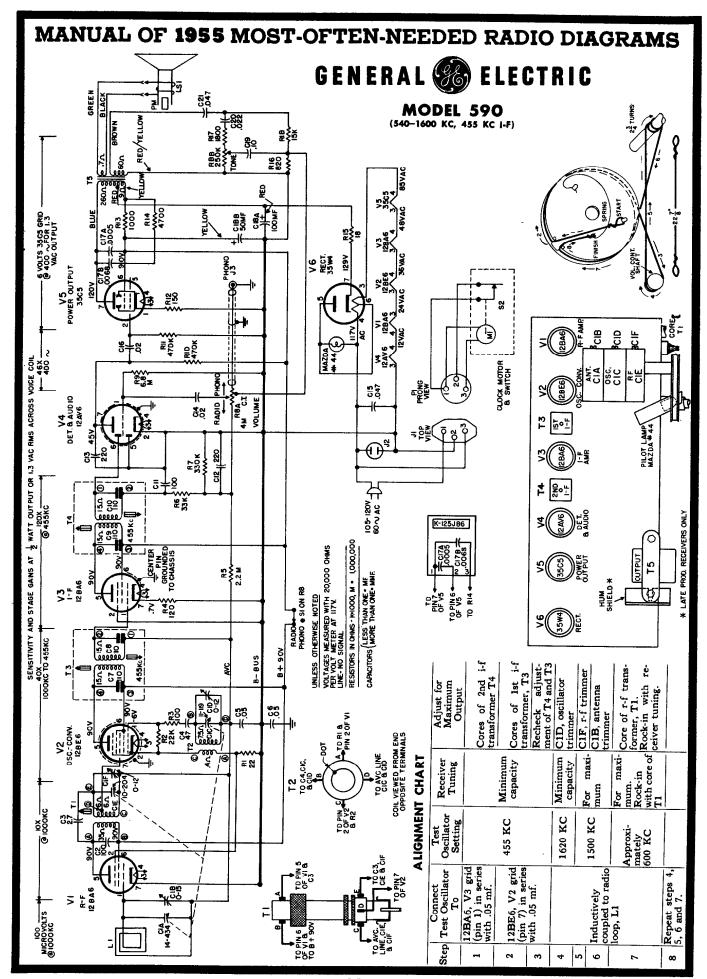
#### ALIGNMENT CHART

$\Box$	CONNECT TEST	TEST OSC.	TUNING GANG	ADJUST FOR	
STEP	OSCILLATOR TO	SETTING	SETTING	MAX, OUTPUT	
	I-F ALIGNMENT				
1	V2,12BA6 grid (Pin 1) in series with .05 mfd.	hee tra		Cores of second I-F trans. T3	
3	V1,12BE6 grid (Pin 7) in series with .05 mfd.	455 KC		Cores of first I-F trans. T2 Recheck adjustment of T2 and	
R-F ALIGNMENT					
4	Td.,,,+d.,,,,3	1620 KC	Open	CID	
5	Inductively coupled to radio loop	1500 KC	For maxi- mum output	ClA*	
*Rock tuning for maximum, while adjusting ClA.					



CAT.NO.	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	
CAPACITORS			
*RCC-129 *RCE-166 RCT-079	C16 C11,C13 C15A,B C1A,B, C,D	100-50 mf.,150V.,electro. Tuning, two-gang	
*RCN-053 *RCW-3075 *RCW-3104 *RCW-3137 *UCC-045	C14A,B,	.047mf.,600 V.,paper molded 47mmf.,ceramic .0068mf.,.0005mf.,ceramic 220mmf., 20%, 400 V., cer. .05mf.,+40%-10%,400V.,paper	
RESISTORS			
RRC-278	R6	Volume control, 4 meg., CT., with switch. Sl	
*URD-025 *URD-029 *URD-047 *URD-065 *URD-077 *URD-081 *URD-089 *URD-109 *URD-129 *URD-141	R3 R2 R10 R13 R12 R14 R1 R8,9 R5 R4 R7	88 ohms, 1/2 w. carbon 100 ohms, 1/2 w. carbon 150 ohms, 1/2 w. carbon 820 ohms, 1/2 w. carbon 4700 ohms, 1/2 w. carbon 15,000 ohms, 1/2 w. carbon 22,000 ohms, 1/2 w. carbon 470,000 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon 330,000 ohms, 1/2 w., carbon 2.2 megohm, 1/2 w. carbon 6.8 megohm, 1/2 w. carbon 1500 ohms, 2 w. carbon	
COILS AND TRANSFORMERS			
	T1 T2,3 T4	COIL -Oscillator TRANSFORMER -lst or 2nd I-F TRANSFORMER -Audio output	



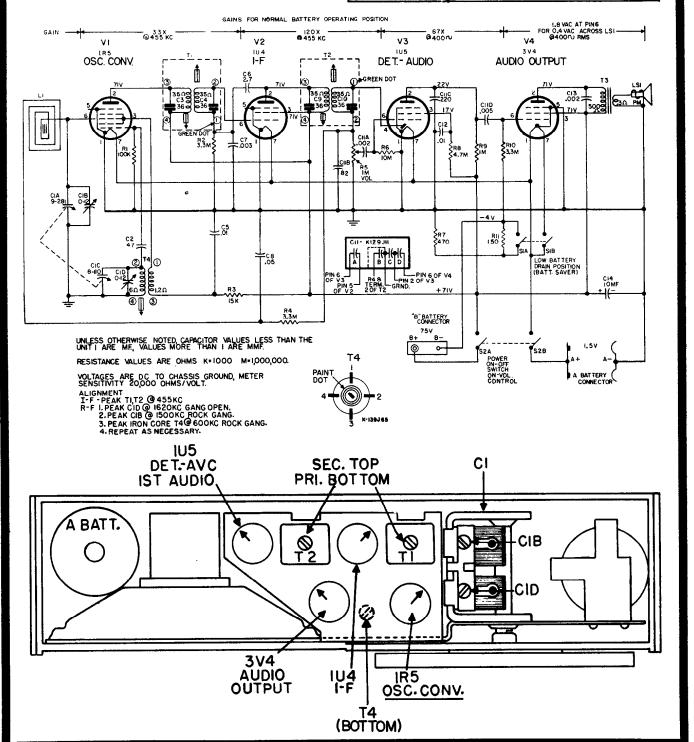


# GENERAL EBECTRIC

MODELS 635, 636 AND 637

CABINET:	Model 635-Green; Model 636-Red;
(Plastic)	Model 637-Gray;
ELECTRICAL RATING: (Batteries only)	"A" Batteries-2 Eveready #964 or Burgess #21R, or equivalent "B" Battery-1 Eveready #437 or Burgess #XX-50, or equivalent.

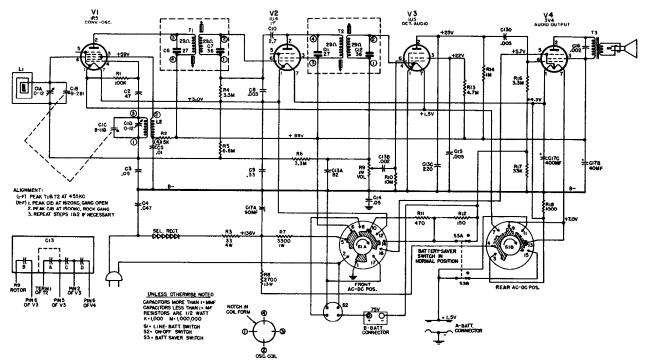
LOUDSPEAKER:	Size 4 inches Type Alnico PM Voice Coil Impedance @ 400 cycles 3.2 ohms
OPERATING FREQUENCIES:	Tuning Range 540-1600 KC I-F Amplifier 455 KC

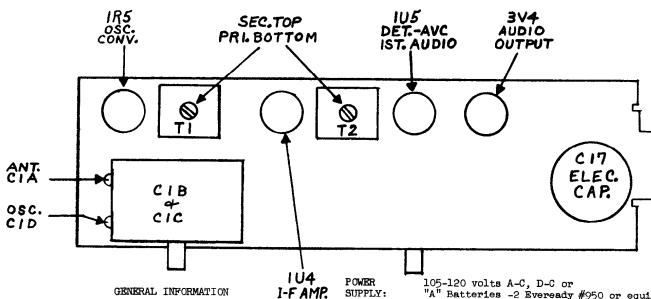


# GENERAL (28) ELECTRIC



MODELS 645, 646, 647 and 648 PORTABLE RADIO RECEIVERS





The Models 645, 646, 647 and 648 are four-tube superhetrodyne three-way portable radio receivers. These receivers operate on AC, DC or batteries and incorporate a battery "saver" switch, and the use of a ferrite iron-core antenna.

COILS AND TRANSFORMERS

N-RLC-134 L2 COIL -Oscillator N-RLL-061 L1 ANTENNA ASSEMBLY TRANSFORMER -I-F RTL-152 T1,2 TRANSFORMER -Output N-RTO-171 T3

"A" Batteries -2 Eveready #950 or equivalent.

"B" Battery -1 Eveready #467 or equivalent.

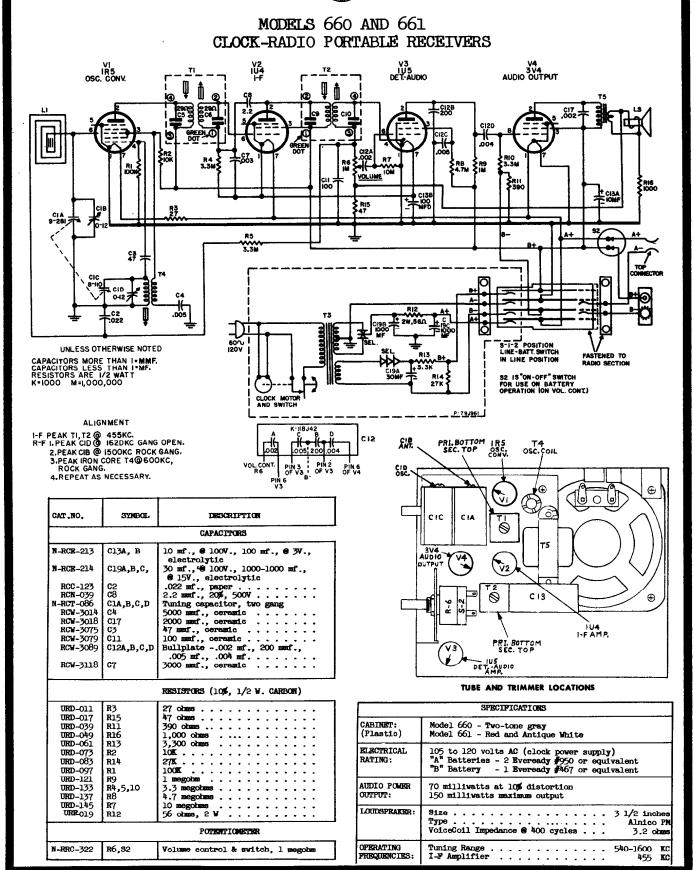
AUDIO POWER 80 milliwatts OUTPUT:

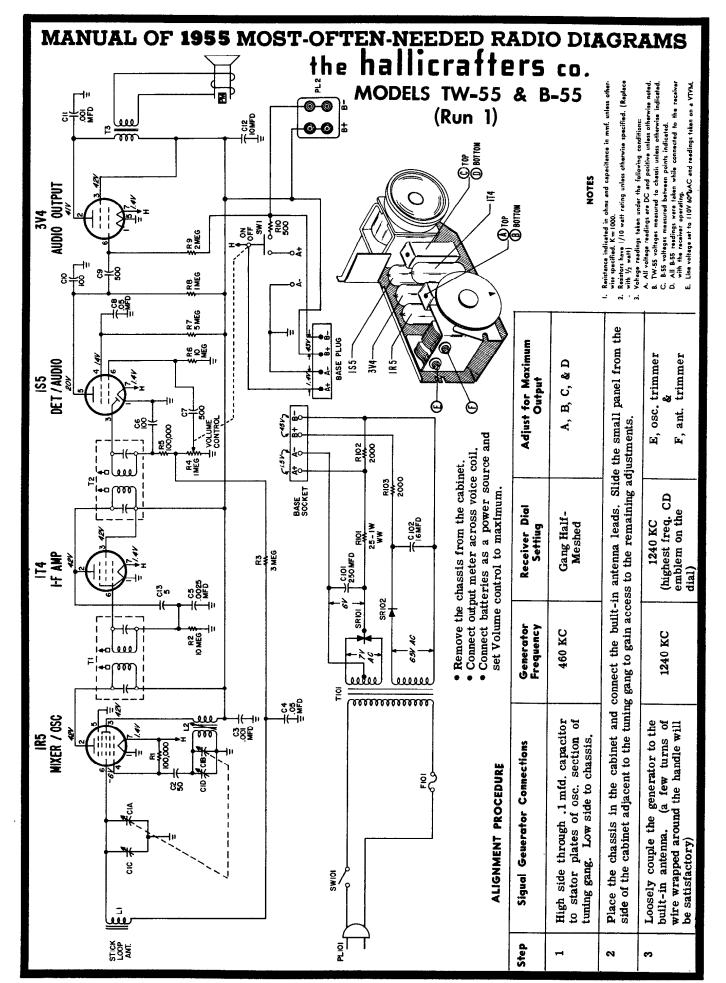
4 inches Alnico PM

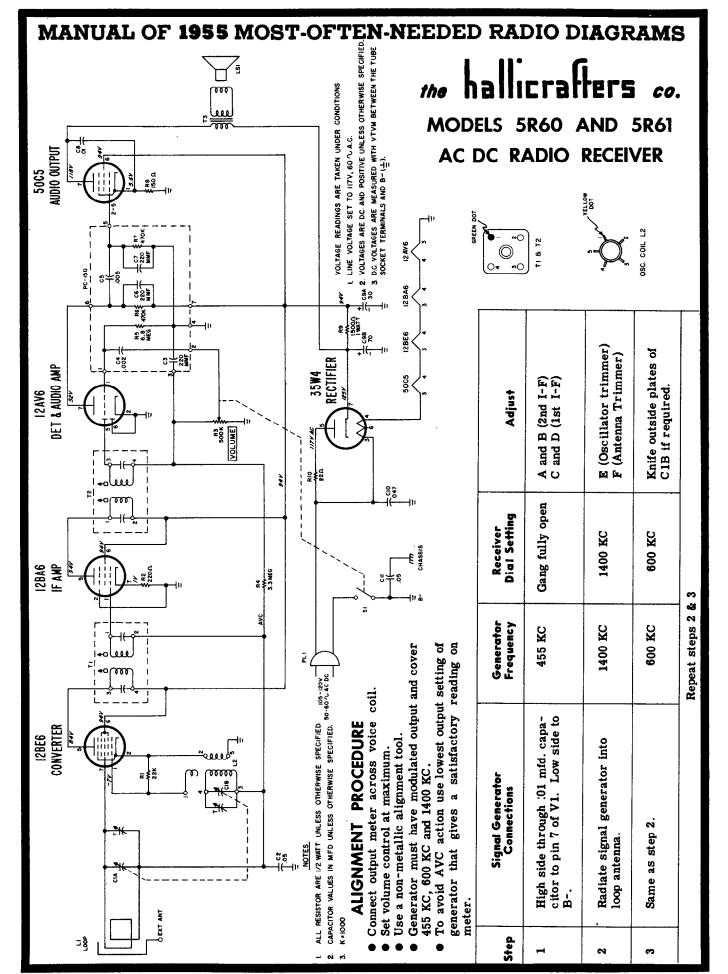
Voice Coil Impedance @ 400 cycles . . . . . . 3.2 ohms

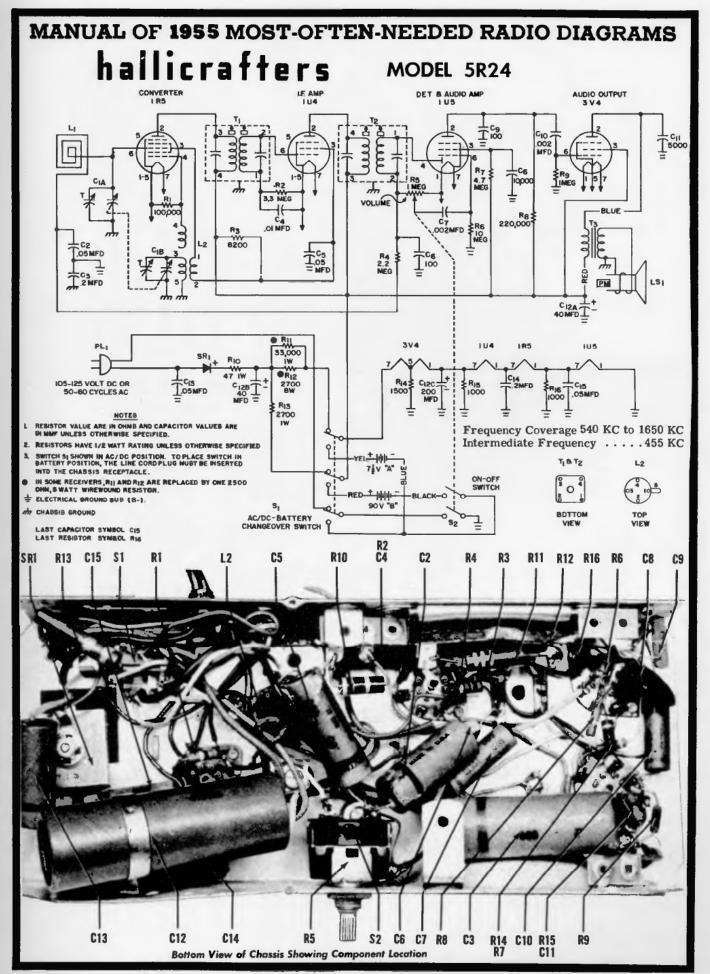
OPERATING Tuning Range . . . . .540 to 1600 KC FREQUENCIES: I-F Amplifier . . . . 455 KC

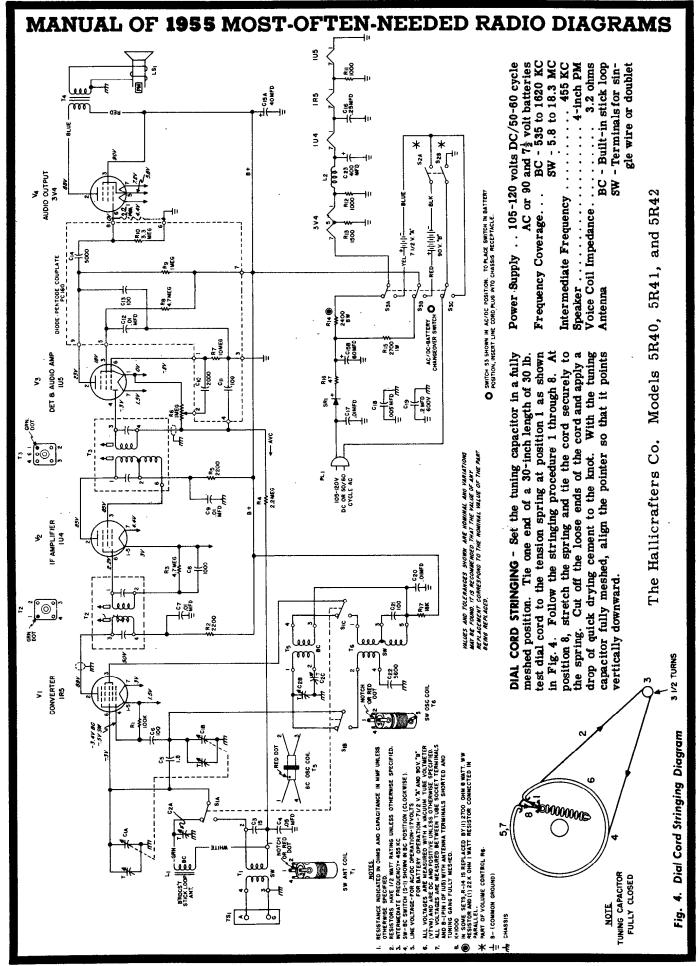
# GENERAL DE ELECTRIC

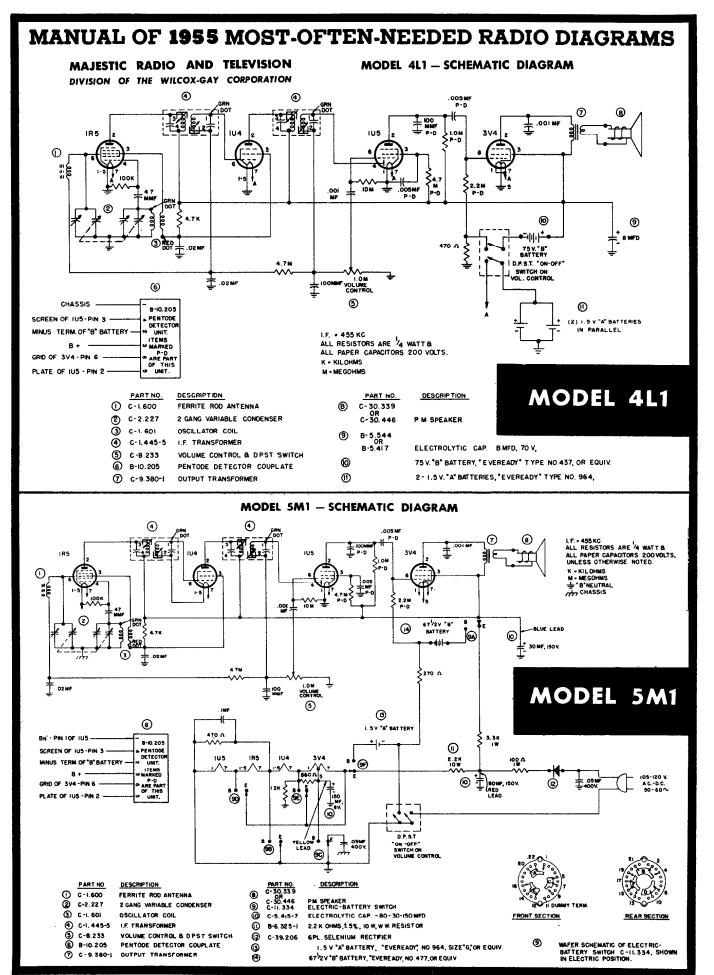


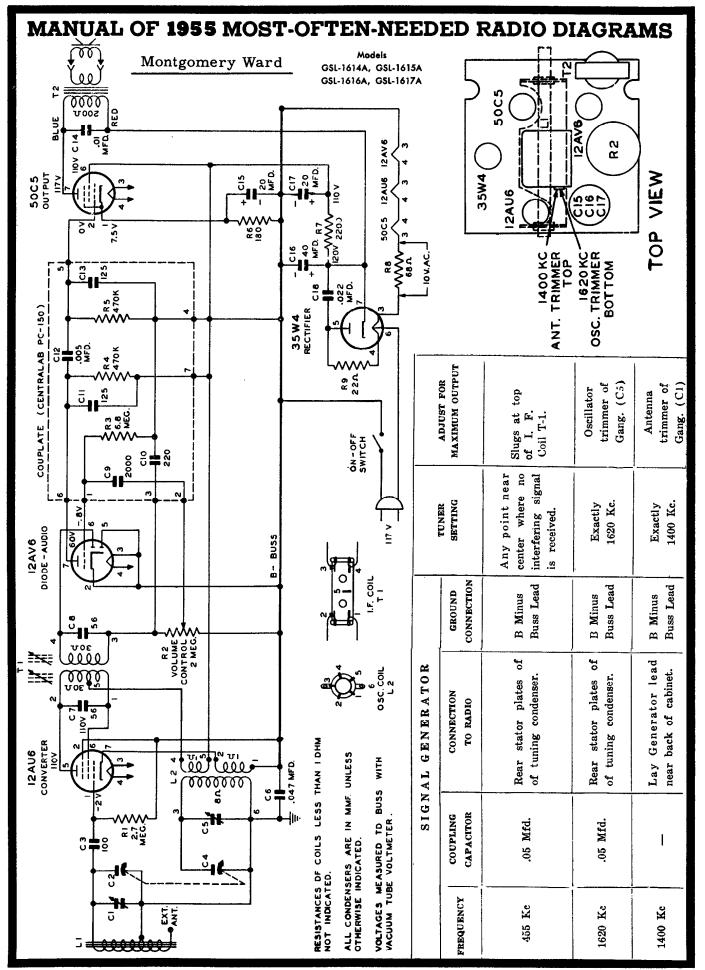


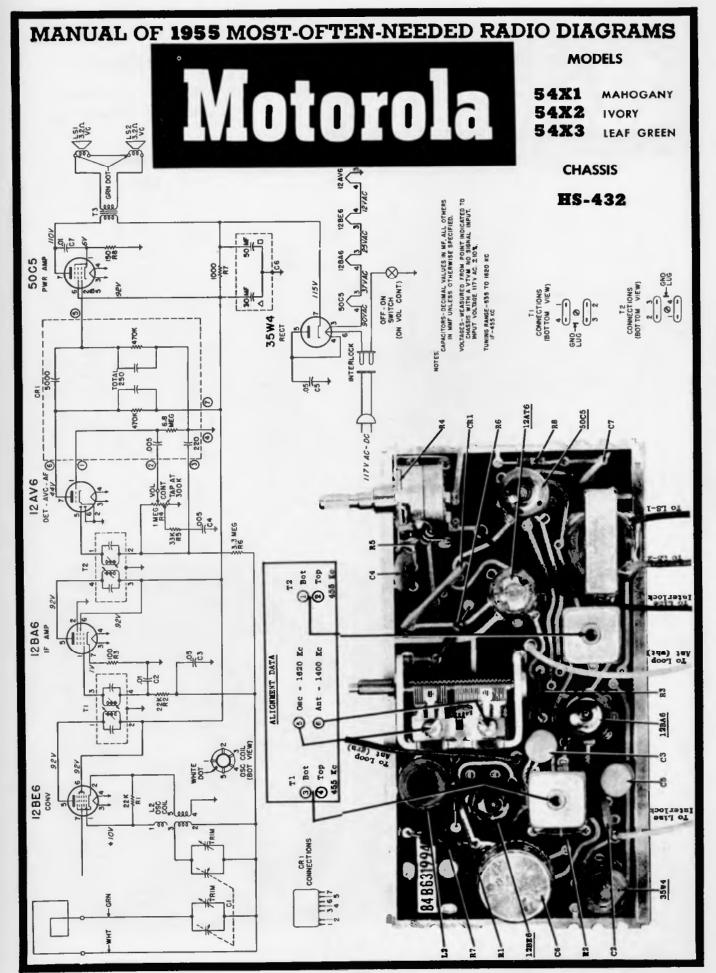


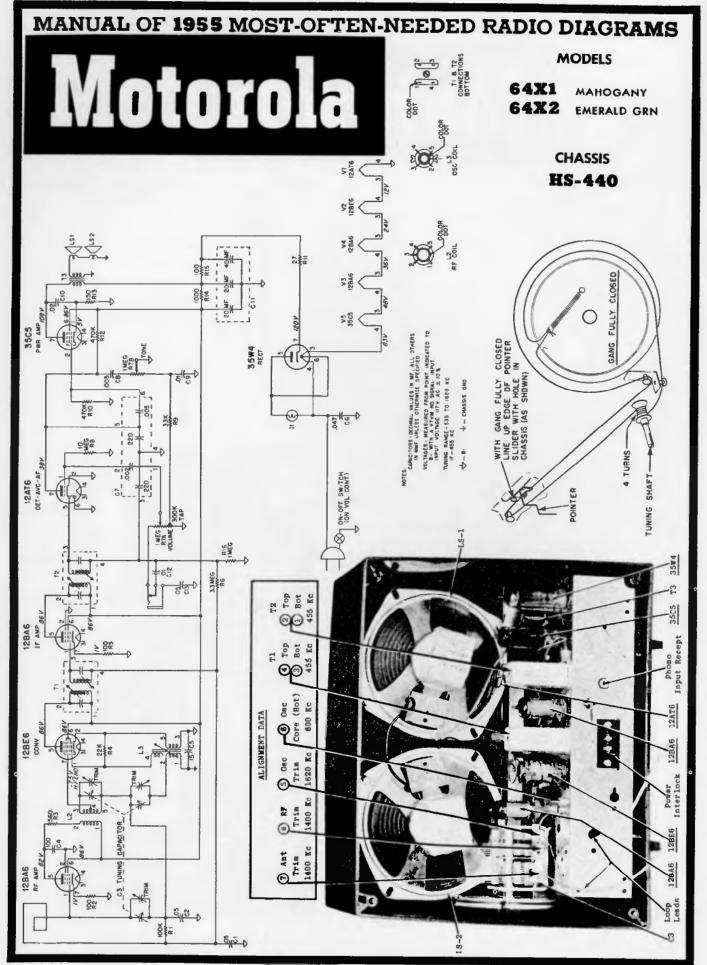










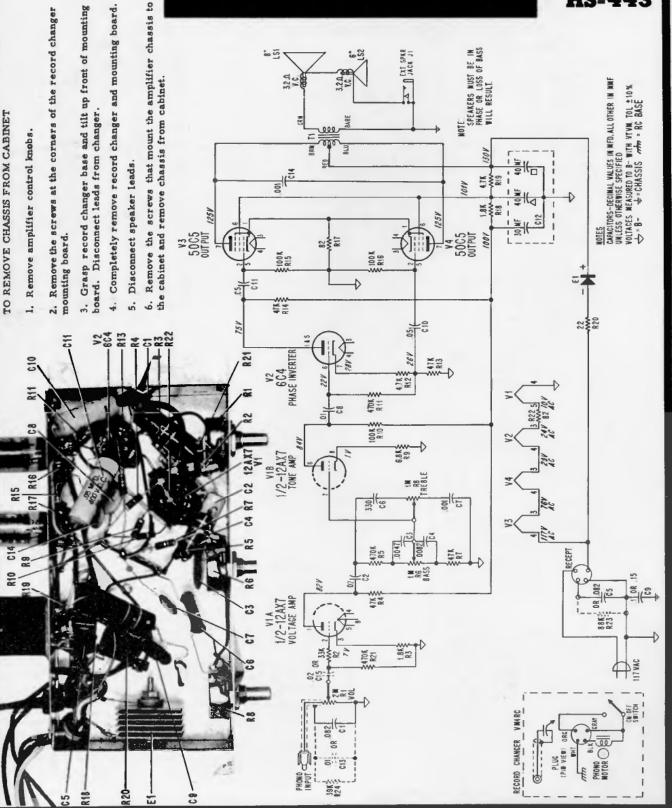


# Motorola

MODELS

54HF1 54HF1B

CHASSIS HS-443

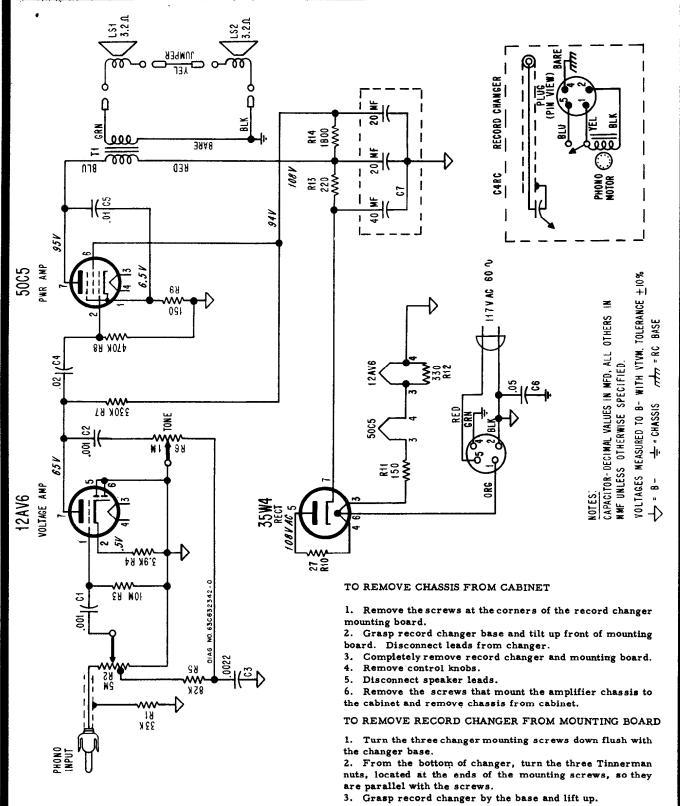


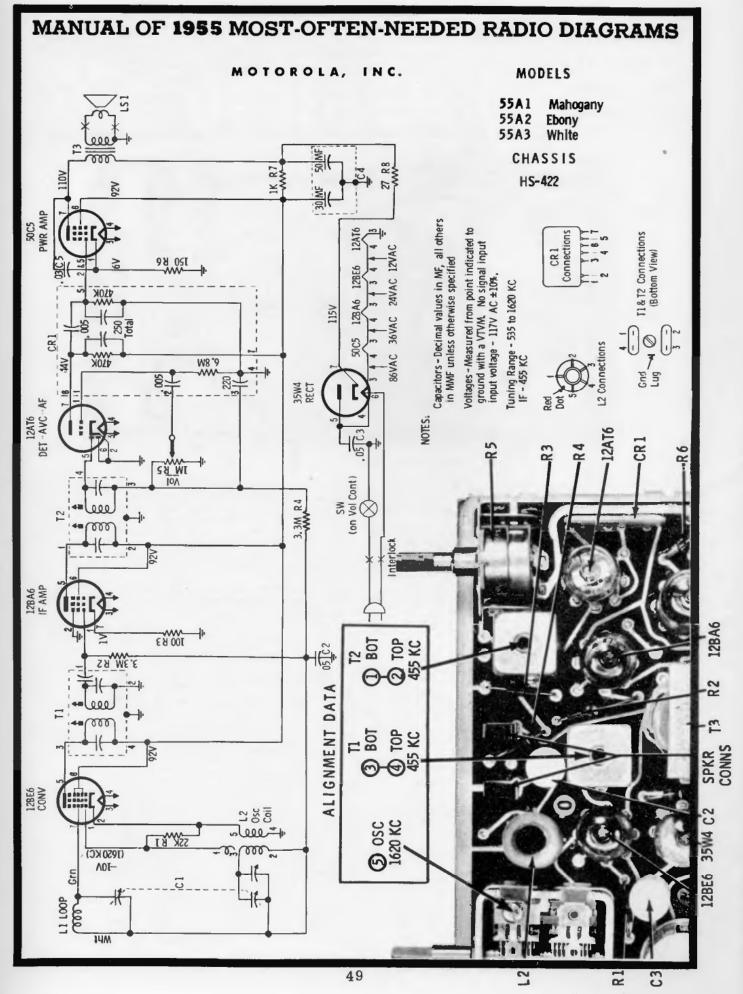
# Motorola

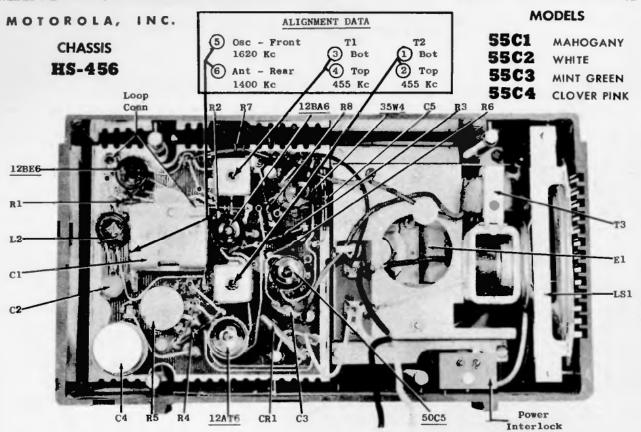
Model 34F1, Chassis HS-444

and

Model 34F1C, Chassis HS-467







#### COMPONENT REPLACEMENT

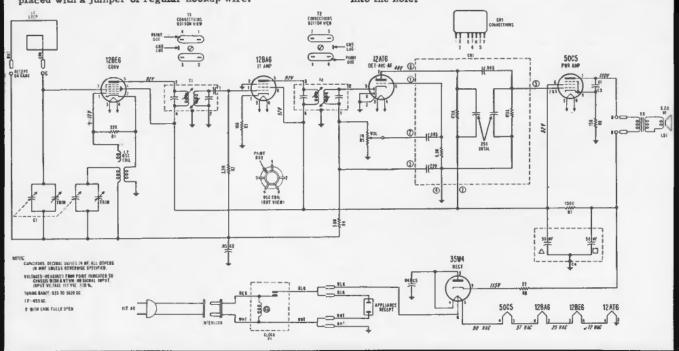
 To prevent tube breakage, remove them before replacing components.

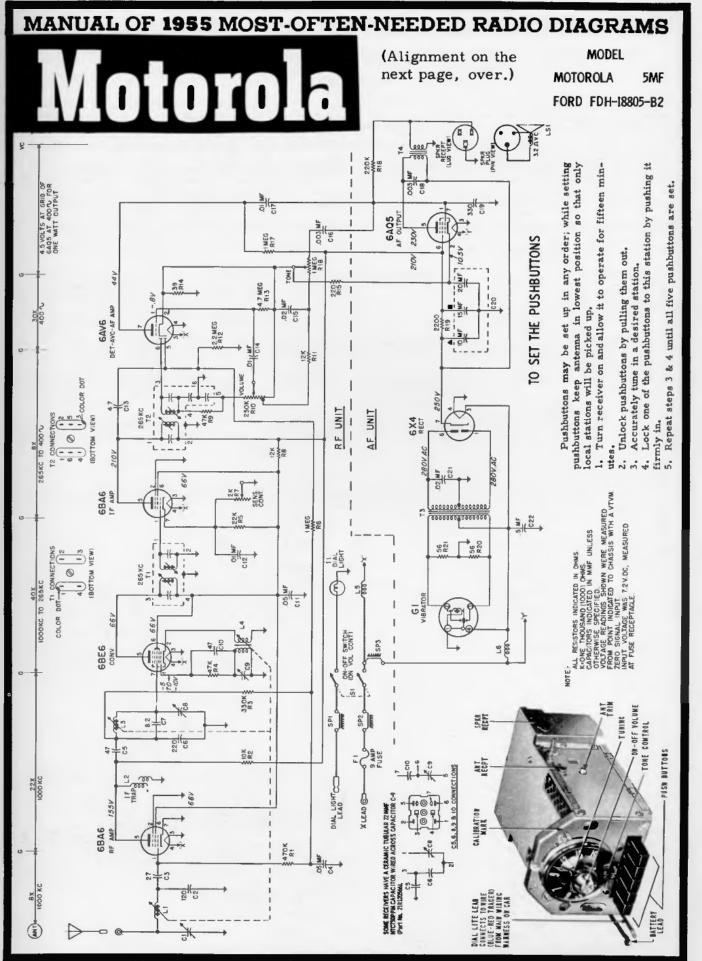
2. WHEN REMOVING DEFECTIVE COMPONENTS USE ONLY A SMALL SOLDERING IRON (60 WATTS OR LESS) TO AVOID DAMAGE TO THE WIRING. DO NOT USE A SOLDERING GUN. WARNING: THE LEADS ARE VERY THIN, AND EXCESSIVE HEAT WILL BURN THEM OR LOOSEN THEM FROM THE BASE MATERIAL.

3. Plated connections or leads, if damaged, may be replaced with a jumper of regular hookup wire.

4. It is recommended that multiple lug components be removed by immersing all the lugs simultaneously into a controlled temperature soldering pot, Motorola Part Number 66T632703. The component may then be lifted off the chassis easily. If a soldering pot is not available, heat each lug individually with a small soldering iron and shake or brush off as much molten solder as possible. Then, by alternately heating and loosening each lug, the entire component will be freed.

5. An individual tube clip may be removed by squeezing it it with pliers and then unsoldering it. The new clip snaps into the hole.





MOTOROLA Alignment for Ford Models 5MF and 5MF8 (Continued)

#### **ALIGNMENT**

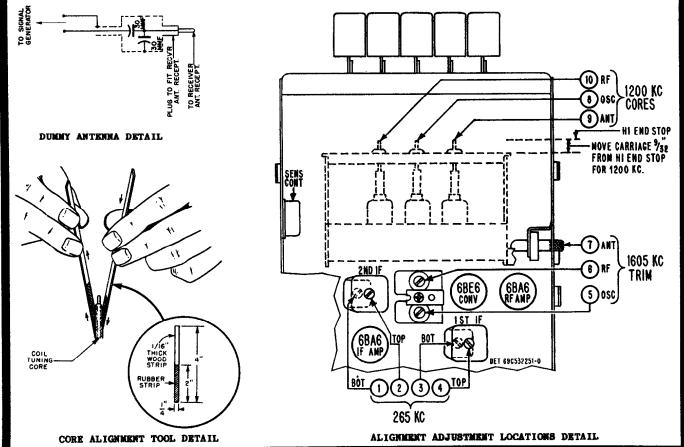
Connect output meter across speaker voice coil. Set tone control to high & volume to maximum. Attenuate generator to maintain 1.79 volts (I watt) on output meter to prevent overloading receiver. \*Field alignment of tuner is not recommended unless it has been tampered with or has had components replaced.

STEP	DUMMY ANTENNA	GENERATOR CONNECTION	GENERATOR FREQUENCY	TUNER SET TO	ADJUST. (in order shown)	REMARKS
IF AL	IGNMENT	Pin 7 -6BE6	265 Kc	Hi end stop	1, 2, 3 & 4	Peak for maximum.
*RF AI	LIGNMENT - I	Note: For step 2 bac	k tuner cores 1-3/	8" out of coils to e	liminate their effec	t on trimmer adjustments.
2.	See Fig.	Ant.recept	1605 Kc	Hi end stop	5,6&7	Peak for maximum.
3.	See Fig.	Ant recept	1200 Kc	9/32" from hi end stop	8, 9 & 10	Peak for maximum using core alignment tools shown in Figure.
4.	See Fig.	Ant recept	1605 Kc	Hi end stop	5,6&7	Peak for maximum.
5.	Repeat steps	3 & 4 until no furthe	I r increase; then ce I	ment cores in plac	i e. I	
SENSI	I TIVITY CONT	ROL				I
6.	See Fig.	Ant recept	600 Kc & 5 microvolts output	Tune for max	Sensitivity control	Adj for 1.79 volt output (1 watt)
ANTE	NNA TRIMME	R ADJ			ŀ	1
7.	-	-	-	Weak station around 1400 Kc	7	With receiver in car peak ant trim for max volume. Ant should be fully ex- tended.
1 ma a	T TO DAME DO	TAIT ED				

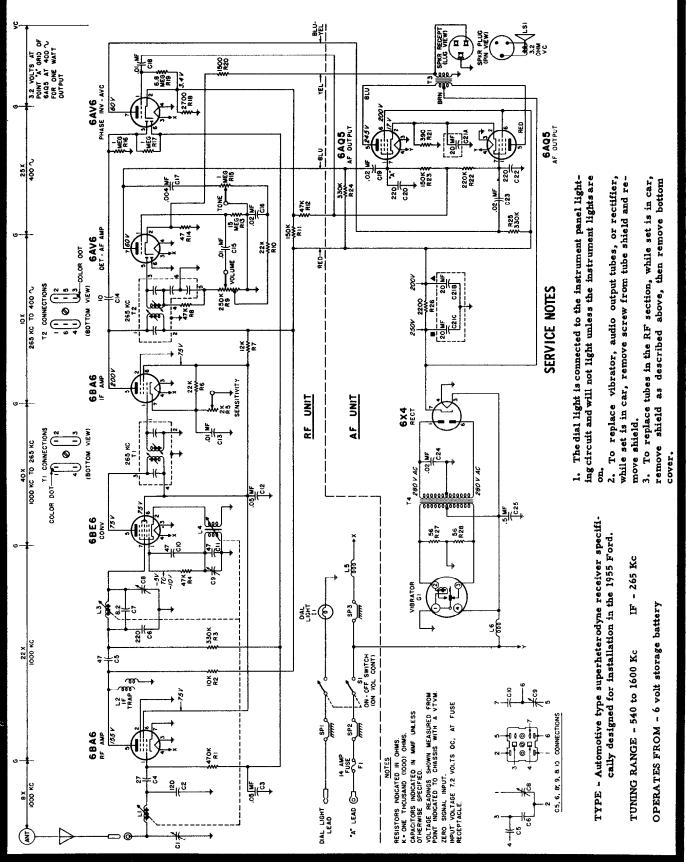
#### TO CALIBRATE POINTER

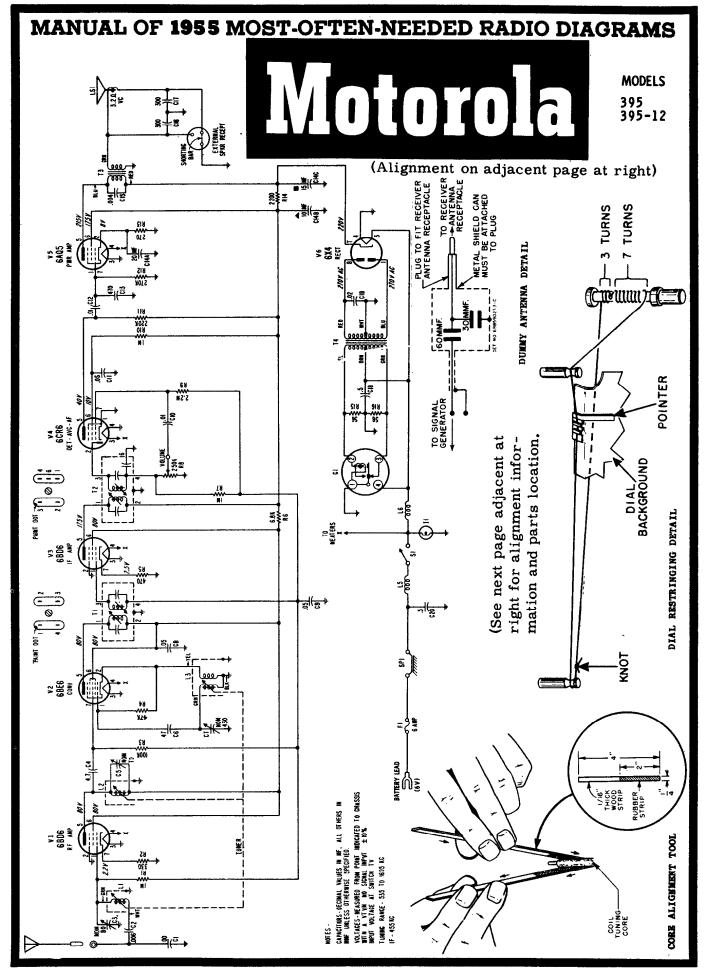
A. Remove dial scale and tune receiver to 1400 Kc signal.

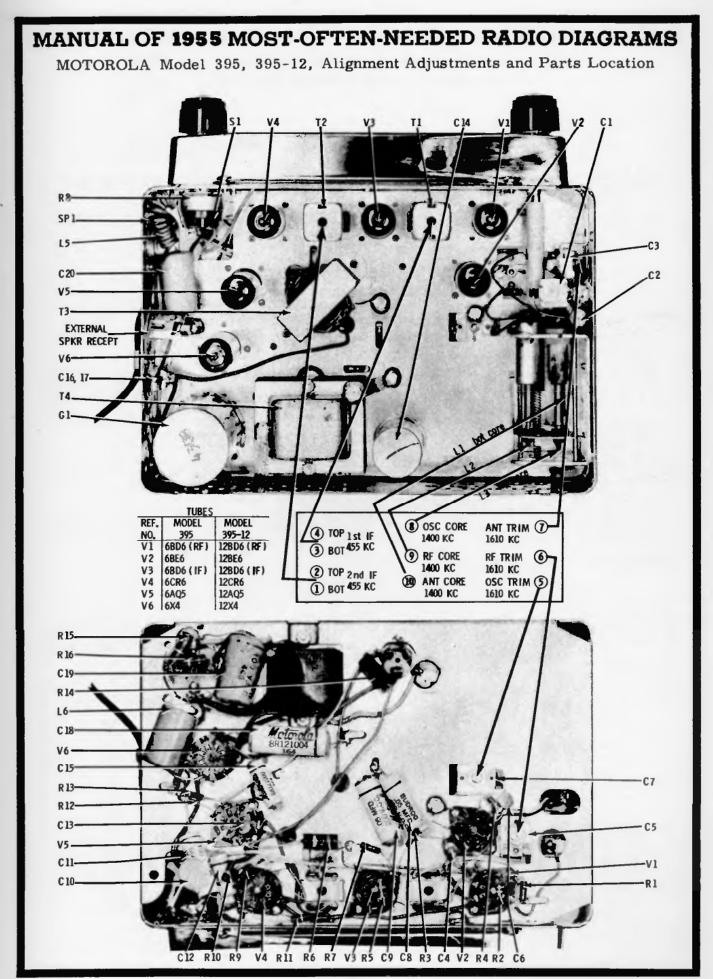
B. To rotate pointer pull pointer off shaft, set to coincide with calibration mark on front housing (see cover photo) and push back onto shaft. CAUTION: Do not twist pointer while on shaft; this may result in a broken pointer or dial cord.



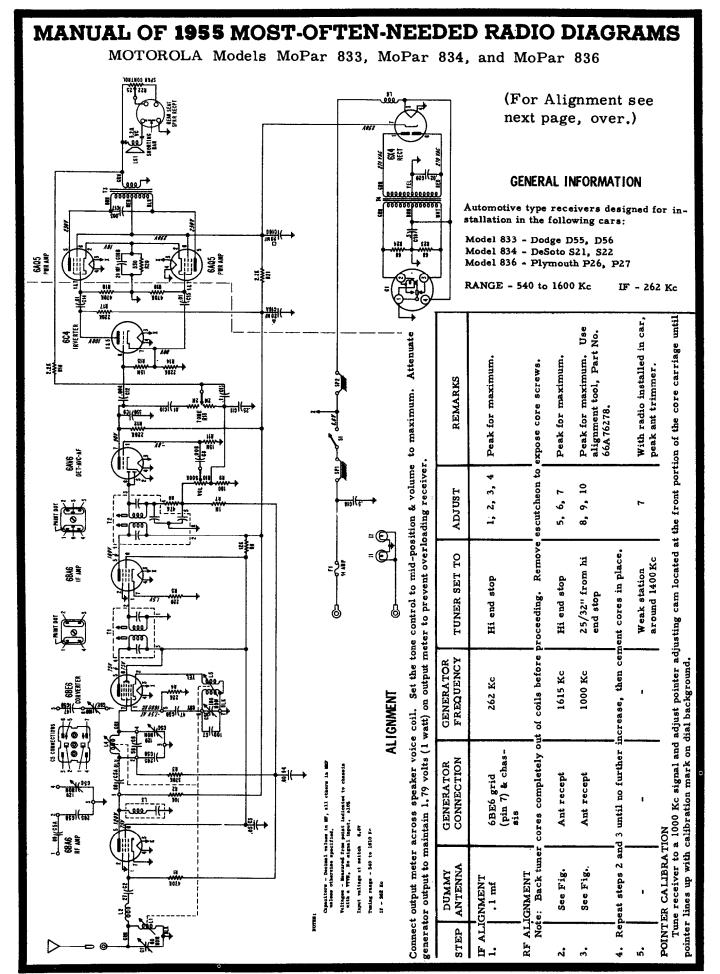
MOTOROLA Auto Radio Model 5MF8, Ford No. FDH-18805-A2 (Alignment information on adjacent page at left)

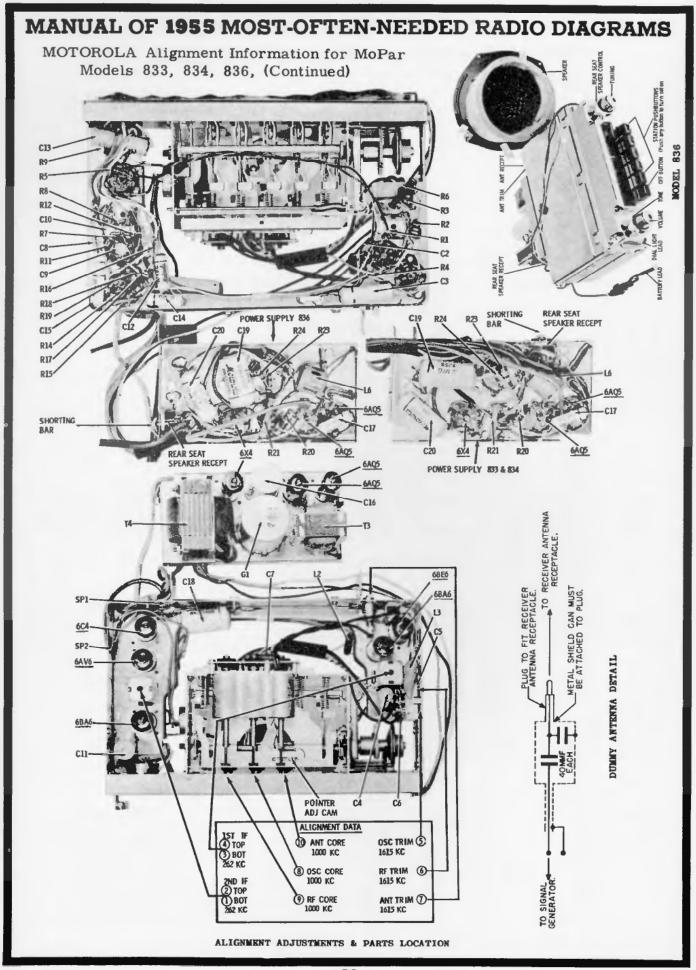






# MANUAL OF 1955 MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED RADIO DIAGRAMS MOTOROLA Models MoPar 613 used in Plymouth P26, P27, and MoPar 614 used in Dodge D55, D56. 2 Regno - Mosoured From motor sedimeter with a YTYE, Fo dignal imput. #30% FIT RECEIVER RECEPTACLE. ALIGNMENT DATA -(8) OSC CORE 1400 KC ANT CORE 1400 KC RF CORE 1400 KC 6AQ5 RF TRIM (6) 1610 KC CALIBRATION DIAL CORD RESTRINGING DETAIL OSC TRIM (5)-1610 KC ANTENNA DETAIL ANT TRIM (7) 1ST IF TOP 455 KC 80T 3 2ND IF TOP (2) 455 KC BOT (1) INTER SLIBE BRKT ALIGNMENT ADJUSTMENT & PARTS LOCATION

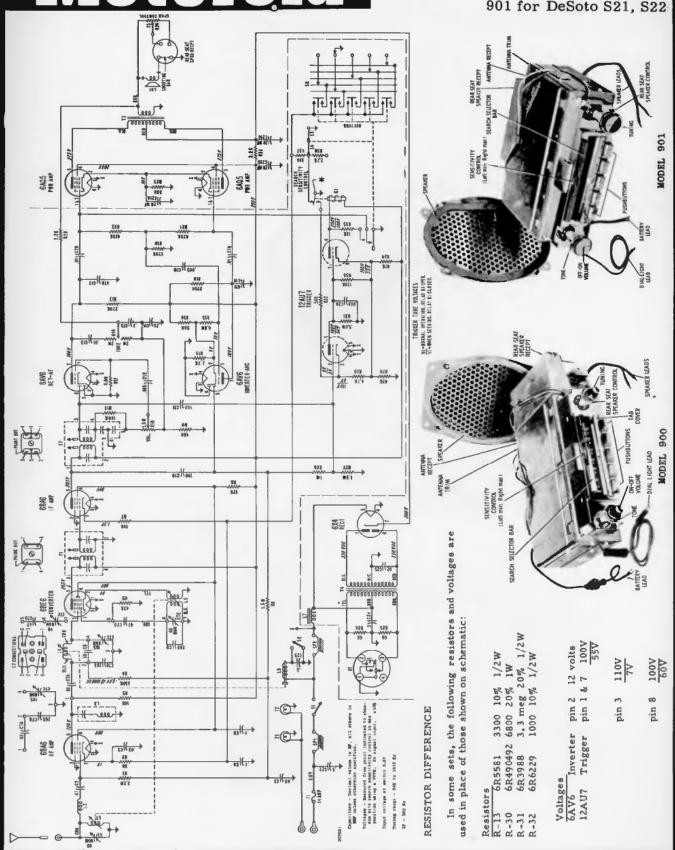


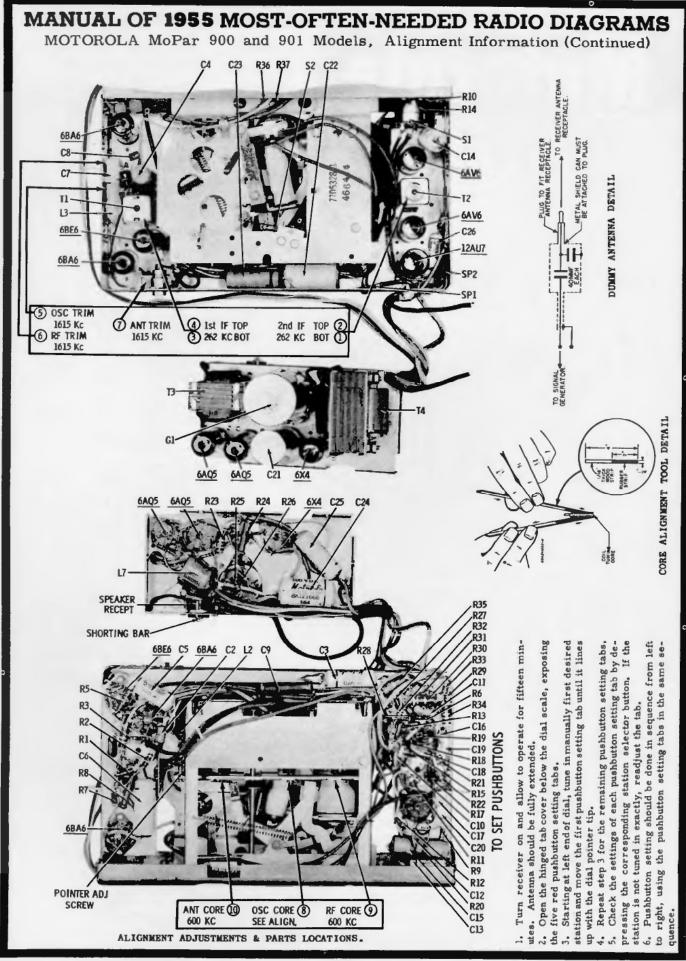


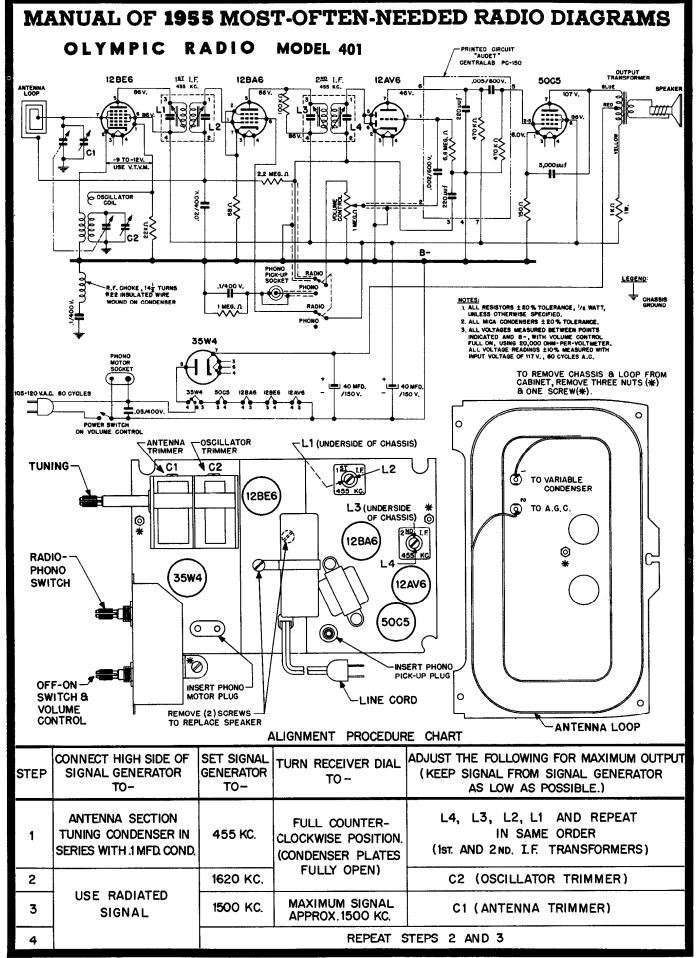
# Motorola

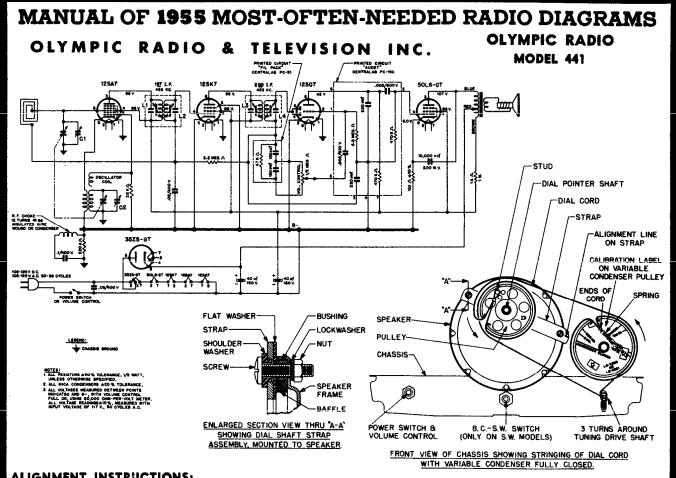
MODELS MoPar 900 MoPar 901 (For Alignment see the next page, over.)

900 for Dodge D55, D56 901 for DeSoto S21, S22









ALIGNMENT INSTRUCTIONS:

The chassis must be removed from the cabinet before alignment can be performed. Before removing chassis pull off dial pointer and the two knobs at the front of the cabinet. At the rear of the cabinet, remove the two screws at the lower right and left hand corners of the chassis apron; these screws are accessible through the notched corners of the antenna loop back. Also remove the screws holding the upper right and left hand corners of the antenna loop back to the cabinet. The chassis can then be easily removed.

Equipment required: Modulated RF signal generator: output meter; insulated screw-driver, two .1 mfd 400 volt

condensers.

To insure proper alignment, a radiated signal will be required during part of the alignment procedure. To radiate a signal, connect a loop of about 6 inches in diameter (one turn of #14 or #12 wire) across the output of the signal generator, and place this loop parallel to the loop of the receiver to be aligned, at a distance of about 10 or 12 inches.

A calibration chart is provided on the variable condenser pulley for convenience in setting the variable condenser to the alignment frequencies. These markings are referenced against the line stamped on the dial pulley mounting strap.

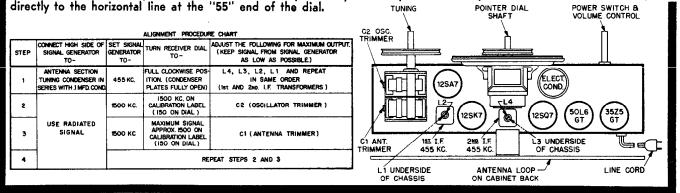
Connect the output meter and signal generator as follows:

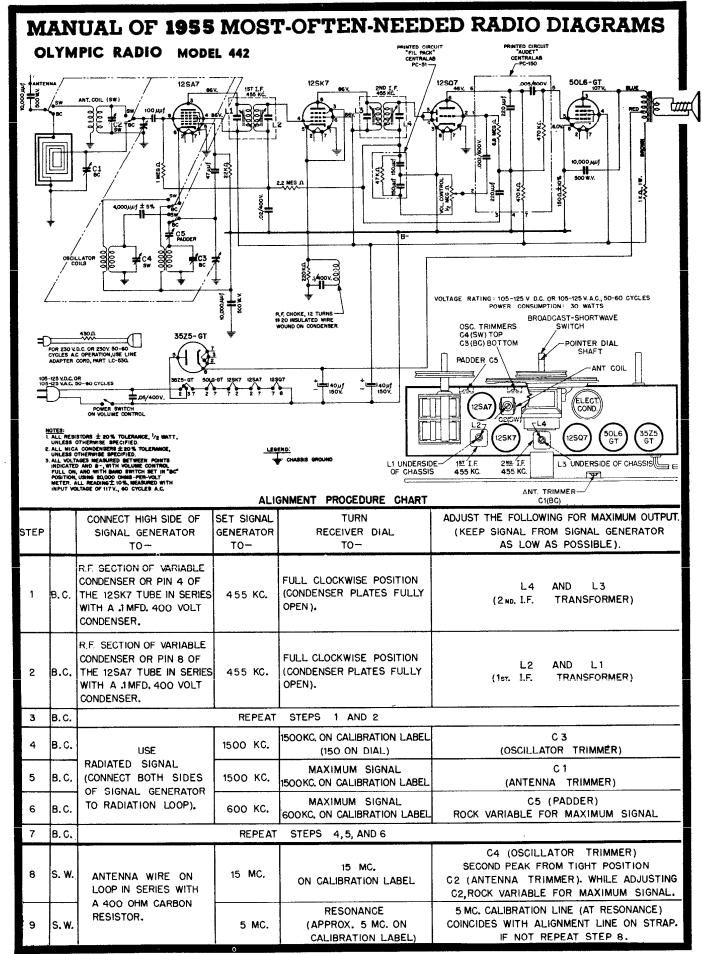
Output meter: Connect across the speaker voice coil and turn the volume control to maximum (extreme clockwise posi-

Signal generator: When the generator is not used to radiate a signal, connect the low side to the receiver chassis through a .I mfd condenser, clip the high side to the point at which signal injection is required, and keep the output as low as possible. Proceed in the sequence shown in the alignment chart.

When the alignment process is completed, turn the tuning knob shaft until the tuning condenser plates are fully meshed. Replace the chassis inside the cabinet, insert and tighten the screws previously removed, and assemble the two knobs on their shafts at the front panel. With the condenser plate fully meshed place the dial pointer on its shaft so that it points directly to the horizontal line at the "55" end of the dial.

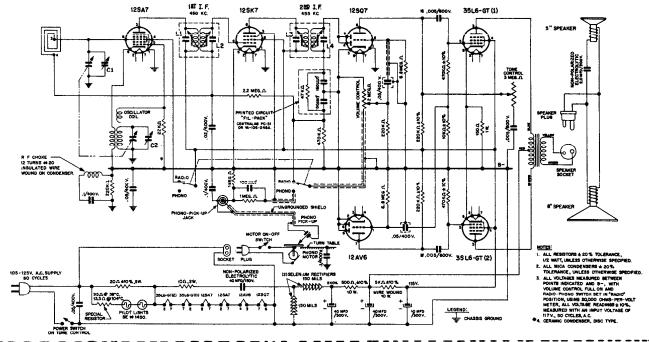
TUNING POINTER DIAL POWER SWITCH A





# MANUAL OF 1955 MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED RADIO DIAGRAMS OLYMPIC RADIO & TELEVISION INC.

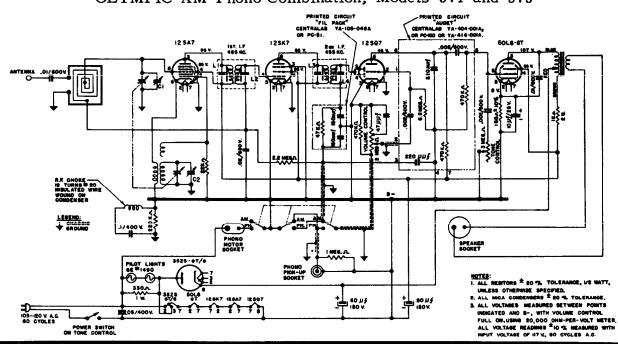
## AM-PHONO 3-SPEED CHANGER COMBINATION MODEL HF 500



This alignment procedure chart applies to all models listed on this page.

			ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE	CEDURE CHART		
STEP	CONNECT HIGH SIDE OF SIGNAL GENERATOR TO -	SET SIGNAL GENERATOR TO-	TURN RECEIVER DIAL TO-	ADJUST THE FOLLOWING FOR MAXIMUM OUTPUT. (KEEP SIGNAL FROM SIGNAL GENERATOR AS LOW AS POSSIBLE)		
1	ANTENNA SECTION TUNING CONDENSER IN SERIES WITH 1 MFD. COND.	455 KC.	FULL CLOCKWISE POS- ITION (CONDENSER PLATES FULLY OPEN)	L4, L3, L2, L1 AND REPEAT IN SAME ORDER (1st. AND 280, LE TRANSFORMERS)		
2	USE RADIATED SIGNAL	1500 KC.	1500 KG. (150 ON DIAL)	C 2 (OSCILLATOR)		
3		1500 KG.	C. MAXIMUM SIGNAL (APPROX. 150 ON DIAL)			
4		REPEAT STEPS 2 AND 3				

## OLYMPIC AM-Phono Combination, Models 571 and 573



# Packard-Bell

MODEL SA! HAS TWO SPEAKERS IN SERIES.

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80

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69

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CHASS/S

SS

RADIO - PHONO SWITCH SHOWN I RADIO POSITION

50C5

12.4VG

5-5

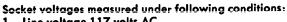
.v.2 128A6

2-1

12856

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### MODEL 541 RADIO-PHONO CHAIRSIDE RADIO



- Line voltage 117 volts AC.
- Volume control at maximum.
- Switch in RADIO position.
- VTVM between terminal and B minus.
- Only DC voltages measured. Allow 10% toleronce.

52

88

33.4

NOTE: In early production, C-11 was 5000 mmf instead of 2000 mmf.

7.5 35W4

# PROCEDURE: LIGNMENT

C/58 50MF /50 V.

To align set, follow steps below. Connect output meter to speaker voice coil. Use isolation transformer, if available, for shock protection.

a minimum input signal. Connect test oscillator through a .01 mfd Each adjustment should be made using capacitor to the point indicated in chart

Antenna Clip 1500 Kc. Tune set to C-2A for MAX osc. signal	Tune set to osc. signal	1500 Kc.	Antenna Clip	က်
C-2B for MAX	1620 Kc.	1620 Kc.	Antenna Clip 1620 Kc. 1620 Kc. C-2B for MAX	7.
540 Kc. S-1, S-2, S-3 & S-4 for MAX	540 Kc.	455 Kc.	Pin 1, V-1 (12BE6)	<u> </u>
Abjust	RACIO DIAL SETTING	TEST OSCILLATOR FREQUENCY	CONNECT TEST OSCILLATOR TO	STE
		-		

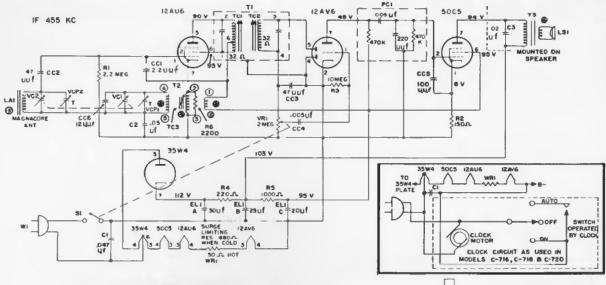
10 H 5-3 0 

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**7-2** 

# MANUAL OF 1955 MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED RADIO DIAGRAMS PHILCO HOME RADIO MODELS C-579, C-580, C-716, C-718 and C-720



#### ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

GENERAL — Allow the set and test equipment to warm up for fifteen minutes before starting alignment procedure.

TUNING DIAL — Before proceeding with the alignment, set the tuning knob indicator so that it is in a horizontal position, just pass the "55" dial mark, when the gang is fully closed.

OUTPUT INDICATOR — Connect the output indicator (a 1000 ohms-pervolt, a-c voltmeter, or an oscilloscope) across the voice-coil terminals.

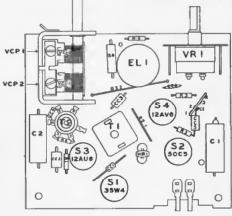
SIGNAL GENERATOR — Use an AM r-f signal generator. Connect the ground lead to B—, and connect the output lead as indicated in the alignment chart.

OUTPUT LEVEL — Attenuate the signal-generator output throughout the alignment so as to maintain the output level below 0.4 volt.

RADIO CONTROLS — Set the volume control to maximum. Set the tuning control as indicated in the alignment chart.

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

CABINET	Moulded plastic
CIRCUIT	Three tube autodyne (plus rectifier)
FREQUENCY RANGE	540 KC to 1620 KC
AUDIO OUTPUT	1 Watt
OPERATING VOLTAGE—Model	ls C-579 & C-580 105 to 120v., ac or dc ls C-716 & C-718 105 to 120v., ac
POWER CONSUMPTION	30 Watts
AERIAL	Self Contained Magnacore
INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY	455KC
PHILCO TUBES 12	AU6 Converter-oscillator, 12AV6 detector 1st audio, 50C5 output and 35W4 rectifier



NOTE: In Clock Models, the switch on VRI is removed and a wire is added between wiring panel and clock.



MODEL C-580

	SIGNAL GENERA	TOR	RADI		
Slep	Connection to Radio	Dial Setting	Special Instructions	Dial Setting	Adjust
1	Connect signal generator through a .1 mf. condenser to antenna section of luning gang.	455 KC	Adjust for maximum output in order given.	Tuning gang fully opened	TC2 I-F sec. TC1 I-F pri.
2	Use radiating loop	1620 KC	Adjust for maximum output.	Gang fully opened	VCP-2 osc. trim.
3	Same as Step 2	1400 KC	Adjust for maximum output.	1400 KC	VCP-1 ont. trim.
4	Repeat Steps 2 and 3 u	ntil no furthe	er improvement is obtained	1.	

ALIGNMENT CHART

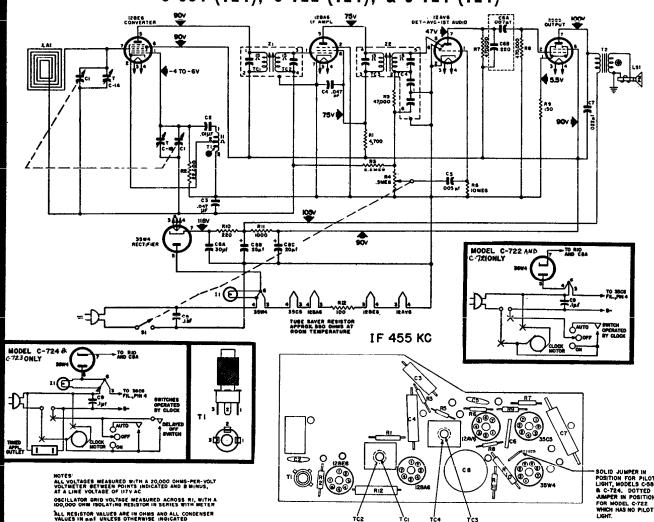


MODEL C-718

NOTE: Use a 6-to-8 turn, 6-inch diameter loop made of insulated wire. Connect to generator terminals, and place about one fool from radio loop.

# MANUAL OF 1955 MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED RADIO DIAGRAMS PHILCO MODELS C-583, C-721 and C-723 (All Code 124)

C-584 (124), C-722 (124), & C-724 (124)



MOICATES LESS THAN 1 OHM.

\*\* INDICATES CLOCK SOCKET CONNECTION

#### ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

RADIO CONTROLS — Set volume control to maximum. Set tuning control as indicated in chart.

OUTPUT METER — Connect across voicecoil terminals,

OUTPUT LEVEL — During alignment, adjust signal-generator output to hold output-meter reading below .5 volts.

### ALIGNMENT CHART

	SIGNAL GENERATOR		i		
STEP	CONNECTION TO RADIO	DIAL SETTING	DIAL SETTING	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	ADJUST
1	Ground lead to B—; output lead through a .1-mi. condenser to grid (pin 7) of 12BE6.	455 KC	Tuning gang fully open	Adjust tuning cores, in order given, for maximum output. TC1 and TC3 are located at top of transformers.	TC4—2nd i-f sec. TC3—2nd i-f pri. TC2—1st i-f sec. TC1—1st i-f pri.
2	Radiating loop (See note below).	1620 KC	1620 KC *	Adjust trimmer for maximum output.	Cl-B — osc.
3	Same as step 2.	1500 KC	1500 KC	Adjust trimmer for maximum output.	Cl-A — aerial

NOTE: Make up a 6-8 turn, 6 inch diameter loop from insulated wire, connect to signal-generator leads, and place near radio loop.

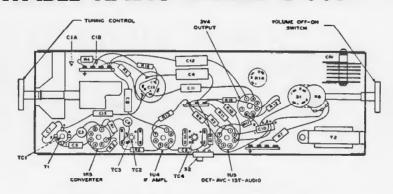
\* For proper adjustment of the oscillator trimmer, fully open the tuning gang and insert a .006 inch non-metallic shim between the heel of the rotor and the top of the stator plates. Close the tuning gang sufficiently to hold the shim in place, and then remove the shim without disturbing the gang setting.

# MANUAL OF 1955 MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED RADIO DIAGRAMS PHILCO PORTABLE RADIO MODEL C-661

MODEL C-662





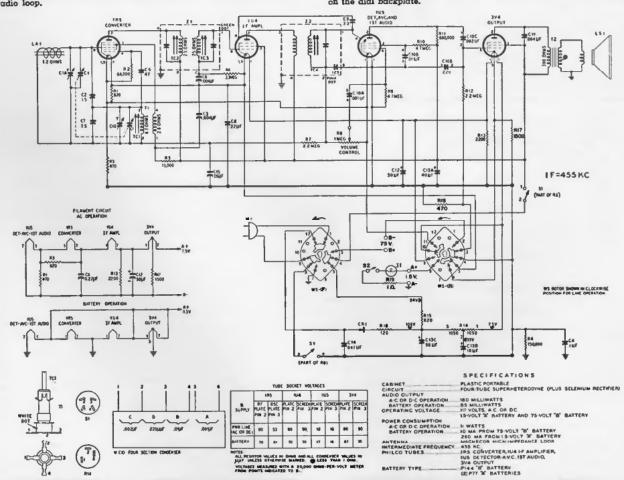


ALIGNMENT CHART

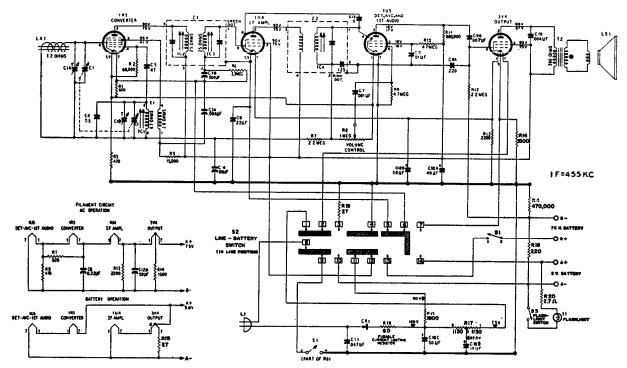
	SIGNAL GENERATOR					
STEP	CONNECTION TO RADIO	DIAL SETTING	DIAL SETTING	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	ADJUST	
1	Connect signal generator through a .1-uf. condenser to pin 6 (converter grid) of 1R5.	455 kc.	Tuning gang fully open.	Adjust for maximum output in order given.	TC4—2nd i-f sec. TC2—1st i-f pri. TC3—1s! i-f sec.	
2	Use radiating loop. (See NOTE 1 below.)	1620 kc.	1620 kc. (mark on extreme right.)	Adjust for maximum output.	C1B—osc. trimmer	
3	Same as step 2.	1400 kc.	1400 kc. (second mark from right.)	Adjust for maximum output.	Clă-antenna trimmer	
4	Same as step 2.	600 kc.	600 kc. (See NOTE 2 below.)	Adjust for maximum output. Rock tuning gang while mak- ing this adjustment.	TC1-osc. core	
5	Repeat steps 2, 3, and 4 until no further improvement is obtained.					

NOTE 1. Use a 6-to-8-turn, 6-inch-diameter loop made up of insulated wire. Connect to generator terminals, and place about one foot from radio loop.

NOTE 2. The tuning condenser can be set to the proper frequency by turning it until the dial pointer coincides with the respective marks on the dial backplate.



# MANUAL OF 1955 MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED RADIO DIAGRAMS PHILCO PORTABLE RADIO MODEL C-663



#### ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Dial Indicator — Before alignment, the dial knob should be set as follows: with the condenser gang plates fully meshed, the first knob marking (past the 550 KC point) should be perpendicular to the front of the chassis.

Output Indicator — Connect a 1000-ohms-per-volt a-c voltmeter or an oscilloscope across the voice-coil terminals.

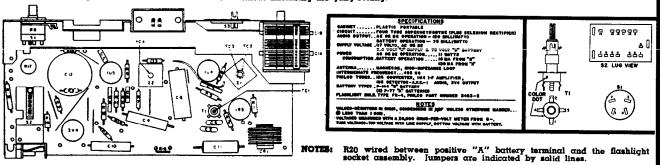
Signal Generator — Use an AM r-f signal generator. Connect the ground lead to B—, and connect the output lead as indicated in the alignment chart.

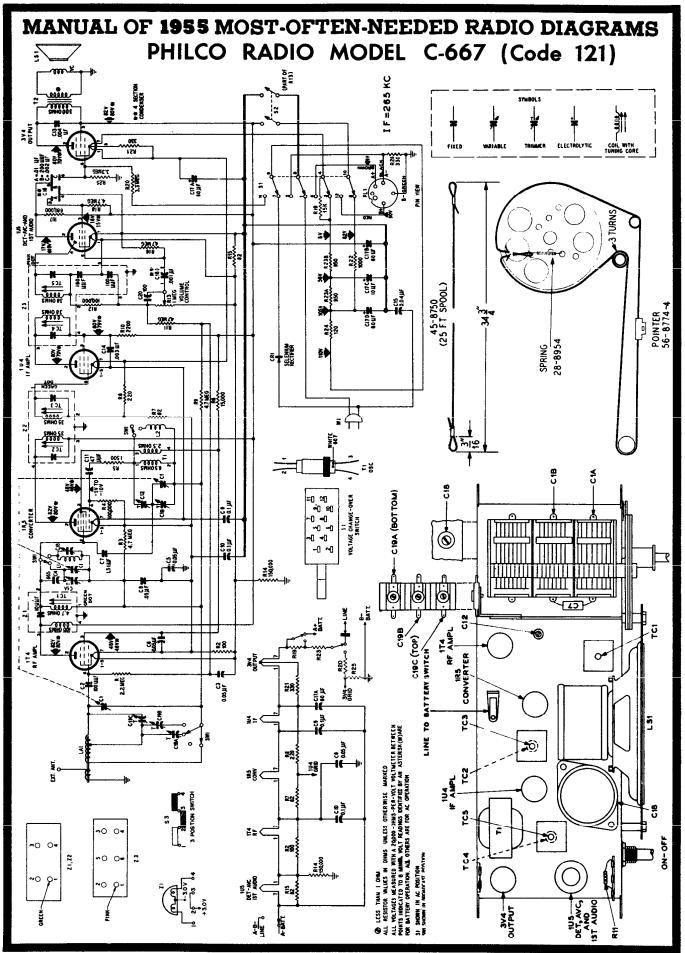
	SIGNAL GENERATOR		RADIO			
STEP	CONNECTION TO RADIO	DIAL SETTING	DIAL SETTING	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	ADJUST	
1	Connect signal generator through a .1 mfd condenser to pin 6 (converter grid) of 1R5.	455 kc.	Tuning gang fully open.	Adjust for maximum output in order given.	TC4—2nd I-F sec. TC3—1st I-F sec. TC2—1st I-F pri.	
2	Use radiating loop (See note one below).	1620 kc.	1620 kc. (See note 2 below).	Adjust for maximum.	C1B—osc. trimmer	
3	Same as step 2. 1400 kc. (Tune for signal.) Adjust for maximum.		CIA—ant. trimmer			
4	Same as step 2.  600 kc. (Tune for signal.)  Adjust for maximum output. Rock tuning gang while making this adjustment.		TC-1—Osc. core			
5	Repeat steps 2, 3, and 4 until no further improvement is noted.					

NOTE 1: Use a 6- to -8 turn, 6 inch diameter loop made up of insulated wire. Connect to generator terminals, and place about one foot from radio loop.

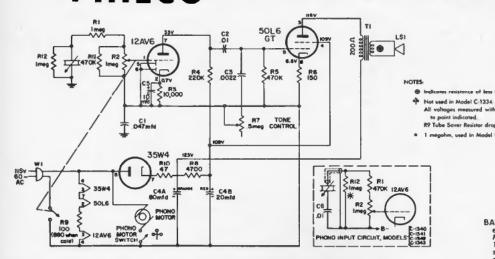
NOTE 2: The tuning condenser can be set to the proper frequency for the carillator adjustment as follows: Fully open the tuning condenser.

NOTE 2: The tuning condenser can be set to the proper frequency for the oscillator adjustment as follows: Fully open the tuning gang and insert a .006 non-metallic shim between the heel of the rotor and the top of the stator plates. Close the gang sufficiently to hold the shim in place, and then remove the shim without disturbing the gang setting.





# MANUAL OF 1955 MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED RADIO DIAGRAMS PHILCO MODELS C-1334, C-1340, C-1341, C-1342, C-1343



Model C-1334 Schematic (for Models C-1340 to C-1343 see inset)

BASE VIEW showing Component Placement, Model C-1334. Models C-1340, C-1341, C-1342 and C-1343 use the same amplifier chassis except for the removal of R11 and the addition of C6.

m, used in Model C-1340 (with M-24) only.

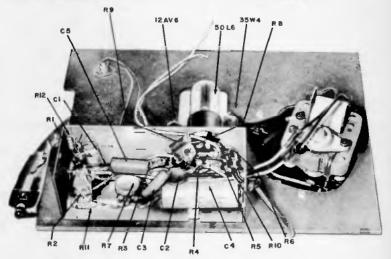
### SPECIFICATIONS

Circuit — Two tube amplifier plus rectifier.

Audio Output - 1.0 watt.

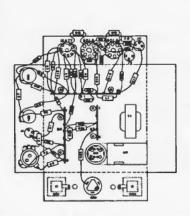
Operating Voltage — 105 to 125 volts, 60 cycles, A.C.

Power Consumption - 55 watts.

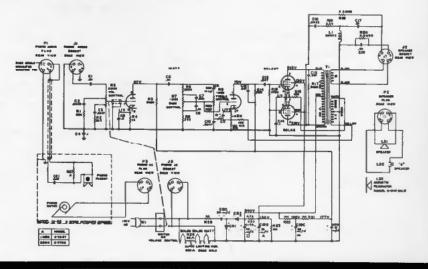


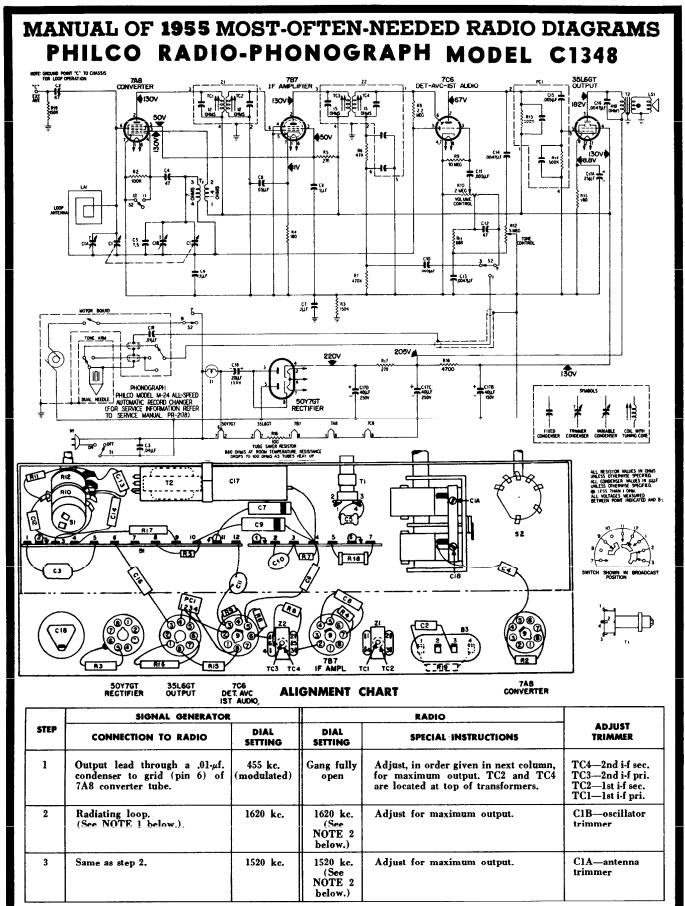
# PHILCO HI-FIDELITY PHONOGRAPHS

MODELS C-1347 and C-1755

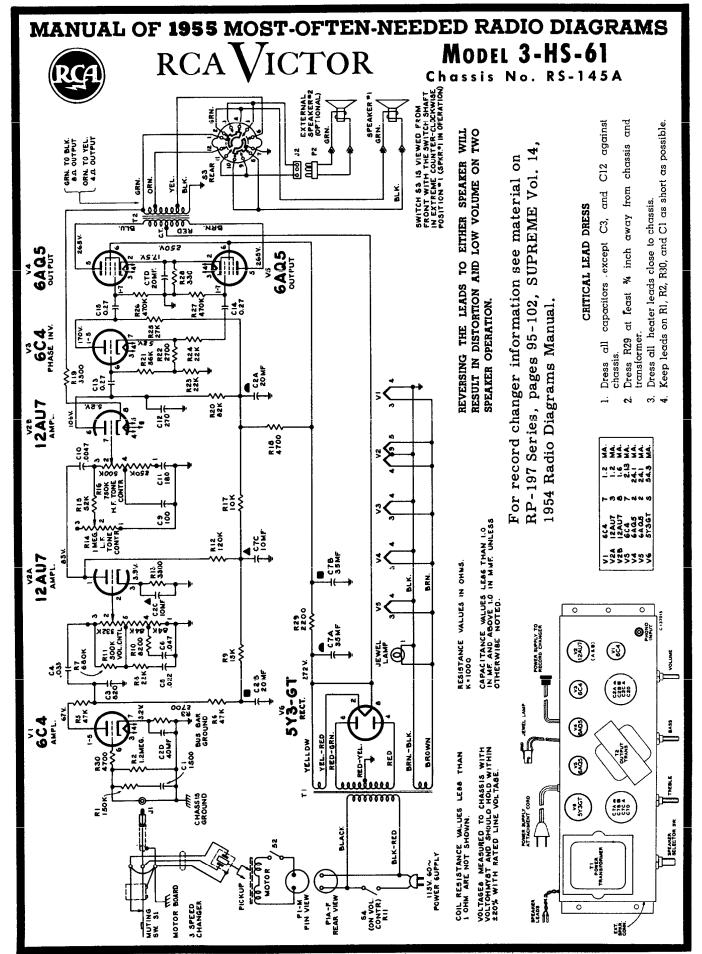


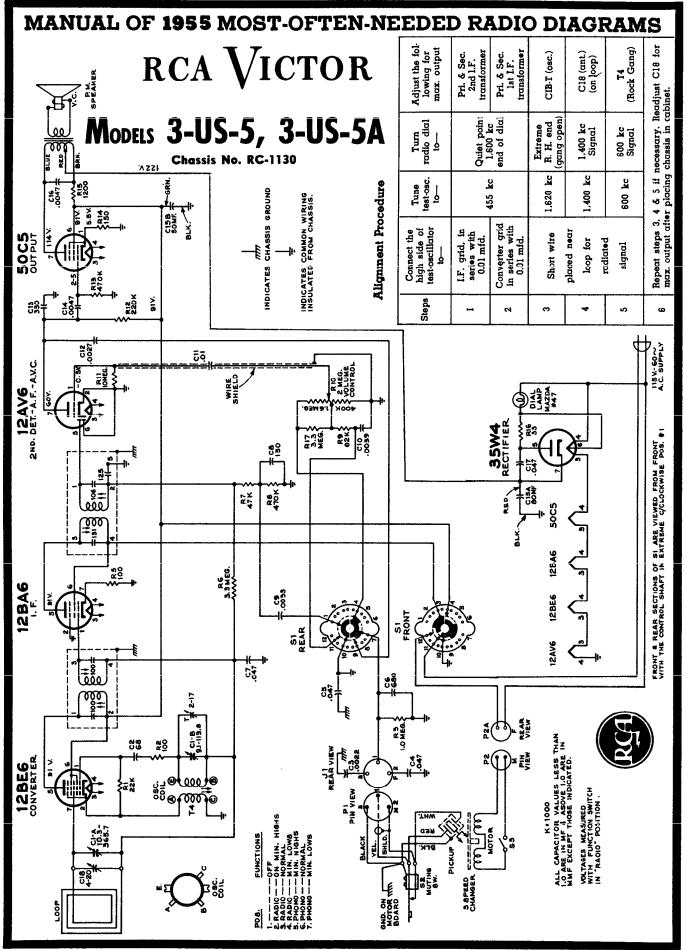
Base View - Models C-1347 and C-1755

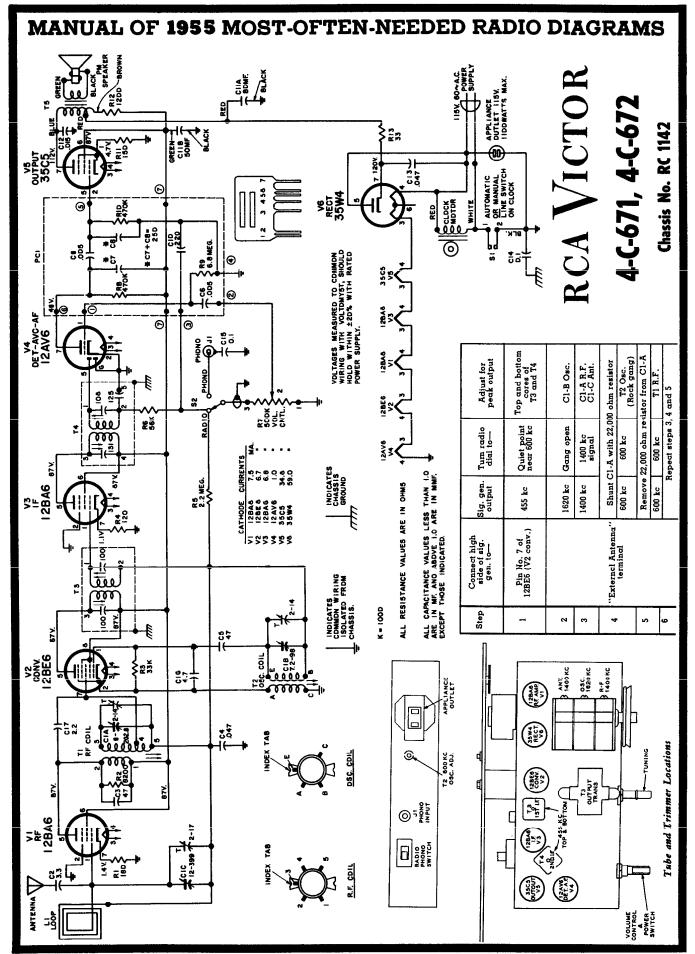




NOTE 1: Make up a 6—8 turn, 6-inch-diameter loop from insulated wire; connect to signal-generator leads, and place near radio loop. NOTE 2: The tuning gang can be set to 1620 kc. and 1520 kc. by turning the tuning control until the pointer coincides with the respective marks on the dial backplate.









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PHONO INPUT

## 4-C-541 SERIES

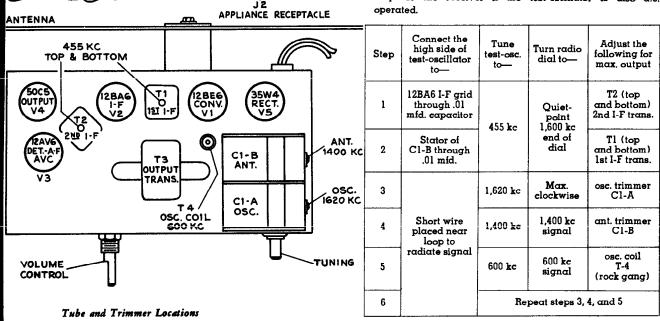
Chassis No. RC-1145

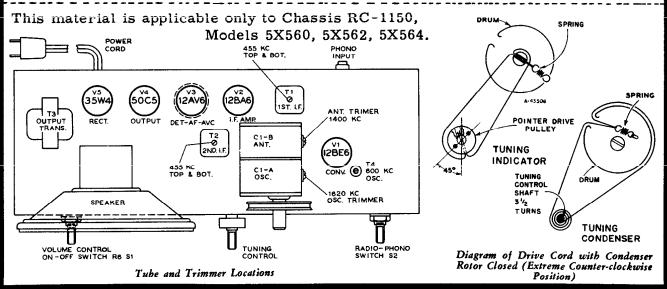
The material on this page and on the page adjacent at right, is exact for Models  $\underline{4C541}$ ,  $\underline{4C542}$ ,  $\underline{4C543}$ ,  $\underline{4C544}$ ,  $\underline{4C545}$ ,  $\underline{4C547}$ , Chassis  $\underline{RC-1145}$ . Models  $\underline{4C531}$ ,  $\underline{4C532}$ ,  $\underline{4C533}$ ,  $\underline{4C534}$ ,  $\underline{4C535}$ , Chassis  $\underline{RC-1144}$  are similar electrically to RC-1145, but omit radio-phono switch S2 and outlet J2. Models  $\underline{4X551}$ ,  $\underline{4X552}$ ,  $\underline{4X553}$ ,  $\underline{4X554}$ ,  $\underline{4X555}$ , Chassis  $\underline{RC-1146}$ , and Models  $\underline{5X560}$ ,  $\underline{5X562}$ ,  $\underline{5X564}$ , Chassis  $\underline{RC-1150}$ , are also similar electrically to Chassis RC-1145 described on these two pages, but omit clock mechanism.

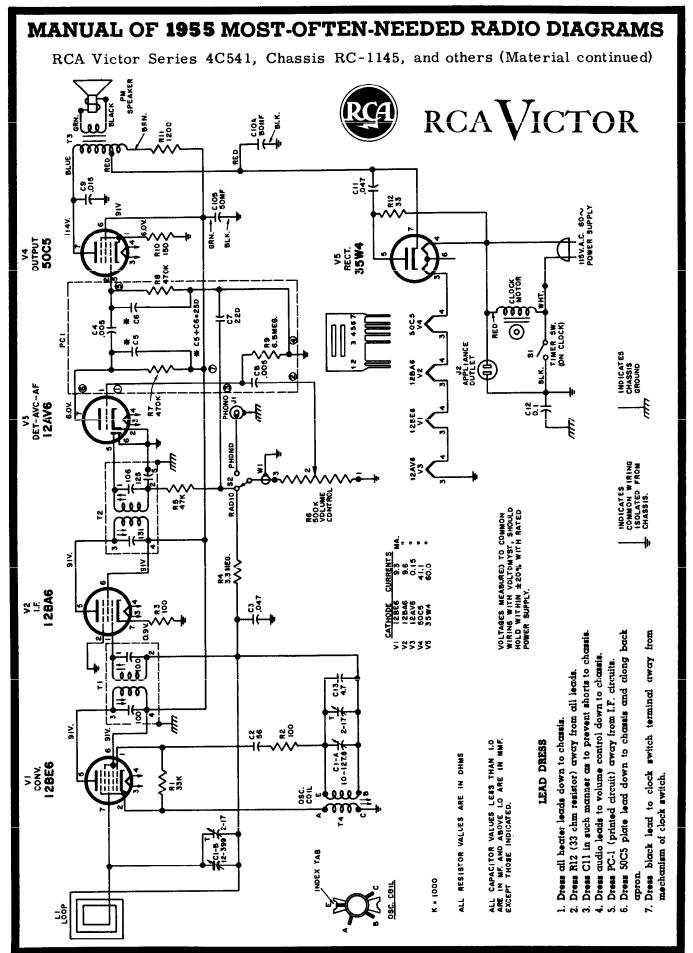
### Alignment Procedure

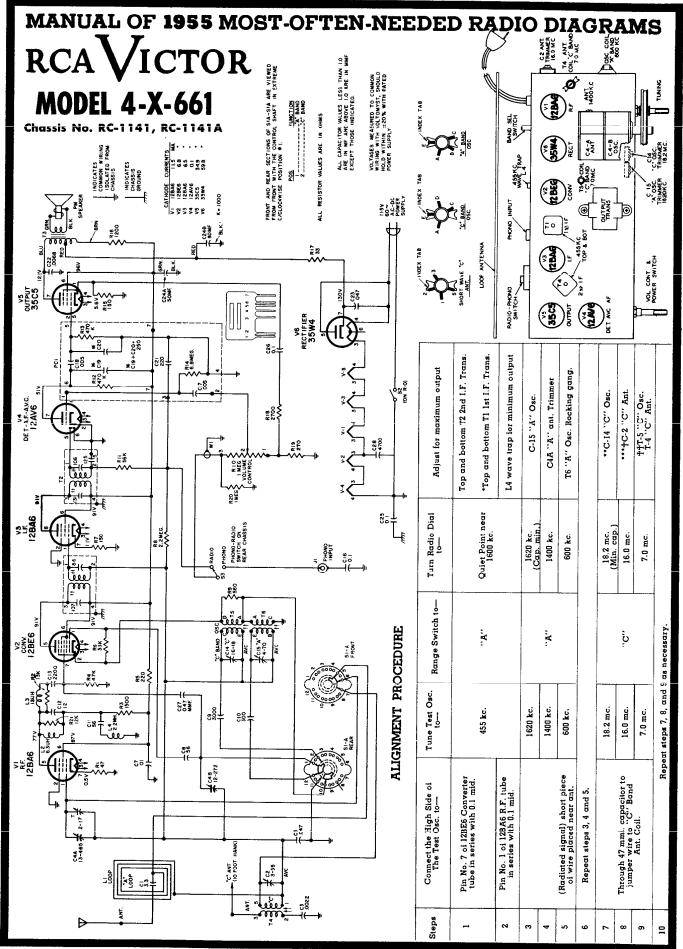
Test-Oscillator—For all alignment operations, connect the low side of the test-oscillator to the receiver chassis, and keep the oscillator output as low as possible to avoid  $\alpha$ -v-c action.

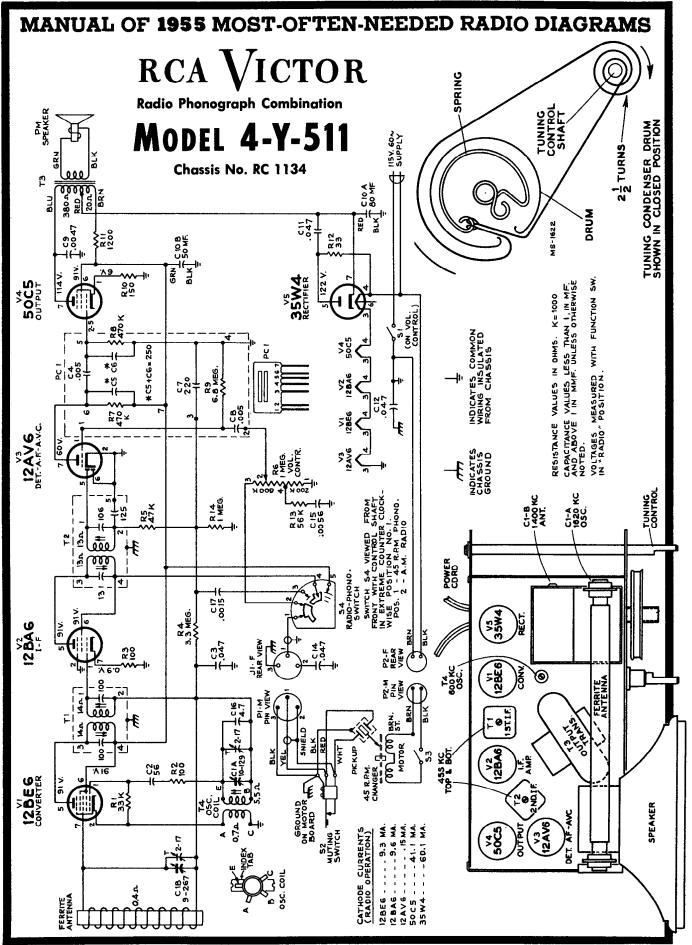
An isolation transformer (115/115 v.) may be necessary for the receiver if the test-oscillator is also a.c. operated.

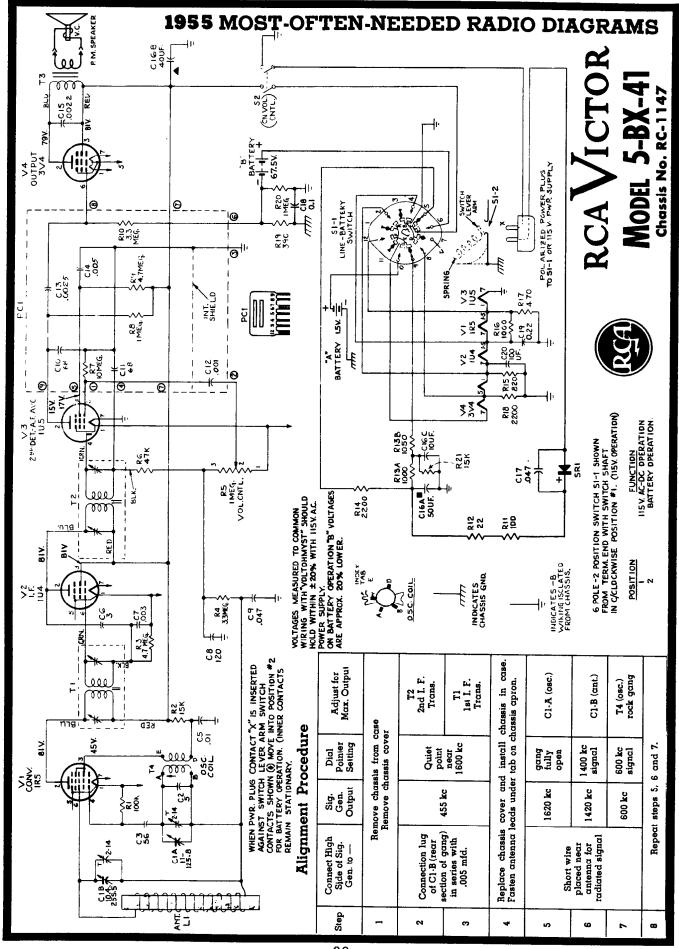


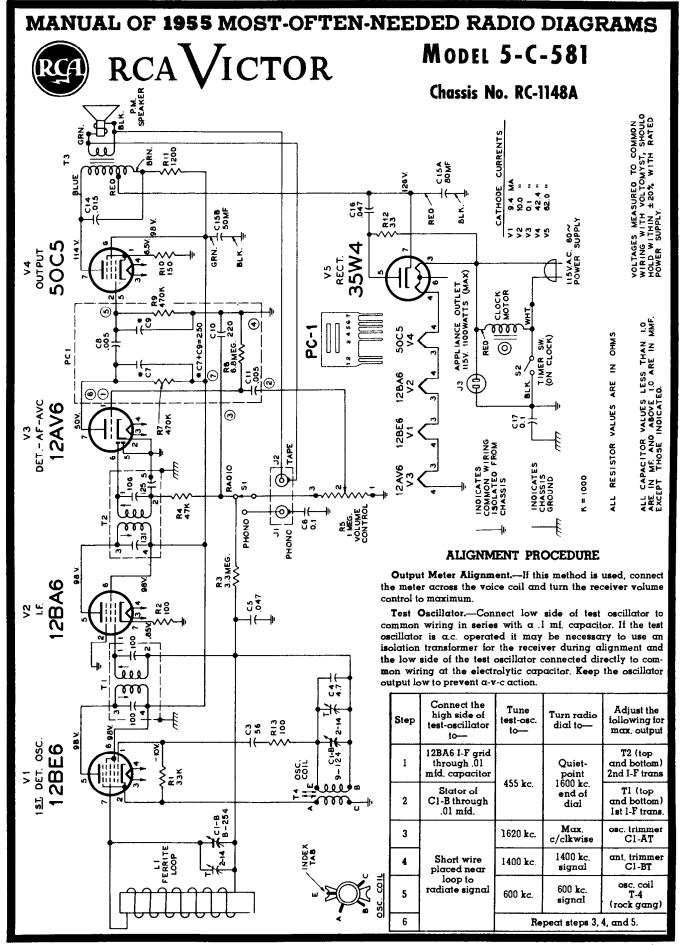


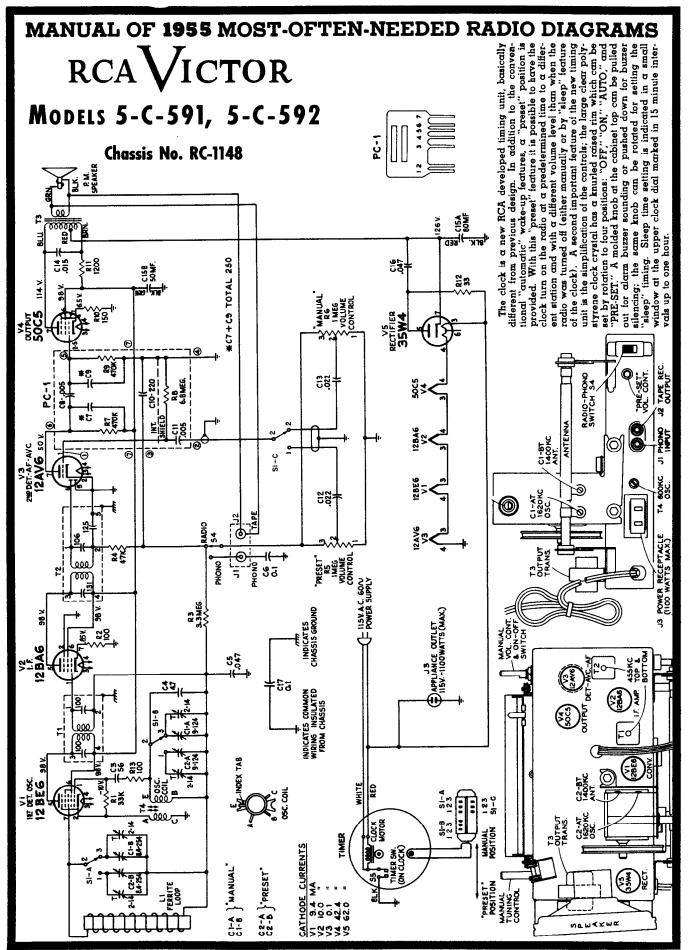


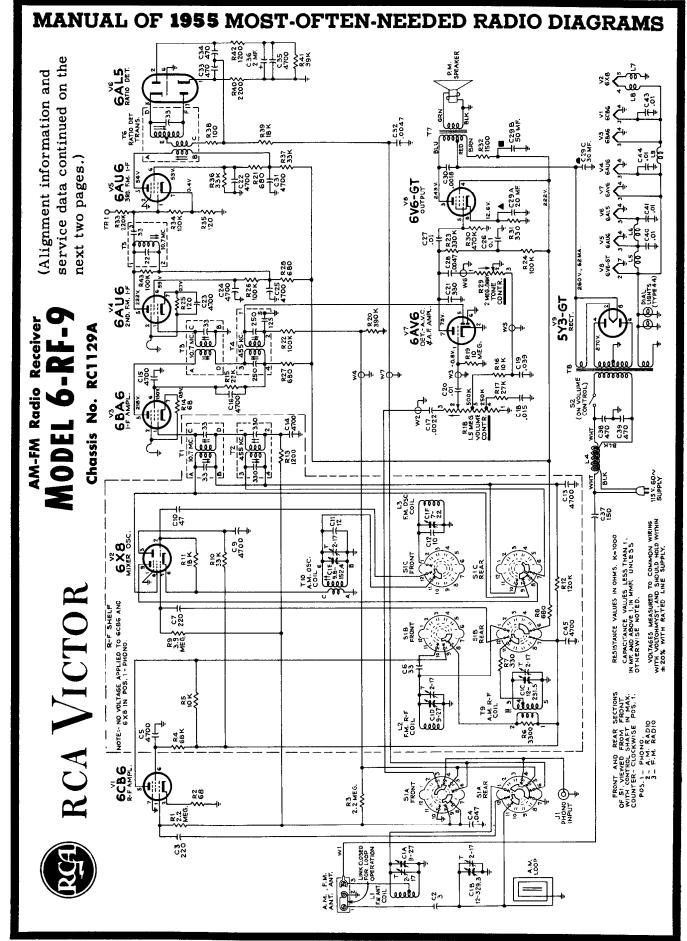












RCA Victor Model 6-RF-9, Chassis RC-1129A (Continued)
(See also next page)

### CORE PEAKING

Incorrect peaking can seriously affect gain and bandwidth. The correct peak is noted for the various coils and transformers.

- The RF transformer core screw should be adjusted on the peak position furtherest removed from the coil mounting clip. An incorrect peak may sometimes be obtained with the core screw almost all the way into the clip.
- The oscillator coil (AM) should be adjusted on the peak obtained with the core coming out the lug end of the coil. When adjusting from the top of the chassis, this is the peak with the core furtherest into the coil.
- 3. The position of the FM IF transformer screws should be noted after adjustment. These cores should be peaked with the core part way out of the coil toward the adjusting hole. It is possible to run the IF cores all the way through the FM windings and obtain a second peak. This will cause serious overcoupling and should be avoided by using a marked adjusting stick. The correct peak is always the first peak obtained when the core is started in from the "backed all the way out" position.

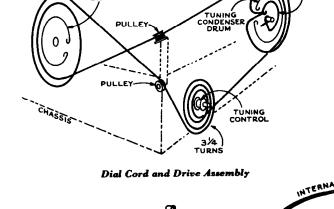
Tube	Туре	Elements	Pin No.	"AM"	"FM"	Phono.
I	RF amp. 6CB6	Plate Screen Cathode Grid	5 6 2 1	195 96 0.4 -1.4	t28 65 0.5 -0.2	
2	Mixer 6X8	Plate Screen Grld	9 8 7	39 39 2.8	38 39 -1.5	
	Osc. 6X8	Plate Grid	3 2	79 -6.1	66 -2.3	<u> </u>
3	lF cmp. 6BA6	Plate Screen Cathode Grid	5 6 7 1	195 122 0.8 -1.6	187 100 0.9	218 130 0.9 -1.2
4	IF amp. 6AU6	Plate Screen Cathode	5 6 7	200 65 0.55	195 62 0.55	222 69 0.65
5	IF amp. 6AU6	Plate Screen Cathode Grld	5 6 7 1	52 49 0.36 -0.34	50 47 0.35 -0.34	56 53 0.4 -0.3
6	Ratio Det. 6AL5	_				_
7	AF amp. 6AV6	Plate Grid	7	69 -0.8	69 -0.8	73 -0.8
8	Output 6V6GT	Plate Screen Cathode	3 4 8	242 200 11.1	240 195 10.7	243 222 12.8
9	Rectifier 5Y3GT	Fil.	8	257	254	260

**VOLTAGE CHART** 

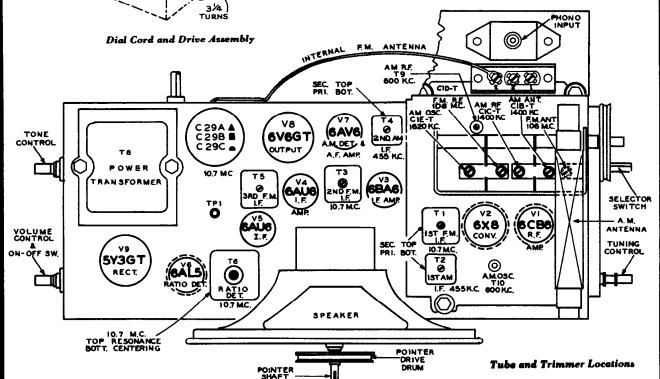
The heater voltage of the mixer/oscillator tube (6X8) is approx. 0.4 volt lower than other tubes in the same circuit. This is due to the filament choke coils L7 and L8.

Voltages and currents measured with tuning condenser closed and no signal input should hold within  $\pm 20\%$  with rated line voltage.

RCA VoltOhmyst used for measuring all voltages.



POINTER DRUM



TENSION SPRING

RCA Victor Model 6-RF-9, Chassis RC-1129A (Continued)

### ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

Due to the use of separate I.F. transformers, there is little interaction between the 10.7 mc. and the 455 kc. adjustments.

There is a slight interaction of adjustments on the tuning condenser between AM and FM.

Final adjustment of AM ant. trimmer should be made with chassis and antenna in cabinet.

#### Alignment Indicators:

For measuring the developed d-c voltage across C36 during FM alignment an RCA VoltOhmyst or an equivalent meter should be used. An output meter connected across the voice coil is also needed to indicate minimum audio output during FM Ratio Detector alignment.

The RCA VoltOhmyst can also be used to indicate audio output voltage across the voice coil or developed voltage on the AVC bus.

### Signal Generator:

For alignment operations connect the low side of the signal generator to the receiver chassis. The output of the signal generator should always be controlled to prevent over-loading or excessive AVC action.

### Oscilloscope Alignment:

It is preferable to use a sweep generator and oscilloscope for aligning I.F. and R.F. circuits to obtain a visual observation of curve shape during alignment.

With FM sweep generator connected between FM ant. (#3) terminal and chassis, and oscilloscope connected between the junction of R39-C32 and chassis, the overall FM linearity may be observed. With 100% FM modulation there should be a peak-to-peak separation of 150 kc. with 50,000 microvolts input before noticeable distortion of the sine wave is present.

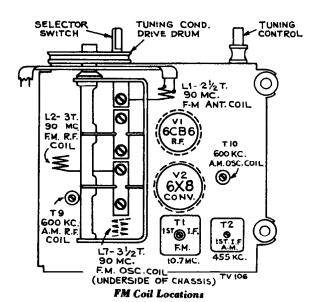
For FM alignment of the ratio detector, connect oscilloscope to junction of 56K resistors as in alignment table, adjusting T6 top and bottom cores for 10.7 mc. crossover and balanced peaks. When aligning other FM tuned circuits, connect oscilloscope to TP1. Follow alignment table sequence, adjusting for maximum gain and symmetry.

### AM Alignment

### RANGE SWITCH IN AM POSITION

Steps	Connect high side of sig. gen. to—	Sig. gen. output	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust for peak output			
ı	Pin 1 of V3 6BA6 in series with .01 mfd.	455 kc.	Quiet point	T4 bottom core (pri.) T4 top core (sec.)			
2	Tap terminal T9 term, 4 in series with ,01 mtd.	433 RC.	155 ke. at low freq. end	T2 top core (sec.) T2 bottom core (pri.)			
3	No. l	1620 kc.	High freq. end of dial (min. cap.)	ClE-T			
4		1400 kc.	1400 kc. signal	ClB-T ant, ClC-T r.f.			
5	ant. input strip		Shunt a 10,000 ohm resistor across the r.i. section of the gang.				
6		600 kc.	600 kc. signal	Ti0 osc.* (Rock gang.)			
7		Remove the 10,000 ohm resistor and peak T9 r.f.*					
8	Repeat 3, 4, 5,	6 and 7					

\* The correct adjustment of the Osc. (T10) core is that peak obtained with core furtherest away from the coil mounting clips. R.F. (T9) core should be set to the peak obtained (2 peaks are seldom obtainable) with core closest to the mounting clips.



### FM Alignment

## RANGE SWITCH IN FM POSITION— VOLUME CONTROL MAXIMUM—TONE CONTROL CENTER

Steps	Connect high side of sig. gen. to	Sig. gen. output	Turn radio dlal to	Adjust for peak output
I	Pin 1 of V5 6AU6 in series with .0I mfd.	10.7 mc. modulated 30% 400 cycles	Quiet point at low freq. end	
2	resistor. Adju	ltOhmyst acrest Sig. gen. o d-c on VoltOl	utput to give	T6 top core for max, d-c voltage across C36
3	Shunt R41 wi connected in a from center j junction	T6 bottom core for 0 volts d-c		
4	Pin 1 of V3 6BA6 in series with .01 mfd.	10.7 mc. modulated	Quiet point	VoltOhmyst conn. to TPl. ††T5 top core. T3 top & bottom
5	Stator of C1D in series with .01 mid.	30% 400 cycles	freq. end	cores. ††TI top and bottom cores
6	FM Ant.	90 mc.	90 mc.	Remove bottom shield. **Osc. coil L3
7	terminals 270 ohm resistor in series #3	106 mc.	106 mc. signal	Replace bottom shield. ClA-T ant., ClD-T r.f.
8	term.	90 mc.	90 mc.	**Ll ant. L2 r.f.
9	Repeat steps		til further adju calibration.	stment does not

†† Alternate loading may be necessary to provide accurate observation of peaks.

Alternate loading involves the use of a 680 ohm resistor to load the plafe winding while the grid winding of the SAME TRANSFORMER is being peaked. Then the grid winding is loaded with the resistor while the plate winding is peaked. Only one winding is loaded at any one time. Remove the 680 ohm resistor after T3 and T1 have been aligned.

Oscillator frequency is above signal frequency on both AM and FM.

Extreme care should be used to avoid running the I.F. cores all the way through the winding and out the other end.

\*\* Note: FM antenna, mixer and oscillator coils are adjustable by increasing or decreasing the spacing between turns. The location of the tap on the antenna coil is % turn to % turn from the ground end.



### **ALIGNMENT INDICATORS:**

An RCA VoltOhmyst or equivalent meter is necessary for measuring developed d-c voltage during FM alignment. Connections are specified in the alignment tabulation. An output meter is also necessary to indicate maximum audio output during AM alignment. Connect the output meter across the speaker voice coil. The RCA VoltOhmyst can also be used as am AM alignment indicator, either to measure audio output or to measure AVC voltage. When audio output is being measured, the volume control should be turned to maximum. Adjust tone control to mid-position.

#### SIGNAL GENERATOR:

For all alignment operations, connect the low side of the signal generator to the receiver chassis. If output measurement is used for AM alignment, the output of the signal generator should be kept as low as possible to avoid AVC action.

### AM Alignment FUNCTION SWITCH IN AM POSITION

Steps	Connect high side of sig. gen. to—	Sig. gen. output	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust for peak output		
1	Pin No. 1 of V3 in series with .01 mfd	455 kc.	Quiet point	T4 bottom core (sec.) T4 top core (pri.)		
2	Tap lug 4 on AM RF coil	(mod.)	at high freq. end	T2 bottom core (sec.) T2 top core (pri.)		
3		1620 kc. (mod.)	1620 kc. (gang open)	ClE-T (osc.)		
4	Short wire placed near loop for	1400 kc. (mod.)	1400 kc.	C37 (ant.) C1C-T (rf.)		
5	radiated signal	600 kc.	600 kc.	L6 (osc.) with (rocking gang)		
6	İ	(mod.)		L4 (RF)		
7	Repeat steps 4, 5 and 6 until Maximum gain is obtained					

### FM Alignment FUNCTION SWITCH IN FM POSITION-VOLUME CONTROL MINIMUM—TONE CONTROL CENTER

Steps	Connect high side of sig. gen. to—	Sig. gen. output	Turn radio dial to—	Adjust for max, output
1	Pin No. 1 of VS-12AU6		Quiet	T6 top core for zero d.c. (across C26) T6 bottom core for maximum d.c. (junction of R24 and R25)
2	Pin No. 1 of V4-12AU6	10.7 mc	point at	†T5 top core
3	Pin No. 1 of V3-12BA6			T3 top core †*T3 bottom core
4	C1-B Stator			Ti top core †*Ti bottom core
5		87 mc.	87 mc. (gang closed)	†FM osc. L8
6	FM Ant, terminals thru 270 ohm resistor	106 mc.	106 mc.	†FM R.F CIB-T
7		90 mc.	90 me.	†FM R.F. L2
8		Repeat	steps 6 and 7 ur gain is obtain	
9		100 me.	100 mc.	†FM Ant.

\*If necessary for accurate peaking, the winding in the same transformer not being peaked should be loaded with a 680 ohm resistor. TConnect VoltOhmyst to pin 1 of V5 through a 220K isolating resistor with ¼ inch maximum exposed lead at grid terminal end. Output adjusted for 1 volt d.c. Dress VoltOhmyst lead away from input circuits.

Oscillator frequency is above signal frequency on both AM and FM

## **AM-FM Radio Receiver** Model 6-XF-9

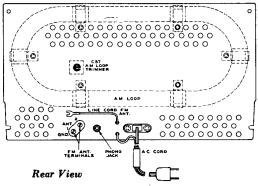
Chassis No. RC-1121B

(See next page at right for circuit diagram and additional material.)

If an FM sweep generator is used for FM alignment, adjust for 10.7 mc, 0.4 mc sweep. Connect oscilloscope across C26, adjusting discriminator T6 top core for 10.7 mc crossover, and T6 bottom core for balanced peaks. Peak separation should be approximately 330 kc. When aligning the other FM tuned circuits, connect oscilloscope lead through a 220K resistor to pin 1 of V5. Follow alignment table sequence, adjusting for maximum gain and symmetrical curves.

### TUNING RANGE

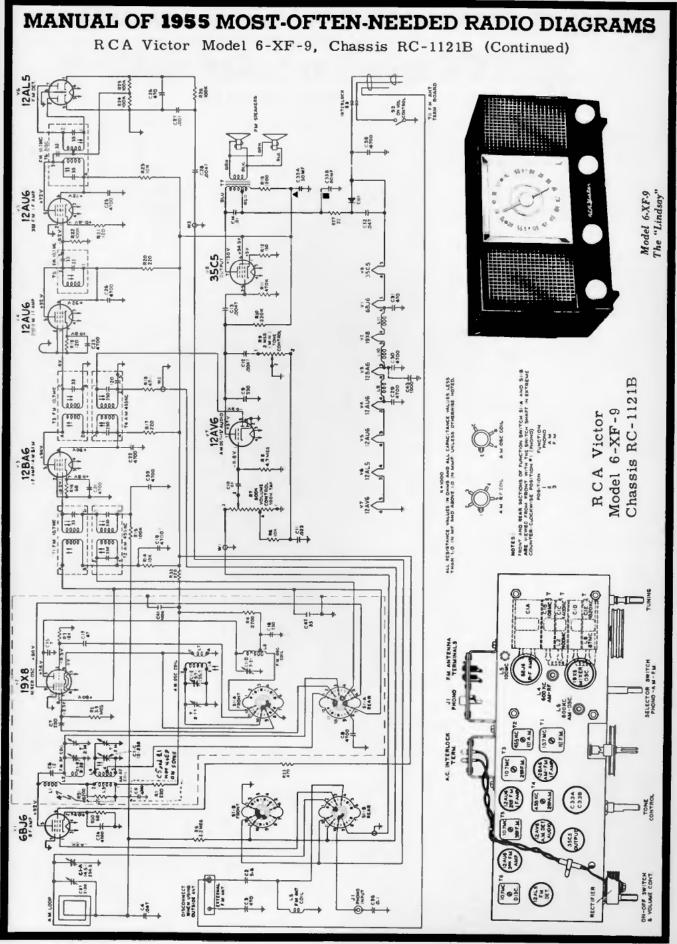
Standard Broadcast (AM)	540-1600 kc
Frequency Modulation (FM)	88-108 mc
Intermediate Frequency (AM)	455 kc
Intermediate Frequency (FM)	10.7 mc

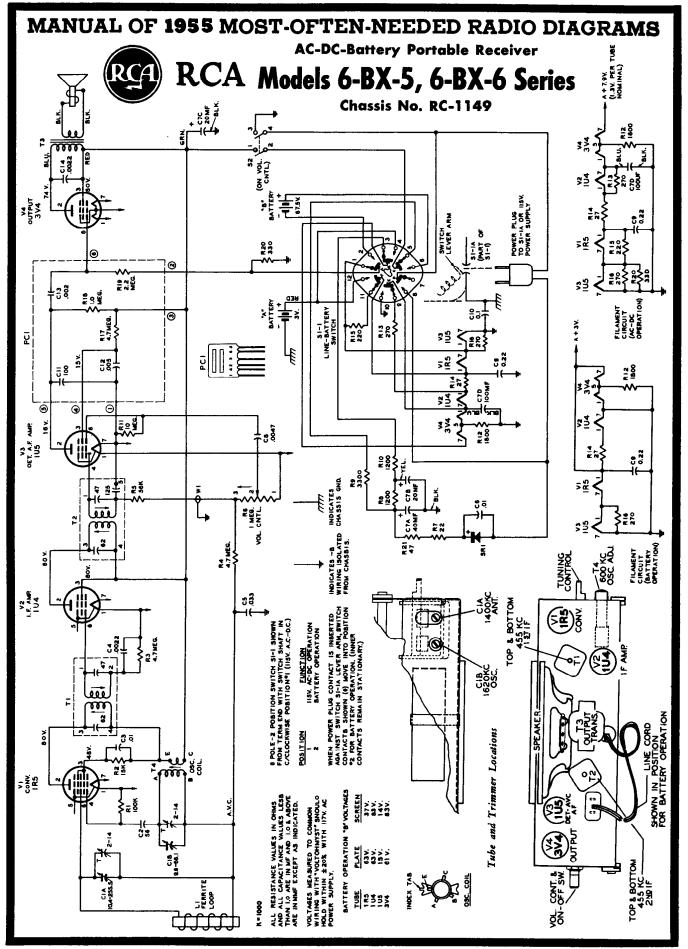


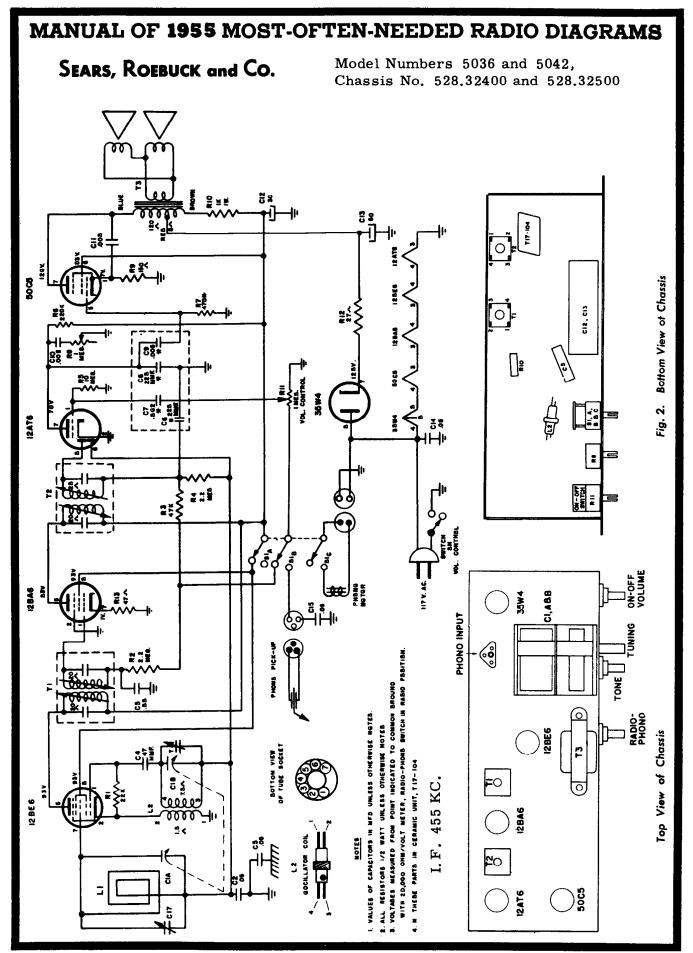
CRITICAL LEAD DRESS

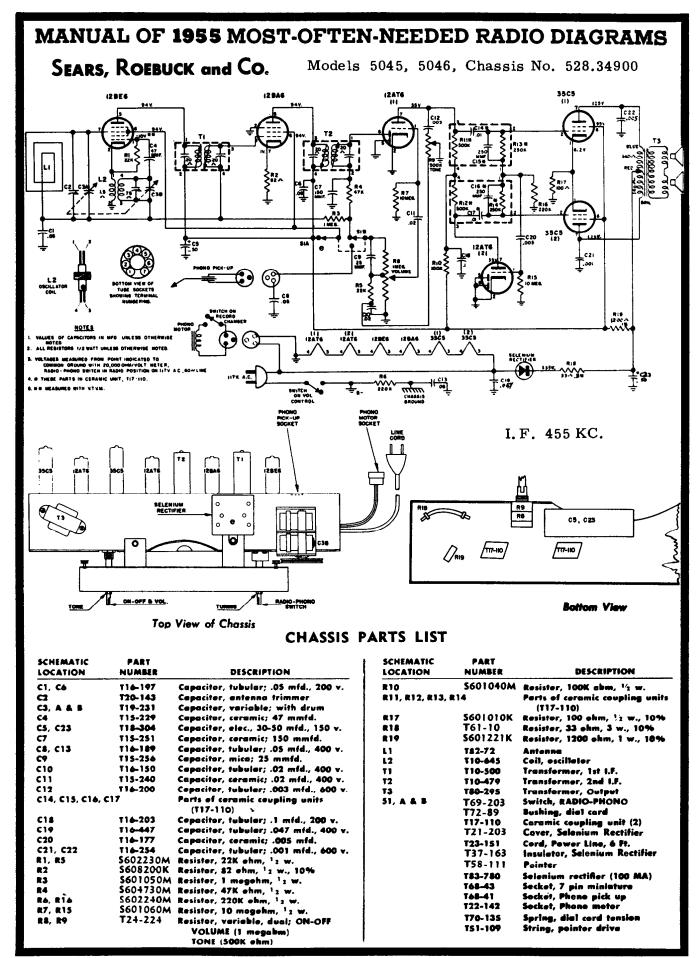
- 1. All FM IF Transformer grid and plate leads should be short and direct as possible and kept low, near chassis.
- C26 leads should be kept as short as possible
- C32 leads should be kept as short as possible. R24 and R25 leads should be kept as short as possible on T6 terminal 6 side.
- 5. C27 should ground in hole near terminal 5 of V6 with short leads.
- 6. AM oscillator coil should not be tilted over toward function switch when wrapping short bus leads to switch.
- Keep leads V5 pin 5, to T6 term 1, as short as possible and low near chassis.
- Dress C28 down on chassis and against terminal board. Run filament lead between V5 and V6 on side of V6 socket opposite C28.
- 9. All ceramic button 4700 uuf condensers should have leads as short as possible
- 10. Green lead from AM oscillator stator gang terminal to AM oscillator coil should be dressed against front of shield box and up above filament choke.
- 11. RF plate choke L1, should be dressed at least 1/8" away from AM R.F. coil L4 and at least 1/8" from shield.
- 12. Mixer grid condenser C7 should be dressed away from FM oscillator gang stator terminal and away from leads connecting to terminals 8 and 9 of V2 socket.
- 13. Filament chokes L10 and L11 should be raised a minimum of 1/16" above chassis.
- Use varnished tubing only on choke and coupling condleads coming through shield partition slot.
- 15. Condenser C2 should have lead on antenna terminal end not more than 3/16" long to prevent possible contact of lead or body to "Hot" chassis.

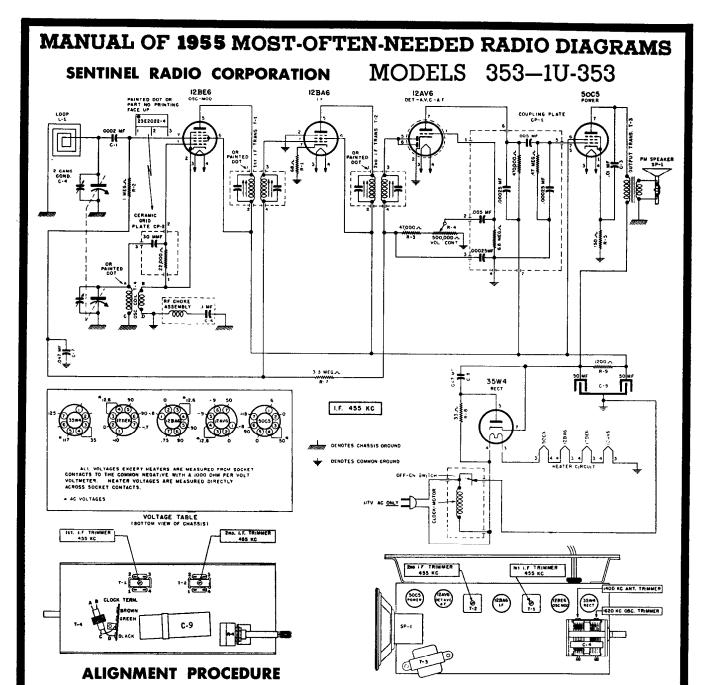
  16. Condensers C3 and C35 should use varnished tubing, not
- vinyl, to prevent breakthrough crossing chassis edge
- Oscillator grid condenser C17 should have short leads and be dressed away from filament choke L10.
- Leads from loop terminal to chassis terminal board should have a minimum of three twists (otherwise loop increases oscillator radiation)





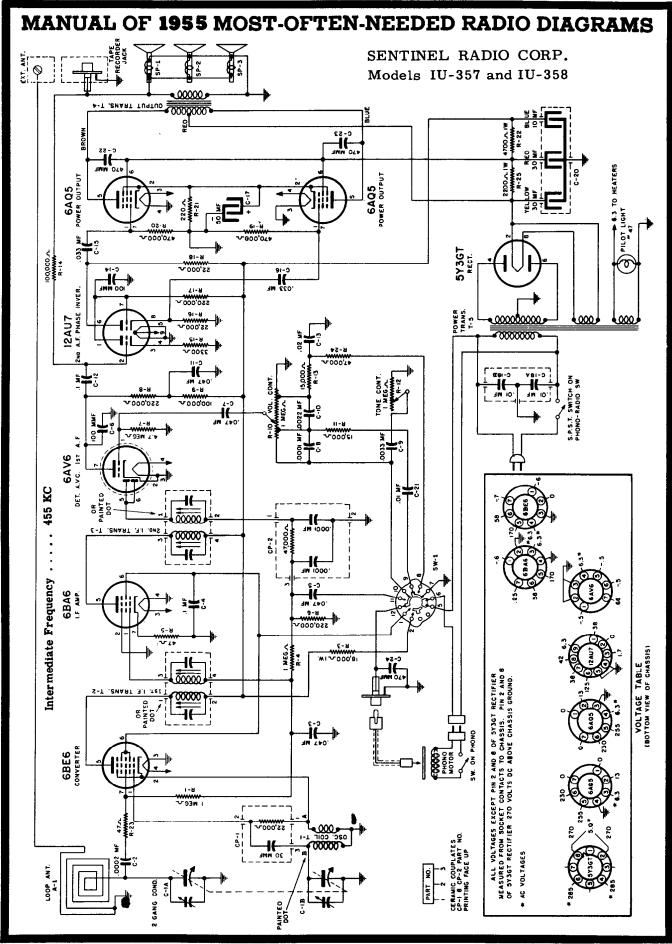


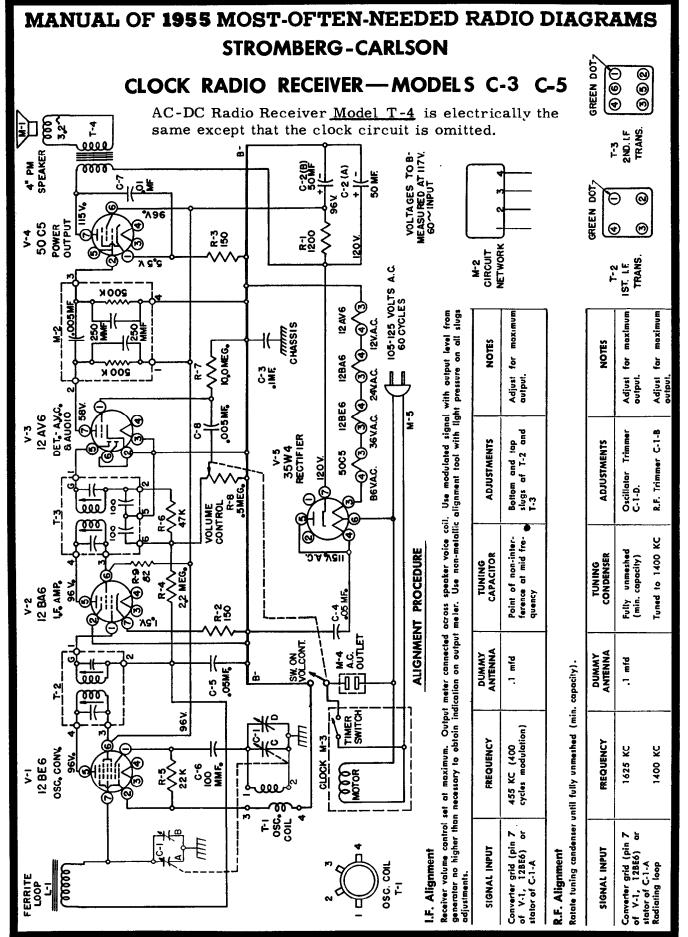




When aligning the 1620 KC OSCILLATOR TRIMMER or the 1400 KC ANTENNA TRIMMER, couple test oscillator to receiver loop by: (1) make loop consisting of five to ten turns of NO. 20 to NO. 30 size wire, wound on a 2" to 3" form; (2) connect this loop across output of test oscillator; (3) place test oscillator loop near radio loop.

	1	1	· · · ·	ator toop near radio roop.		
76			TEST OSCI			
Steps	Set receiver dial to:	Adjust test oscillator frequency to:	Use dummy antenna in series with outpnt of test oscillator consisting of:	Attach output of test oscillator to:	Refer to parts layout diagram for location of trimmers mentioned below:	
1	Any point where no interfering signal is re- ceived.	455 K.C.	.02 MFD. condenser	High side to antenna stator plates of tuning condenser. Low side to common negative.	Adjust each of the second I.F. transformer trimmers for maximum output—then adjust each of the first I.F. trimmers for maximum output.	
2	Exactly 1620 K.C.	Exactly 1620 K.C.	See paragraph above.	See paragraph above.	Adjust 1620 K.C. oscillator trimmer for maximum output.	
3	Approx. 1400 K.C.	Approx. 1400 K.C.	See paragraph above.	See paragraph above.	Adjust 1400 K.C. antenna trimmer for maximum output.	





# MANUAL OF 1955 MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED RADIO DIAGRAMS Stromberg-Carlson

## ACIDC Battery Operated Portable Radio Receiver—Model EP-2

### **VOLTAGE CHART**

Voltage measurements made at 117 volt 60 cycle line using vacuum tube voltmeter. Except where otherwise noted, all voltages are positive with respect to B—.

TUBE	FUNCTION		PIN NUMBER						
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
V-1	IR5 Converter	1.37	72	42	-5.0	1.37	1	2.75	
V-2	IU4 I.F. Amp.	2.75	72	72	NC	2.75	1.5	4.3	
V-3	1U5 Det. Ist audio	0	25	18	<b>—.2</b>	NC	05	1.37	
V-4	3V5 Audio output	4.3	70	72	NC	5.8	0	7.2	

### ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

### I.F. Alignment

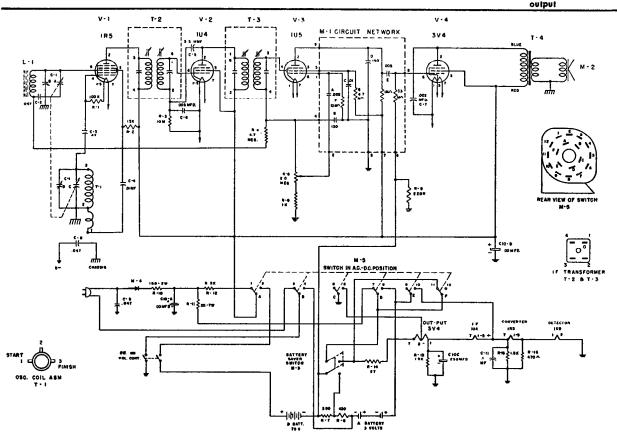
Receiver operation at 117 volt 60 cycle AC with volume control set at maximum. Output meter across speaker voice coil. Use modulated signal with output level from generator no higher than necessary to obtain indication on output meter. Return low side of signal generator to B—. Use non-metallic alignment tool with light pressure on all stug adjustments.

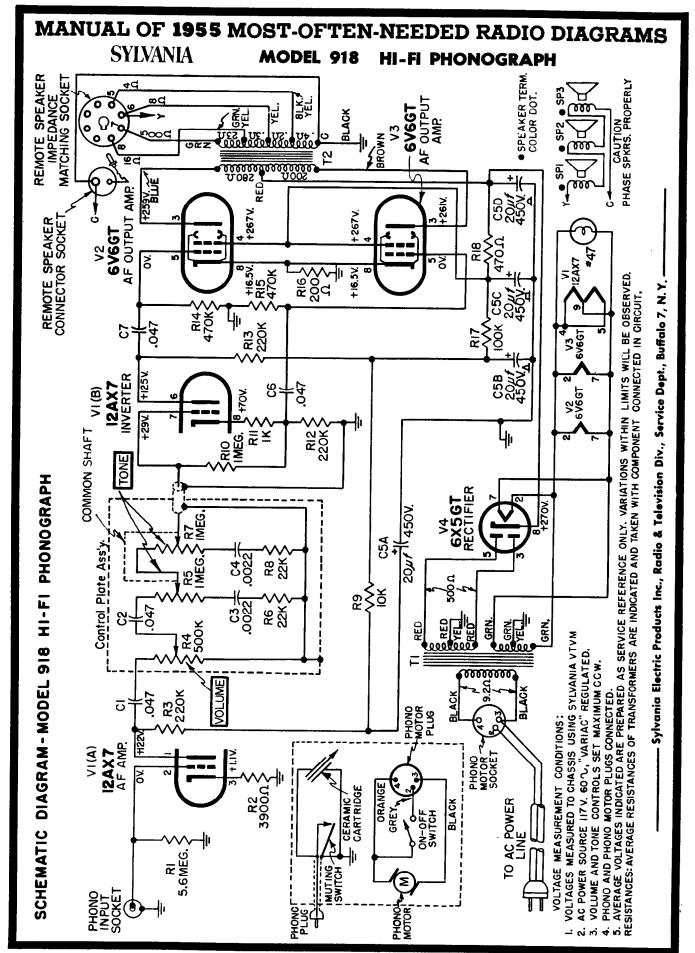
SIGNAL INPUT	FREQUENCY	DUMMY ANTENNA	TUNING CAPACITOR	ADJUSTMENTS	NOTES
Converter grid (pin \$6 at 1R5) or stator of C-1A	455 KC (400 cycles modulation)	O.1 mfd	Point of non-Inter- ference at mid- frequency	Bottom and top slugs of T-3 and T-2	Adjust for maximum output

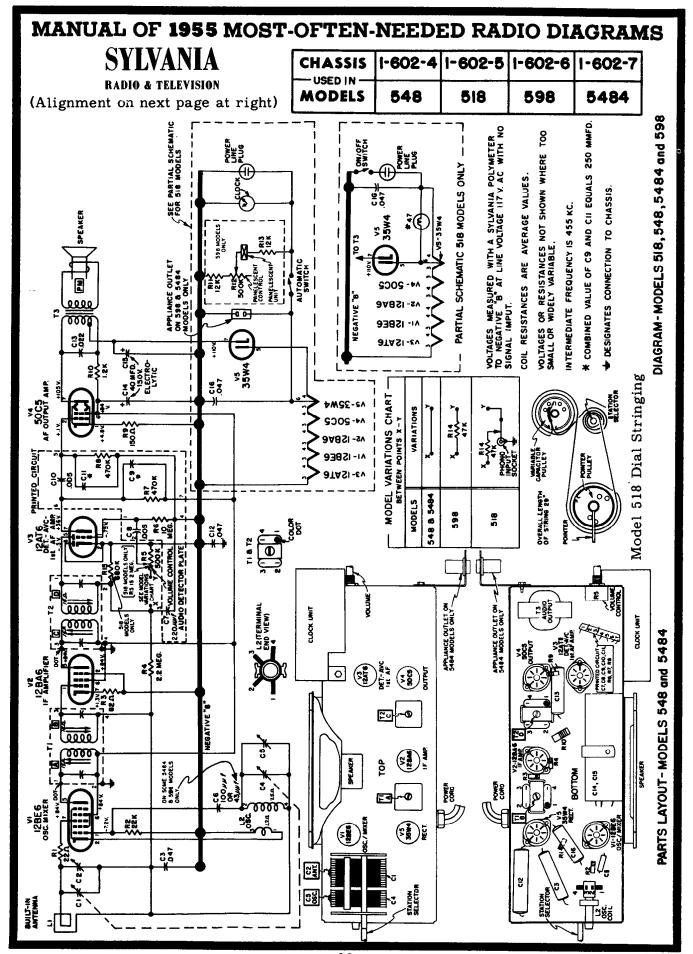
### R.F. Alignment

Rotate tuning condenser until fully unmeshed (min. capacity).

SIGNAL INPUT	FREQUENCY	DUMMY ANTENNA	TUNING CAPACITOR	ADJUSTMENTS	NOTES
Converter grid (pin #6 at 1R5) or stator of C-1A	1625 KC	0.1 mfd	Fully unmeshed (min. capacity)	Oscillator trimmer C-1D	Adjust for maximum output
Radiating loop	1400 KC			R.F. Trimmer C-1B	Adjust for maximum







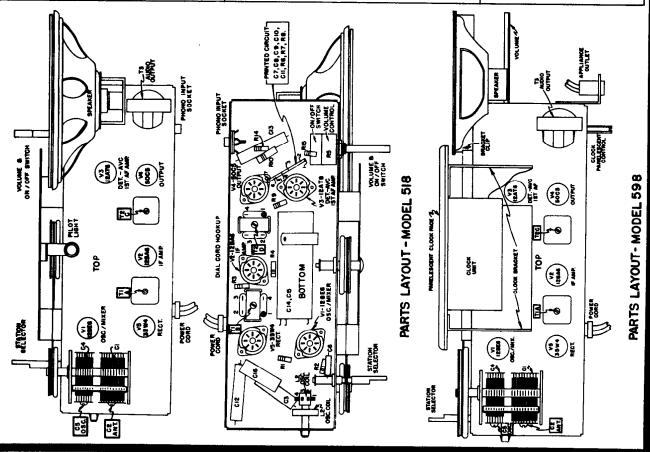
SYLVANIA Chassis 1-602-4, 1-602-5, 1-602-6, 1-602-7, used in Models 548, 518, 598, 5484 (Continued from previous page.)

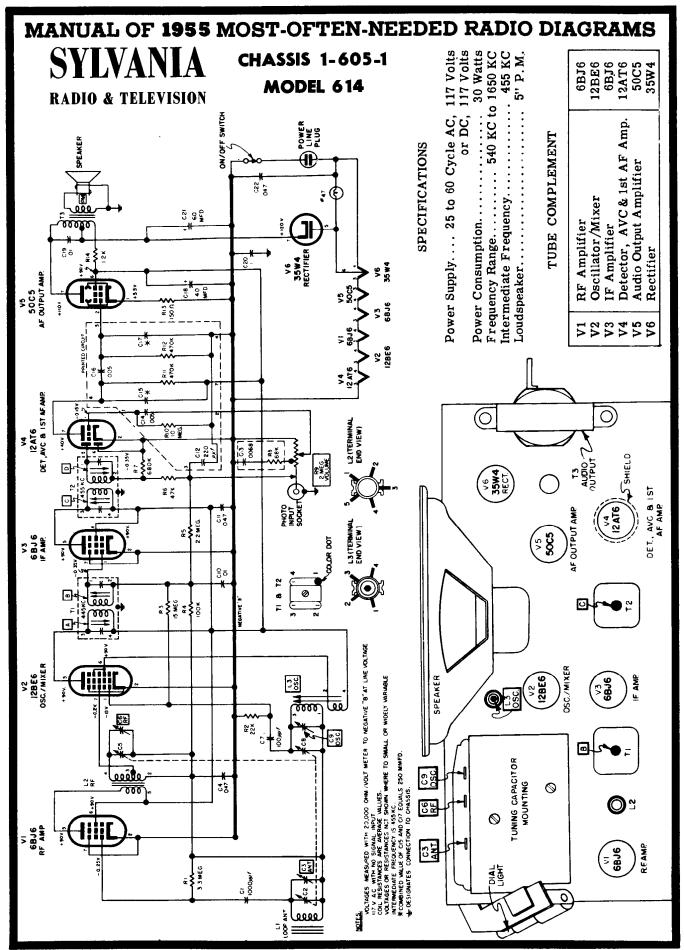
## **ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE**

Set generator for an RF output signal amplitude modulated (AM) with 400 cycles.

Use either an audible check or connect an AC voltmeter across speaker voice coil to indicate volume.

STEP	ALIGNMENT SETUP NOTES	TEST EQUIPMENT HOOKUP	ADJUST
1.	Set radio variable tuning cap- acitor to minimum capacity (tuning capacitor plates fully open).	SIGNAL GENERATOR-"hot" lead through .01 mfd. capacitor to pin 7 of V1, 12BE6; ground lead to negative "B" in receiver. Set generator to 455 KC.	T2-D for MAXIMUM output. T2-C for MAXIMUM output. T1-B for MAXIMUM output. T1-A for MAXIMUM output.
		AC VOLTMETER - across radio speaker voice coil.	Repeat for optimum per- formance.
2.	Set radio variable tuning cap- acitor to minimum capacity (tuning capacitor plates fully open).	SIGNAL GENERATOR - radiate signal to receiver through a loop of several turns of wire. Set generator to 1650 KC.  AC VOLTMETER - across radio speaker voice coil.	C5 trimmer for MAXIMUM output.
3.	Set radio variable tuning cap- actior so plates are meshed approximately 3/16 inch. Ad- just this setting slightly to eliminate any interfering sig- nals.	SIGNAL GENERATOR - radiate signal to re- ceiver through a loop of several turns of wire. Set generator to a frequency cor- responding to receiver tuning capacitor setting or until signal is heard through radio speaker.	C2 trimmer for MAXIMUM output.
		AC VOLTMETER - across radio speaker voice coil.	

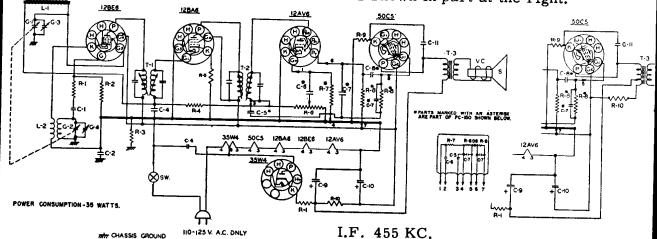




# TRAVLER

Models 55-37,55-38,55-39.

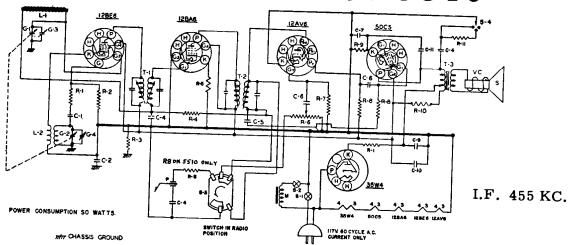
Schematic diagram below is exact for Model 55-37. Filter circuit with tapped output transformer used in Models 55-38 and 55-39 is shown in part at the right.



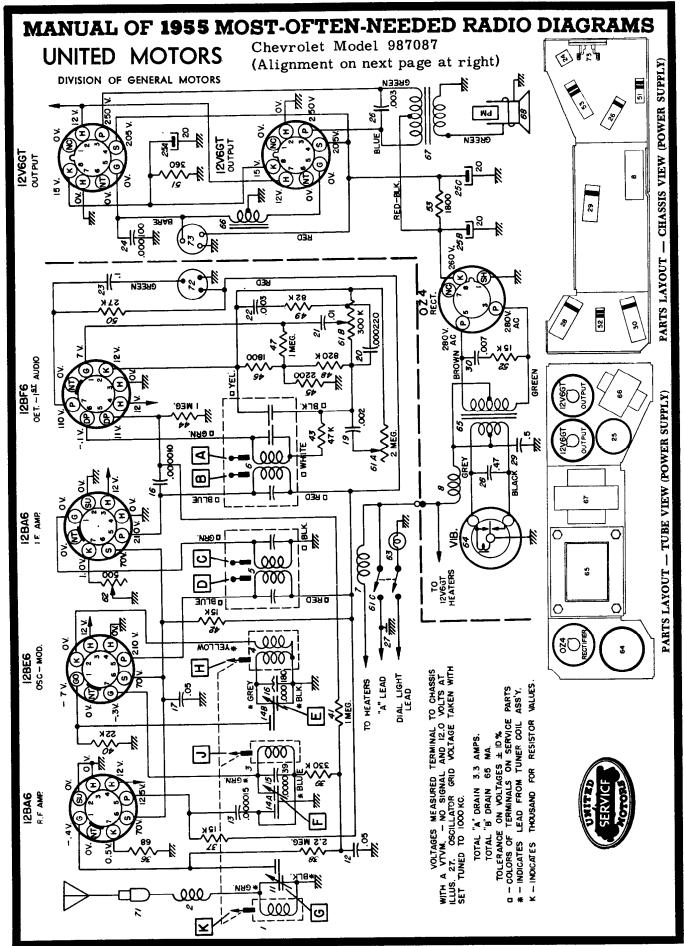
C		110-125 V. A.C. DNLY	I.F.	455	K
CHASSIS	GROUND	He les t. A.C. Bitel	T.T.	400	$v_{\ell}$

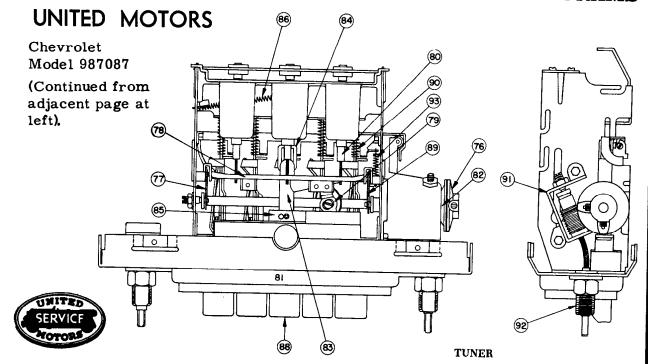
PART NO.		DESCRIPTION	PART NO.		DESCRIPTON	PART NO		Drecountrat.
IR-17 IR-9 IR-20 IR-23 IR-97 MC-19 IR-114 IR-25	R-3 R-4 R-5 R-6 R-70 R-80 R-9	33 ~ RESISTOR I/2W. 20% 22M ~ RESISTOR I/2W. 20% 22M ~ RESISTOR I/2W. 20% 3.3 MEGAESSTOR I/2W. 20% 47.0 RESISTOR I/2W. 10% I MEC. VOLUME CONTROL 68 MEG. 470M ~ 220.0 RESISTOR I/2W. 20% 220.0 RESISTOR I/2W. 20%	CC-I2 PC-8 PC-5 MC-I9	C-1 C-2 C-4 C-5* C-6* C-8* C-9 C-IO C-II	47 MMED CERAMIC CONDENSER IMFD. CONDENSER 400 V. 05MFD.CONDENSER 400 V. 220 MMFD. 002 MFD. 005MFD. 50 MFD. 50 MFD. 50 MFD. 005MFD. 005	SPK-37 - LL-S8	\$ V.C. T-3 L-1 L-2	DESCRIPTION  4"PM. SPEAKER VOICE COIL OUTPUT TRANSFORMER FERRAMIC ROD ANTENNA OSC. COIL
LI-13 -		INPUT IF TRANSFORMER OUTPUT IF TRANSFORMER	GC-15 —{	G-1	TUNING CONDENSER			

# Models 521R90 - 521R91 - 5510



PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	PART NO.	1	DESCRIPTON	PART NO	1	T
R-17	22M RESISTOR 1/2W 20% 220M RESISTOR 1/2W 20% 33MEG RESISTOR 1/2W 20% 220.2 RESISTOR 1/2W 20% 220.2 RESISTOR 1/2W 20% 200.4 RESISTOR 1/2W 20% 1000.4 RESISTOR 1/2W 20% 11000.4 RESISTOR 1/2W 20% 11000.4 RESISTOR 1/2W 20% 11000.4 RESISTOR 1/2W 20% 11000.4 RESISTOR 1/2W 20%	CC-12 PC-8 PC-5 GC-5 PC-7 EC-S4 EC-S3[ GC-S GC-18[	C-4 C-5 C-6 C-7 C-9	47 MMFD GERAMIC CONDENSER I MFD. CONDENSER 400 V. OSMFD CONDENSER 400 V. I OSMFD CERAMIC CONDENSER OI MFD CONDENSER 400 V. 5 MFD. CONDENSER 400 V. 5 MFD. E 28 W.V.D.G. ELECTROLYTIC 90 MFD. 150 W.V.D.G. ELECTROLYTIC	SPK-38 -[ AT-14 LL-39 LO-21	S VC T-3 L-1 L-2 S-1 S-2 P M S-3 S-4	DESCRIPTION  4*PM SPEAKER VOICE COIL OUTPUT TRANSFORMER FERRAMIC ROD ANTENNA OSC. COIL SWITCH ON VOLUME CONTROL SWITCH ON RECORD CHANGER PICKUP CARTRIDGE CHANGER MOTOR RADIO-PHONO SWITCH TONE CONTROL SWITCH



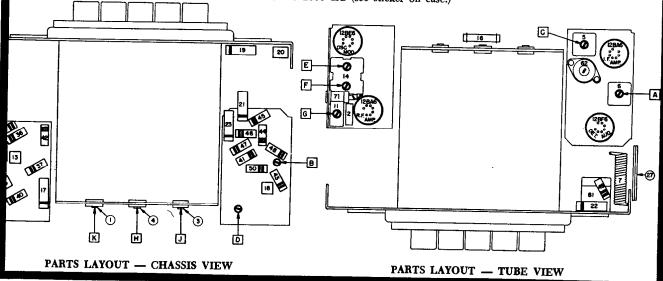


### ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

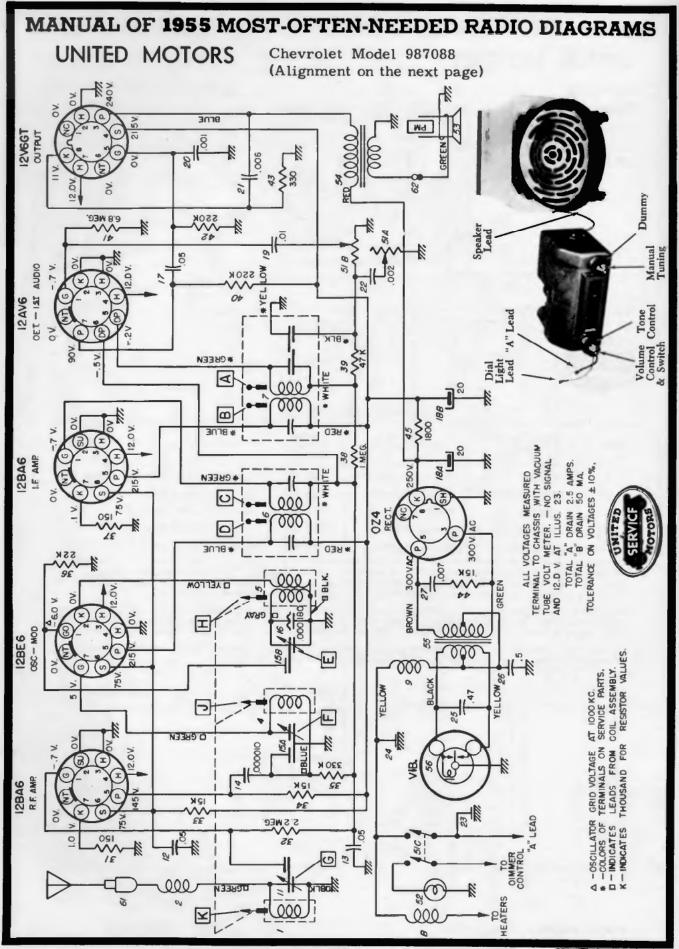
Steps	Series Capacitor or Dummy Antenna	Connect Signal Generator to	Signal Generator Frequency	Tune Receiver to	Adjust in Sequence For Max. Output	
1	0.1 Mfd.	12BE6 Grid (Pin #7)	262 KC	High Frequency Stop	A, B, C, D	
2	0.000082 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	1615 KC	High Frequency Stop	*E, F, G	
3	0.000082 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	1000 KC	Signal Generator Signal	J, K	
4	0.000082 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	1615 KC	High Frequency Stop	F, G	
5	0.000082 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	900 KC	Signal Generator Signal	L**	

<sup>\*</sup>Before making this adjustment check mechanical setting of oscillator core "H." The rear of the core should be 135 from the mounting end of the coil form. (This measurement is readily made by inserting a suitable plug in the mounting end of the coil form.) Core adjustment should be made with an insulated screw driver.

With the radio installed and the car antenna plugged in adjust the antenna trimmer "G" for maximum volume with the radio tuned to a weak station between 600 and 1000 KC (see sticker on case.)

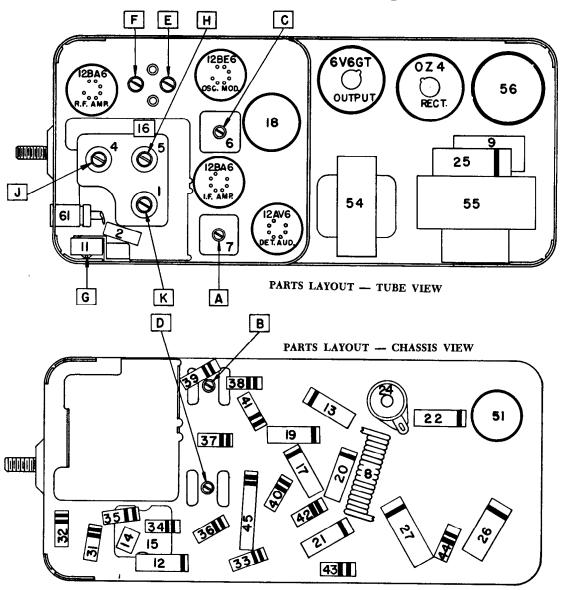


<sup>\*\*</sup>L is the pointer adjustment screw which is on the connecting link, between the pointer assembly and core guide bar (See tuner Dwg.). It should be adjusted so that when looking directly at the dial the pointer is on the 900 KC mark. This setting is to give the correct relationship between the pointer and the dial when the radio is installed in a car.



**UNITED MOTORS** 

Chevrolet Model 987088 (Continued from page at left)



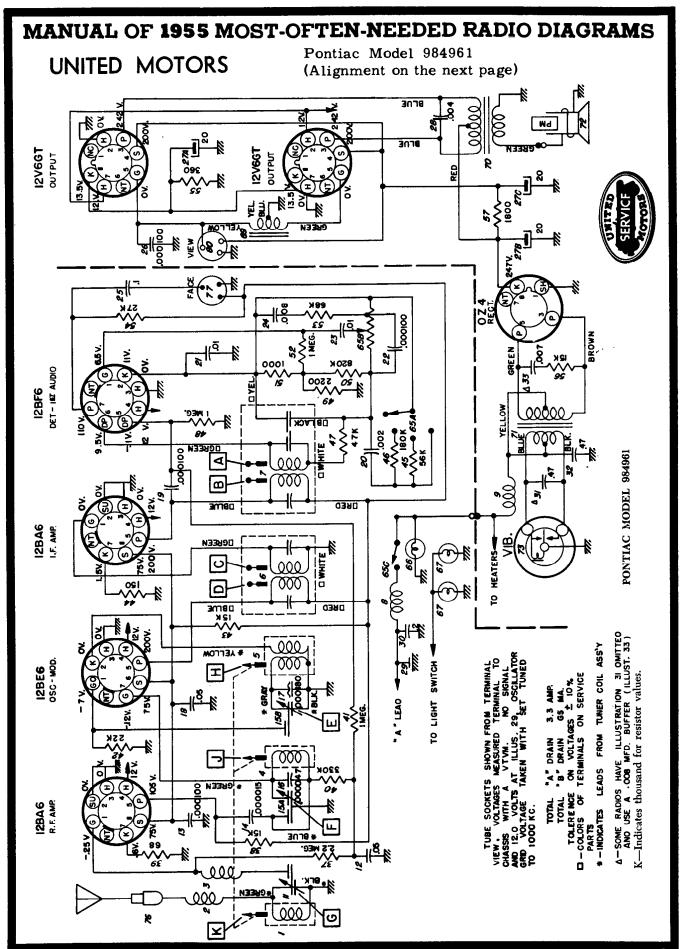
### ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

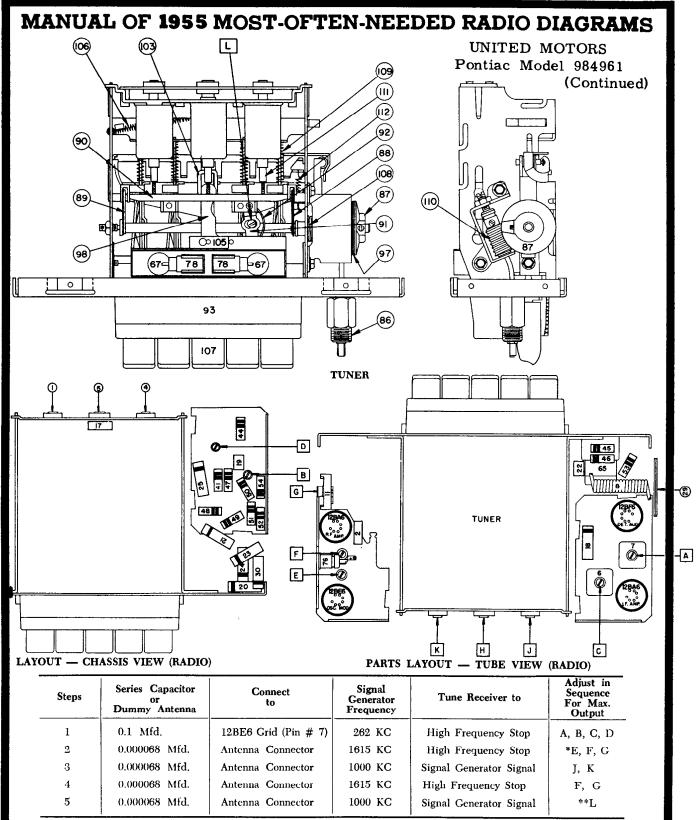
Steps	Series Capacitor or Dummy Antenna	or Signal Generator		Tune Receiver to	Adjust in Sequence For Max. Output	
1	0.1 Mfd.	12BE6 Grid (Pin #7)	262 KC	High Frequency Stop	A, B, C, D	
2	0.000082 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	1615 KC	High Frequency Stop	*E, F, G	
3	0.000082 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	1000 KC	Signal Generator Signal	J, K	
4	0.000082 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	1615 KC	High Frequency Stop	F, G	
5	0.000082 Mfd.	Antenna Connector	900 KC	Signal Generator Signal	**	

<sup>\*</sup>Before making this adjustment check mechanical setting of oscillator core "H." The rear of the core should be 13½" from the mounting end of the coil form. (This measurement is readily made by inserting a suitable plug in the mounting end of the coil form.) Core adjustment should be made with an insulated screw driver.

With the radio installed and the car antenna plugged in adjust the antenna trimmer "G" for maximum volume with the radio tuned to a weak station between 600 and 1000 KC (see sticker on case.)

<sup>\*\*</sup>Tune in 900 KC signal and adjust pointer on the dial cord so that the pointer is on the 900 KC mark of the dial. This setting is to give the correct relationship between the pointer and dial when the radio is installed in a car.

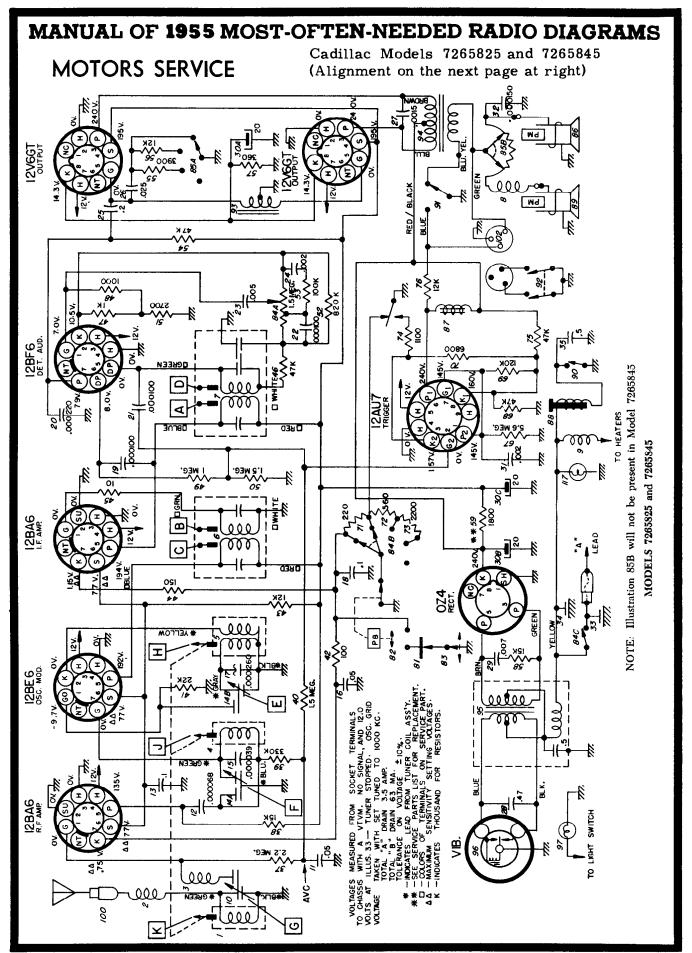




<sup>\*</sup>Before making this adjustment check the mechanical setting of the oscillator core "H." The slotted end of core should be 133" from the mounting end of the coil form. (This measurement is readily made by inserting a suitable plug in the mounting end of the coil form.) If adjustment is necessary, first dissolve the glyptal seal on the studs. Core adjustment should be made with an insulated screwdriver and core studs should be re-sealed in place with glyptal or household cement after alignment.

With the radio installed and the car antenna plugged in adjust the antenna trimmer "G" for maximum volume with the radio tuned to a weak station between 600 and 1000 KC. (See sticker on case.)

<sup>\*\*&</sup>quot;L" is the pointer adjustment screw which is on the pointer connecting link (see tuner drawing) and should be adjusted so the pointer reads 1000 KC. (Dot between 9 and 11.)

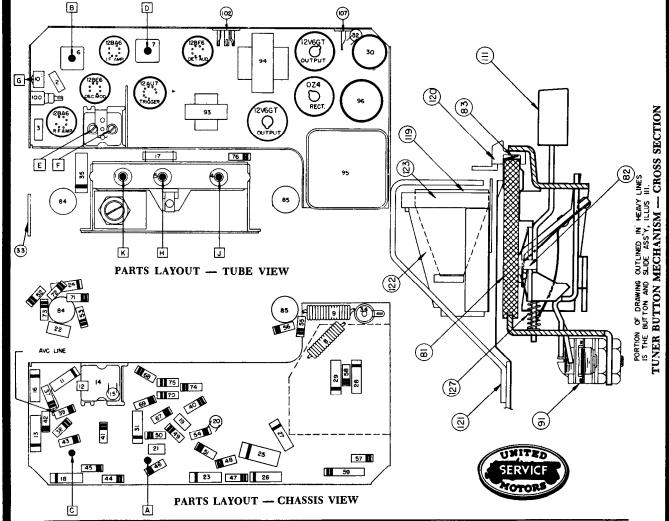


## **UNITED MOTORS**

Cadillac Models 7265825 and 7265845 (Continued from adjacent page at left).

# DIVISION OF GENERAL MOTORS SIGNAL SEEKING TUNER ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE:

Output Meter Connection VTVM From AVC Line To Chassis (see parts layout)
Generator Return Receiver Chassis
Dummy Antenna In Series With Generator
Volume Control Maximum Volume
Sensitivity Control Maximum Sensitivity



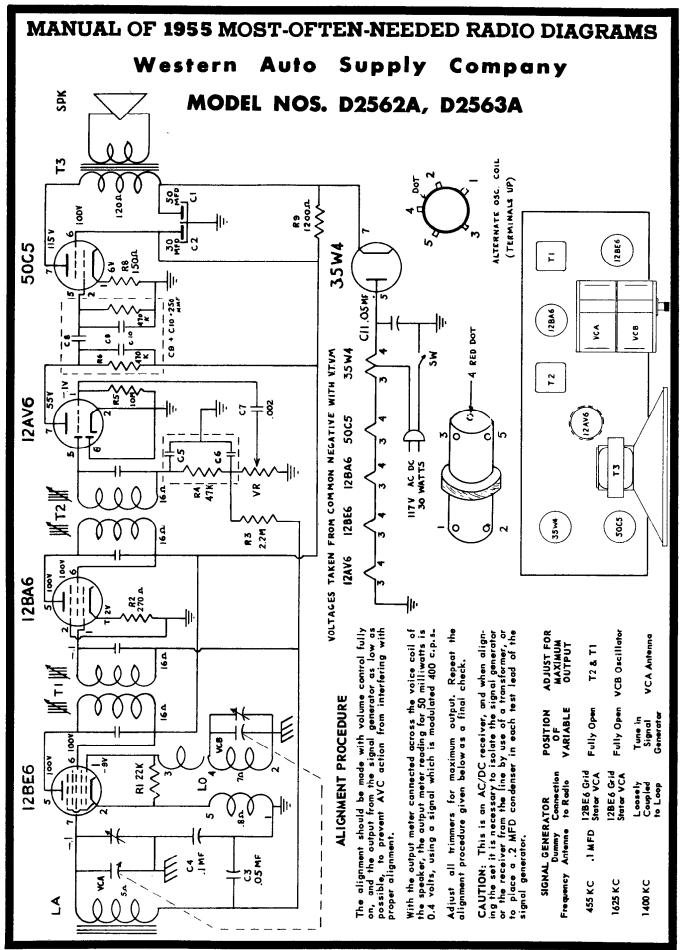
Step	Dummy Antenna	Connect To	Signal Generator Frequency	Tune Receiver To	Adjust in Sequence for Output Indicated
1	0.1 mfd	12BE6 Grid (Pin 7)	262 KC	*High Frequency Stop	A, B, C (Max.)
2	0.1 mfd	12BE6 Grid (Pin 7)	262 KC	High Frequency Stop	D (Min.)
3	0.000068 mfd	Antenna Connector	1615 KC	High Frequency Stop	**E, F, G (Max.)
4	0.000068 mfd	Antenna Connector	600 KC	Signal Gen. Signal	J, K (Max.)
5	0.000068 mfd	Antenna Connector	1615 KC	Signal Gen. Signal	F, G (Max.)
6	0.000068 mfd	Antenna Connector	1000 KC	Signal Gen, Signal	***[ <u></u>

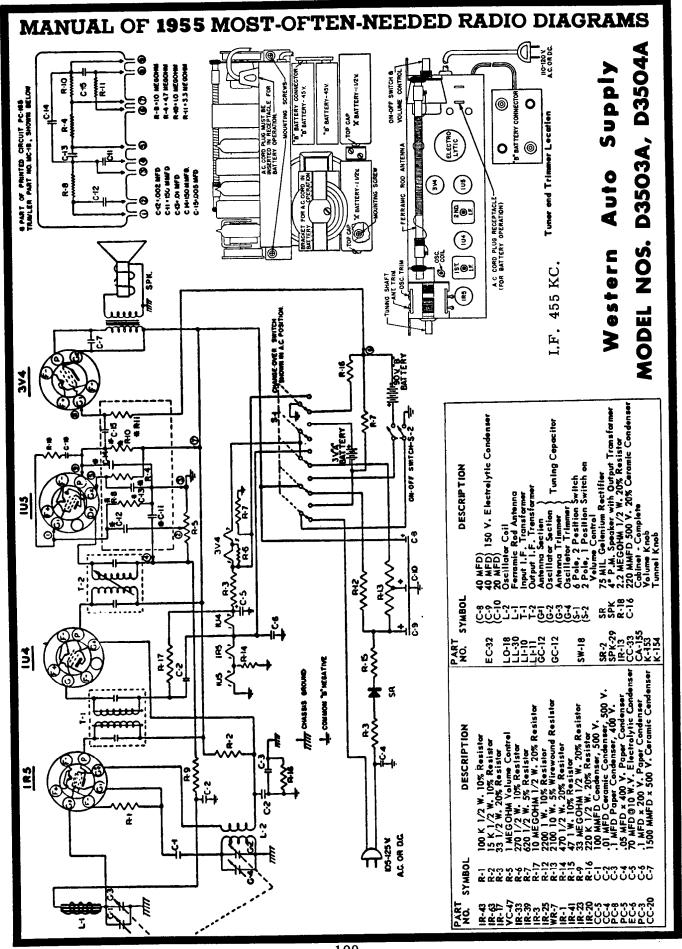
<sup>\*</sup>To tune to high frequency, put a 0.070" feeler gauge (or bare # 13 wire) in slot against the high frequency stop. Depress station selector bar and allow the planetary arm to run against the feeler gauge. Turn the radio off and then on.

With the radio installed and the antenna plugged in, adjust antenna trimmer "G" (See sticker on case) for maximum volume with the radio tuned to a weak station between 600 and 1000 KC,

<sup>\*\*</sup>Before making this adjustment, check the setting of oscillator core "H." The rear of the core should be 135" from the mounting end of the coil form. This measurement is readily made by inserting a suitable plug in the mounting end of the coil form. The core adjustment is made from the mounting end of the coil form with an insulated screw-driver. (It will be necessary to steady the core guide bar by applying a downward pressure at the antenna core end of the bar while making these adjustments.) If this adjustment is necessary, first dissolve the glyptal seal on the core stud and be sure to re-scal after making the adjustment.

<sup>\*\*\*&</sup>quot;L" is the pointer adjustment screw on the end of the core guide bar—adjust so pointer reads 1000 KC.





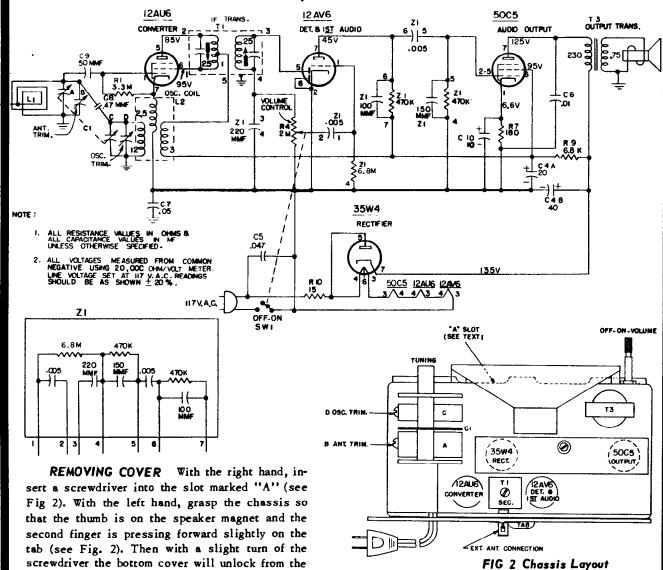
#### MANUAL OF 1955 MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED factory, therefore core adjustments are not necessary. The entire tuning assembly is a complete unit. Set the signal generator to 1400 KC and tune in the receiver for maximum reading on output meter. Keep signal generator level low. The tuner cores are adjusted and sealed at the $\Im$ if replace-Western Auto Supply Company 盲 MODEL NO. D4425B ប a sait, Adjust antenna and R.F. trimmers for maximum reading. Truetone Model D4426B uses practically SPEAKER the same circuit except that 12-volt tubes are employed. 6AS5 POWER AMP 6AS5 nat should be S= 8 Individual as sembly 'n ٠ 문별 Ę Ē .10 mfd. capacitor and reconnect to the antenna Turn volume contral counter-clockwise ta reduce noise indicated on output meter to a level of ė Adjust oscillatar trimmer C8 for maximum flection. Disconnect the hot signal generator lead generator to 1620KC and tuning cantral fully counter-clockwise. ack thraugh a 50 mmf capacitor. RF ALIGNMENT 8<u>1</u> 6806 £8≥ approximately 50 Set the signal \_ & 5 8 Jene 7 2000 6X4 **-**: તં ကံ maximum out-T44 PLOT LIGHT a 400 cycle, 30% at about 150 mias indicated on the output meter. Keep ta Pin 7 of the he top and bottom cares of the first and secand maximum and adjust 6BE6 CONVENTER \$25 \$25 \$ 200 the hot lead of the signal 72 ģ IF ALIGNAENT 10 mfd. capacitor modulated carrier of 455 KC 28 **₩**₩ Set the valume control at put, as indicated on the signal generatar level law. 6BD6 transformers (T4 and through a .] converter cravalts. Cannect 뜨 ö

# Westinghouse CHASSIS V-2184-4

## MODELS H-447T4, H-448T4 AND H-449T4

EXT. ANT.

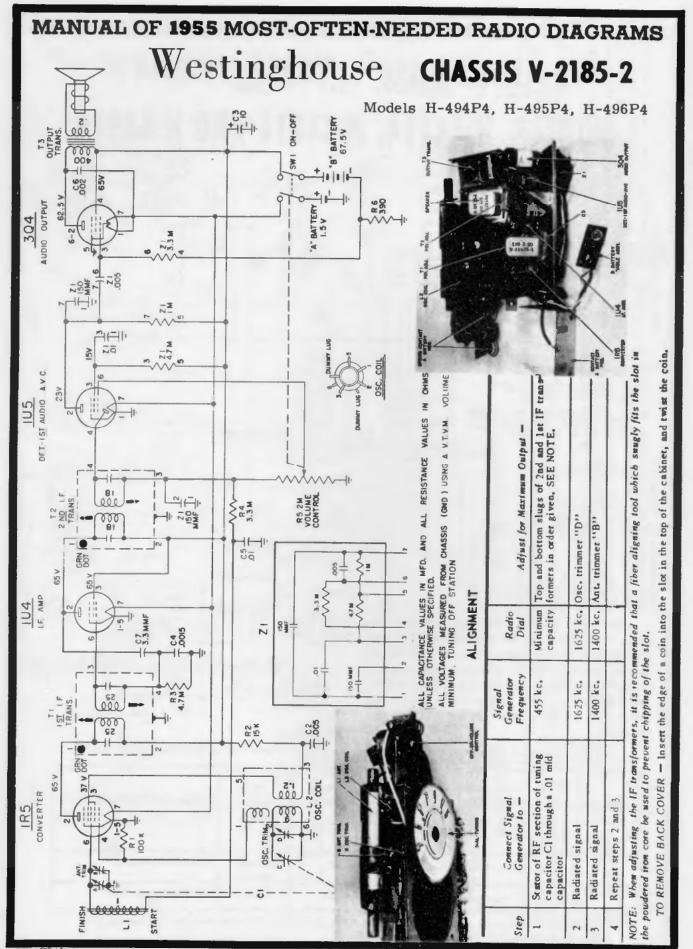
chassis.



While making the following adjustments, keep the volume control set for maximum output and the signal generator output attenuated to avoid AVC action.

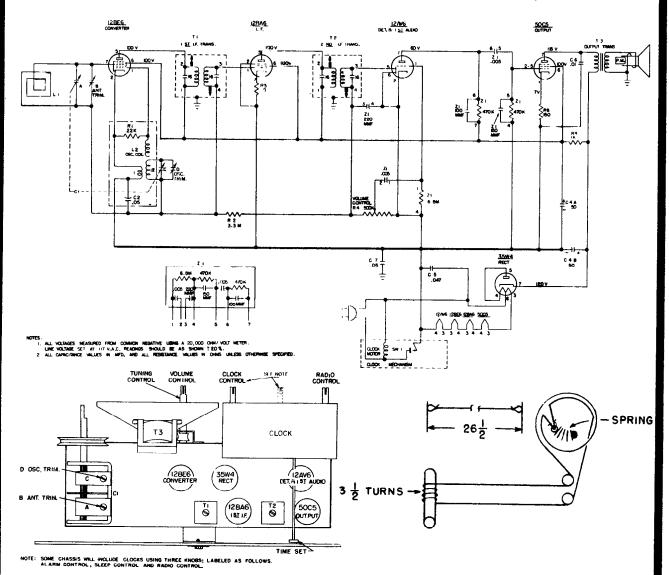
Step	Connect Signal Generator to –	Signal Generator Frequency	Radio Dial	Adjust for Maximum Output –
1	Stator of ant, tuning capacitor (A) through a 200 mmf capacitor	455 kc.	Minimum capacity	Bottom and top slugs of T1 *
2	Same as step 1	1625 kc.	Minimum capacity	Oscillator trimmer (D)
3	Radiated signal	1400 kc.	1400 kc.	Antenna trimmer (B)

<sup>\*</sup> It is recommended that a fiber aligning tool that snugly fits the slot in the powdered iron core be used to prevent chipping of the slot.



## Westinghouse CHASSIS V-2189-4

Models H-443T5, H-444T5, -A, H-445T5, -A, H-446T5, -A



#### **ALIGNMENT**

It is recommended that the chassis be isolated from the power line by means of an isolation transformer.

While making the following adjustments, keep the volume control set for maximum output and the signal generator output attenuated to avoid AVC action.

Step	Connect Signal Generator to	Signal Generator Frequency	Radio Dial	Adjust for Maximum Output –
1.	Stator of ant. tuning capacitor (A) through a 200 mmf capacitor	455 kc.	Minimum capacity	Top and bottom slugs of T2 and T1 in order given *
2.	Same as step 1	1625 kc.	Minimum capacity	Oscillator trimmer (D)
3.	Radisted signal	1400 kc.	1400 kc.	Antenna trimmer (B)

<sup>\*</sup> It is recommended that a fiber aligning tool that snugly fits the slot in the powered iron core be used to prevent chipping of the slot.

#### MANUAL OF 1955 MOST-OFTEN-NEEDED RADIO DIAGRAMS Westinghouse **CHASSIS ASSEMBLY V-2229-1** Also Chassis V-2229-2 and V-2229-3. Models H-457T6, H-458T6, H-459T6, H-460T6, H-465R6, H-466R6, H-467R6, H-468R6. 80.4 2204 3. ALL VOLTAGES NEASURED FROM COMMON NEGRING USING A VITVAN. LINE VOLTAGE SET FOR 17 V A.C. READINGS SHOULD BE AS SHOWN ±20 % ALL CAPACTANCE VALLES IN MFD AND ALL RESISTANCE VALLES IN OMNIS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED. ΞĚ R12 270K 2. PLUG CONNECTION (8)(8) FOR V-2229-3 CHASSIS ONLY, I. CONNECTION ((3) ((3) FOR V-2229-2 CHASSIS ONLY 8 8 8 POINTER ν. 5 ξ NO AUDIO £ 8 +47 04 SOME 250V (fin t. PILOT LIGHTS e Š SWI ON -OFF SWITCH ON VOL. CONTROL Top and Bottom Slugs of T2 and T1 in given order\* Adjust for Maximum output Oscillator Trimmer (D) fits in the powdered iron core be used to AC ONLY Antenna Trimmer (B) ON COME \$ 50 E %#7 470¥ ۵Ğ NOTES: 1 200 2××× 230 V AC %¥.74 ₩.74 DET. and | SI AUDIO ည် VOL. CONT. ALIGNMENT Tuning Capacitor **⊙** PHONO - RADIO SW 2 SHOWN IN RADIO POSITION ⊗ Minimum Capacity Minimum Capacity 1,400KC PHONO MOTOR űō, is recommended that a fiber aligning tool that snugly STIF 2846 R2 68 versing the leads of the feedback winding (black and Signal Generator Frequency former (73), the new transformer may cause feedback or howling. This condition can be corrected by resecondary of the If it is necessary to replace the audio output trans-1,400KC 1,625KC 28<sup>7</sup> CONVERTER green color coded wires) on Stator of Ant. Tuning Capacitor (A) through A 200 mmf. capacitor audio output transformer. Radiated Signal Connect Signal Generator to -Same as step l Ç පුදු chipping of the slot. EXT. ANT \_ =

Step

Westinghouse CHASSIS ASSEMBLY V-2234-1

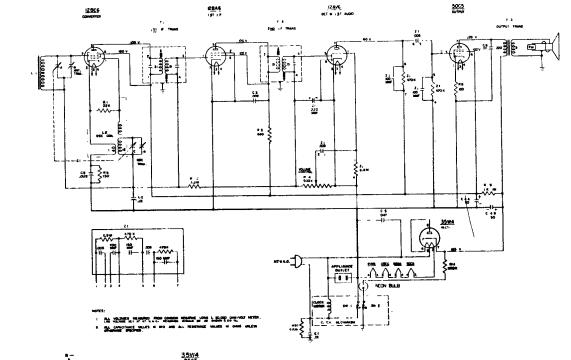
Models H-490P4, H-491P4, H-492P4, H-493P4, H-508P4 Tap and bottom slugs of 2nd and 1st IF Transformers in Order Given. Slug in excillator coil (L2) (Rock+in) AD JUST FOR MAXIMUM OUTPUT Oscillator Trimmer "D" (Rock-in) Before beginning alignment it is necessary to remove the two screws holding the loop antenna (L1) should be folded back in order to make the secondary of T1 and T2 accessable for alignment. While making the following adjustments, keep the volume control set for maximum output and the signal generator output attenuated to avoid AVC action. In order to make the primary of T1 and T2 accessable for alignment, it is necessary to remove the volume control knob. Antenna Trimmer RADIO DIAL Minimum Capacity 1425 KC. 600 KC. Capacity Minimum ALIGNMENT SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQUENCY 600 KC. 1625 KC. 1425 KC. 455 KC. 000 2 ALL CAPACITANCE VALUES IN MFD AND ALL RESISTANCE VALUES IN OMMS UNLESS OTNERWISE "PECIFIED. a .01 mfd. Capa. 45 V BATE Stator of RF Section of Tuning Capacitor C1 Thraugh a ,01 mfd, citor, HILL CONNECT. SIGNAL Radiated Signal Rodiated Signa Radiated Signal Repeat Steps 2 and 3 IAH4 STEP 8

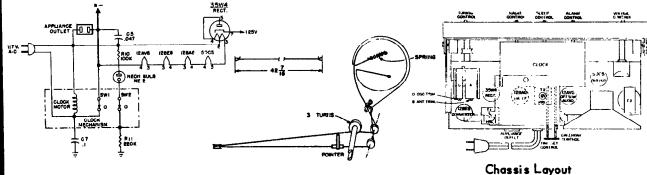
IV6

222222222

## Westinghouse

Chassis V-2236-2, Models H-486T5, H-487T5, H-488T5, and H-489T5. Chassis V-2236-1, Models H-475T5, H-476T5, H-477T5, and H-478T5 are practically identical electrically to Chassis V-2236-2.





Filament Wiring

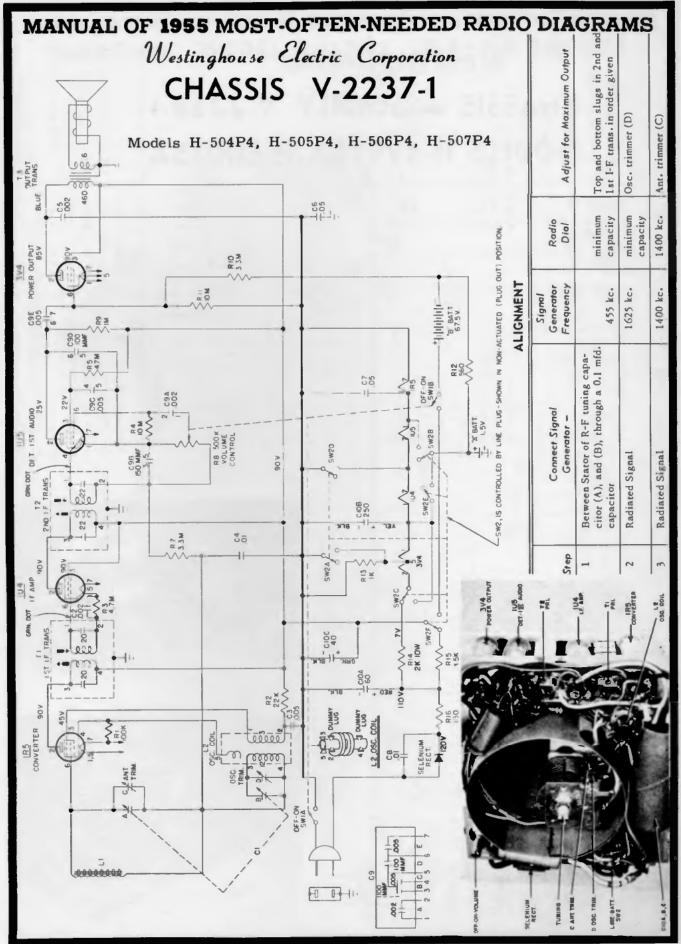
#### **ALIGNMENT**

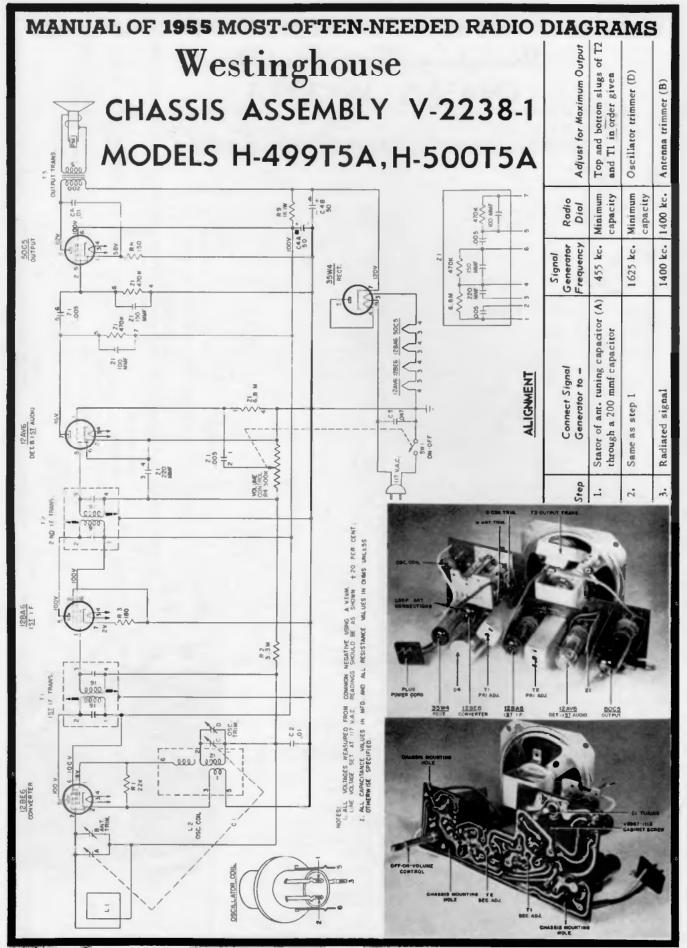
It is recommended that the chassis be isolated from the power line by means of an isolation transformer.

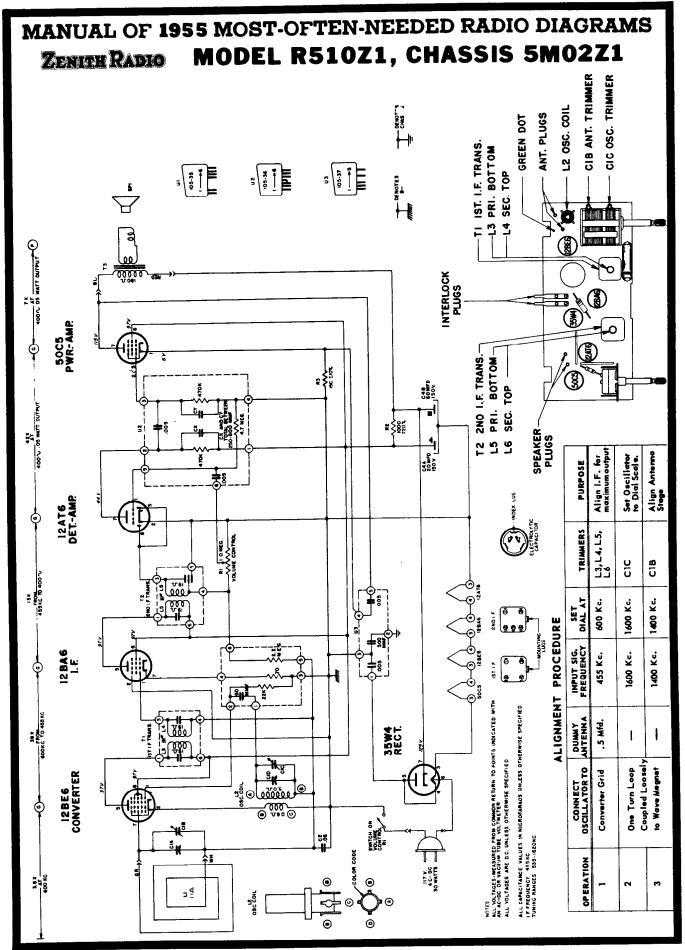
While making the following adjustments, keep the volume control set for maximum output and the signal generator output attenuated to avoid AVC action.

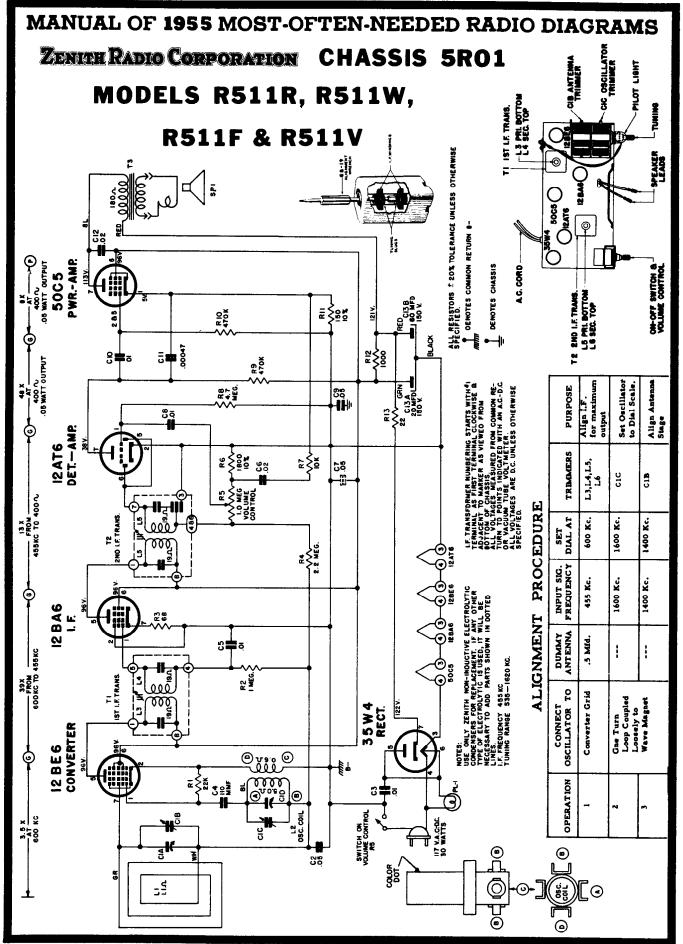
Step	Connect Signal Generator to -	Signal Generator Frequency	Tuning Capacitor	Adjust for Maximum Output
1	Stator of ant. tuning capacitor (A) through a 200 mmf capacitor	455 kc.	Minimum capacity	Bottom and top slugs of T2 and Ti in order giveh*
2	Same as step 1	1625 kc.	Minimum capacity	Oscillator trimmer (D)
3	Radiated signal	1400 kc.	1400 kc.	Antenna trimmer (B)

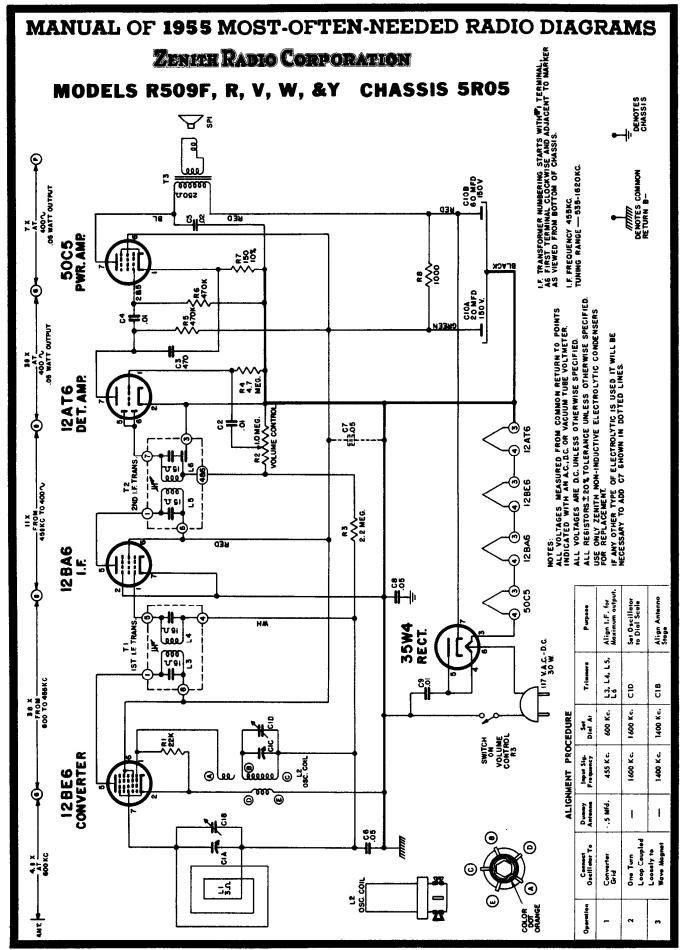
\*It is recommended that a fiber aligning tool that snugly fits the slot in the powdered iron core be used to prevent chipping of the slot.

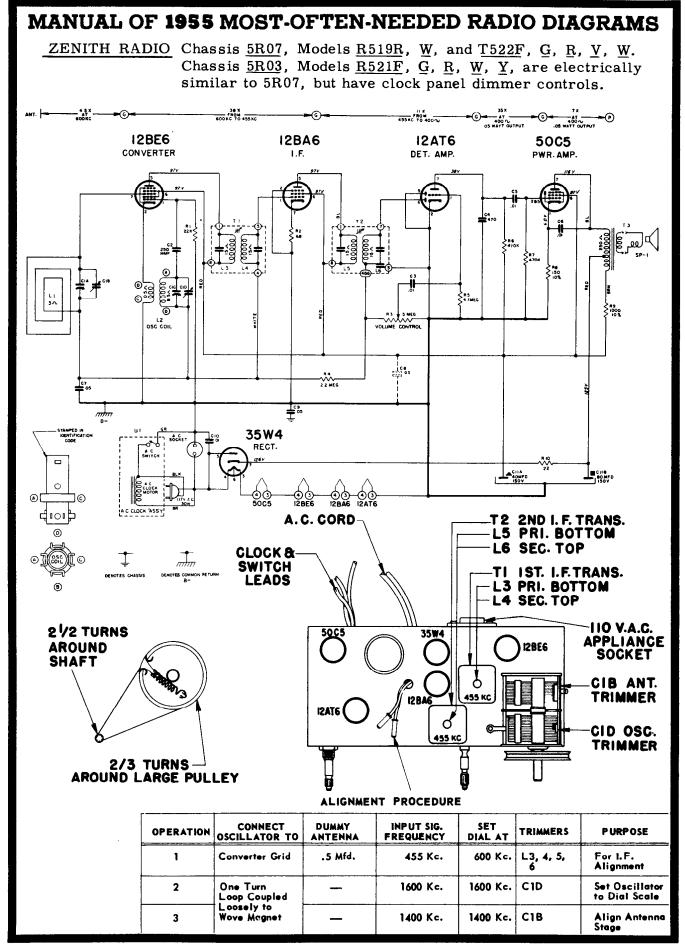


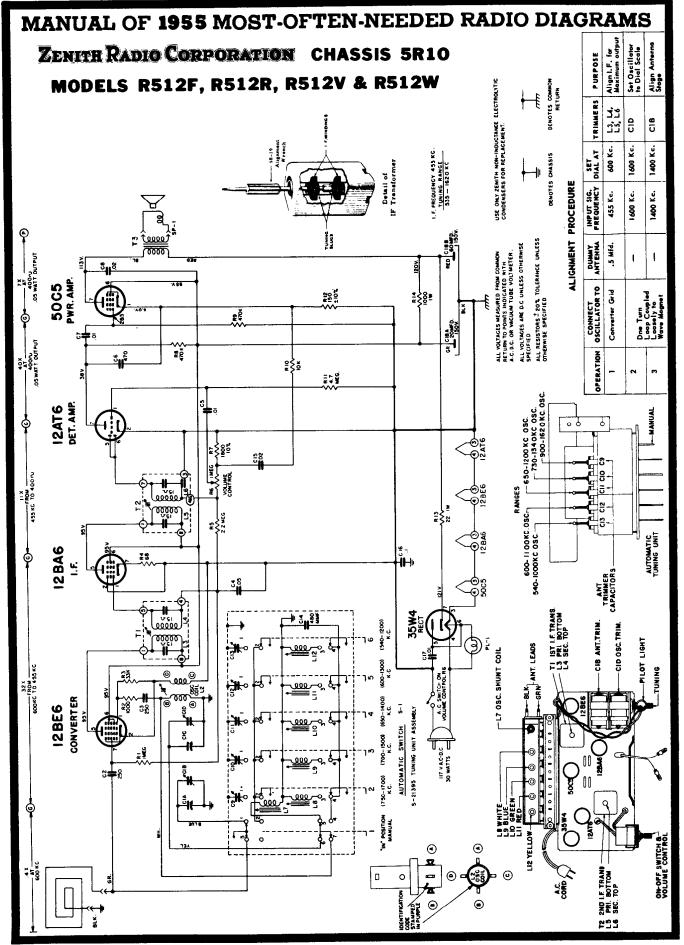


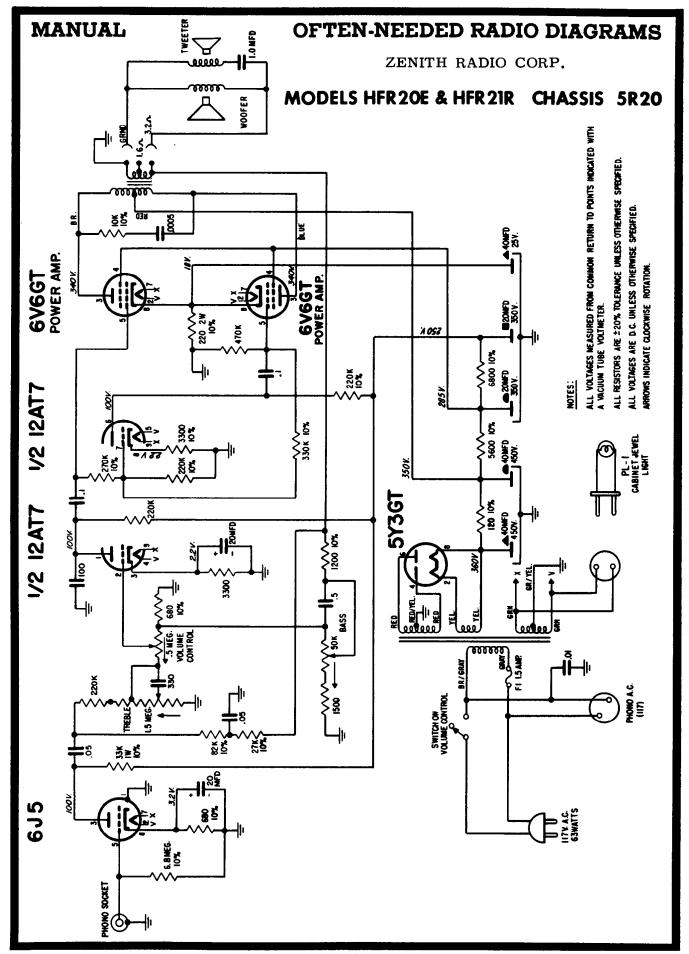


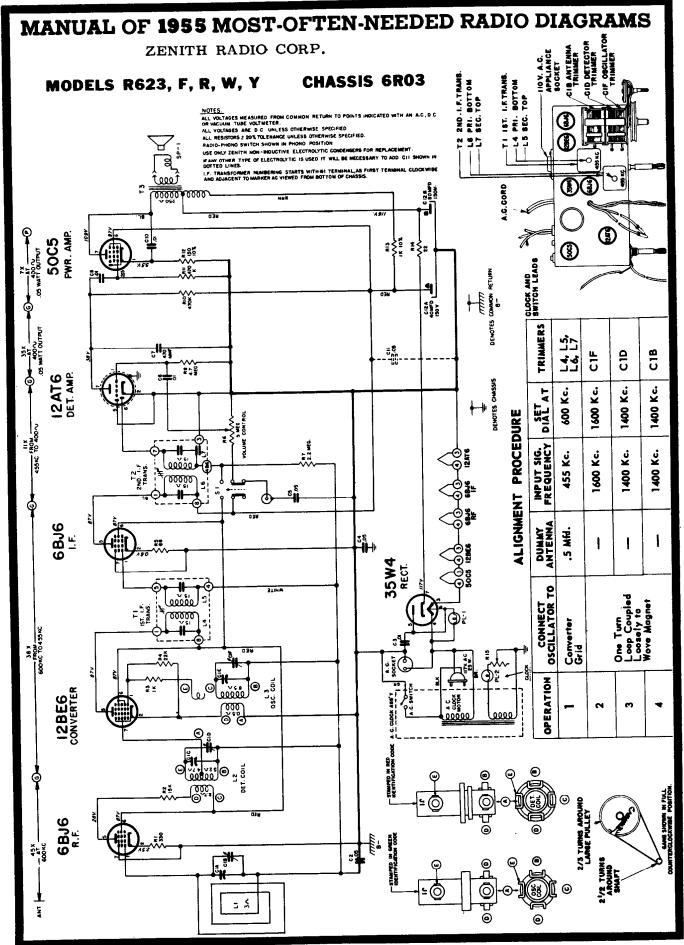


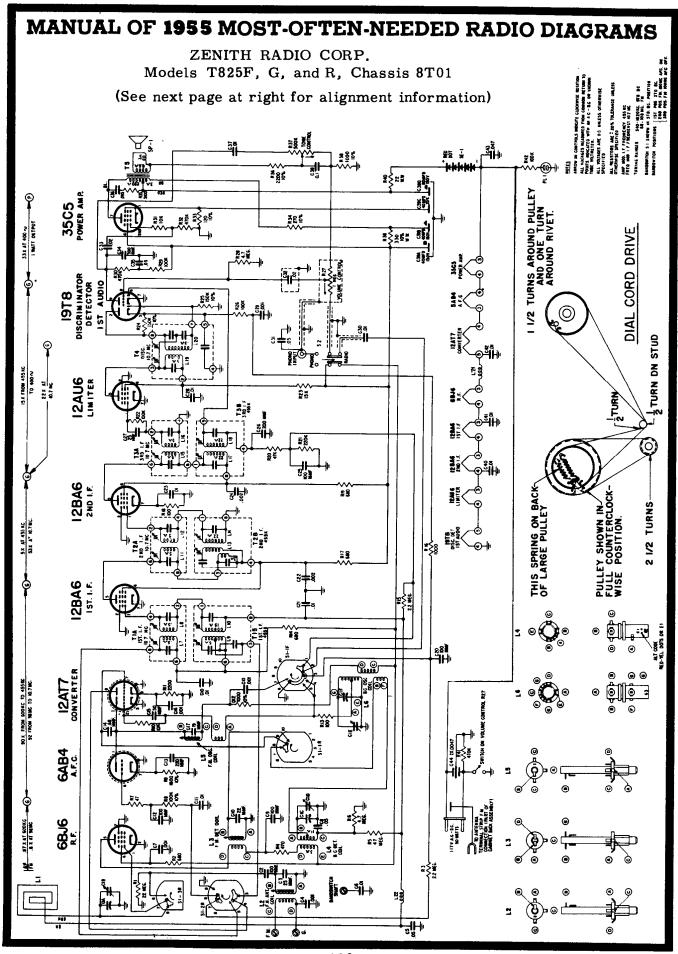












ZENITH RADIO Models T825F, G, and R, Chassis 8T01,

---The signal generator output should be kept just high enough to get an indication on the meter.

- (a) Vacuum Tube Voltmeter Lug 7 on discriminator transformer to chassis (half discriminator load).
- (b) Vacuum Tube Voltmeter Lug 5 on discriminator transformer to chassis (full discriminator load).
- (c) Vacuum Tube Voltmeter from Limiter Grid to Chassis.
- (d) Loosen Slugs by applying a hot iron to the cement.

Alignment Information (Continued)

